06.27.11.A   Speaker #3

CITY OF MENLO PARK

From the Desk of:

Council Member Peter Ohtaki

June 27, 2011

Citizens Redistricting Commission
901 P Street, Suite 154-A
Sacramento, CA 95814

Subject: Please do NOT split the City of Menlo Park into Two Congressional Districts

Dear Redistricting Commission,

You may not be aware that the Commission's first draft map splits the City of Menlo Park into two Congressional districts. Part of Menlo Park is in the San Mateo County district, while western Menlo Park along with Atherton, Woodside and Portola Valley are in the northern Santa Clara County district.

I highly recommend the Commission switch Redwood City (population 76,815) northward into the San Mateo County Congressional district, and move Menlo Park and East Palo Alto (combined population 60,181) southward into the northern Santa Clara County Congressional district, and split the unincorporated area between Menlo Park and Redwood City to achieve numerical balance. The demographics are identical (see table below).

Community of Interest: Stanford/Silicon Valley
As I testified before the Commission on May 23rd, Menlo Park is part of northern Silicon Valley with Atherton, Portola Valley, Woodside, Stanford, Los Altos, Palo Alto, and East Palo Alto. These cities have the common elements: many residents either work for or provide services to the technology companies in Silicon Valley, and many residents are affiliated with Stanford University. Sand Hill Road in Menlo Park is home to most venture capital firms that finance Silicon Valley companies, and our city is the new headquarters for Facebook, for example.

The natural ties among these cities are formalized in several ways: East Palo Alto, Menlo Park and Atherton share a joint fire department, the Menlo Park Fire Protection District; the "Tri-Cities" of Menlo Park, Palo Alto and East Palo Alto jointly work on common issues, such as transportation, land use, crime, and jobs, among other issues; and the San Francisquito Creek JPA that includes East Palo Alto, Menlo Park and Palo Alto.

███████████████ - *Menlo Park, CA 94025*

CITY OF MENLO PARK

From the Desk of:

Council Member Peter Ohtaki

### *Proposed Change: Please Exchange Menlo Park/East Palo Alto with Redwood City*

I recommend including Redwood City in the San Mateo County Congressional district, and switching all of the City of Menlo Park and East Palo Alto (combined population 60,181) southward into the northern Santa Clara County Congressional district. In order to balance the population of the two districts, the Commission can split the unincorporated San Mateo County area between Menlo Park and Redwood City. The demographics are identical (see table below)

2010 Census	Total Population	White	Latino	Asian & Pac. Isl.	African-Amer.
Menlo Park	32,026	22,494	5,902	3,611	1,551
East Palo Alto	28,155	8,104	18,147	3,175	4,704
Combined MP+EPA	**60,181**	**30,598**	**24,049**	**6,786**	**6,255**
		50.8%	40.0%	11.3%	10.4%
Redwood City	76,815	46,255	29,810	9,011	2,531
		60.2%	38.8%	11.7%	3.3%

Please consider this proposed change to the Congressional district border. Please do NOT split Menlo Park into two! I know the Commission wants to keep small and mid-size cities together. Thank you very much for serving on the Commission!

Sincerely,

Peter Ohtaki
City Council Member
City of Menlo Park

- Menlo Park, CA 94025

#3
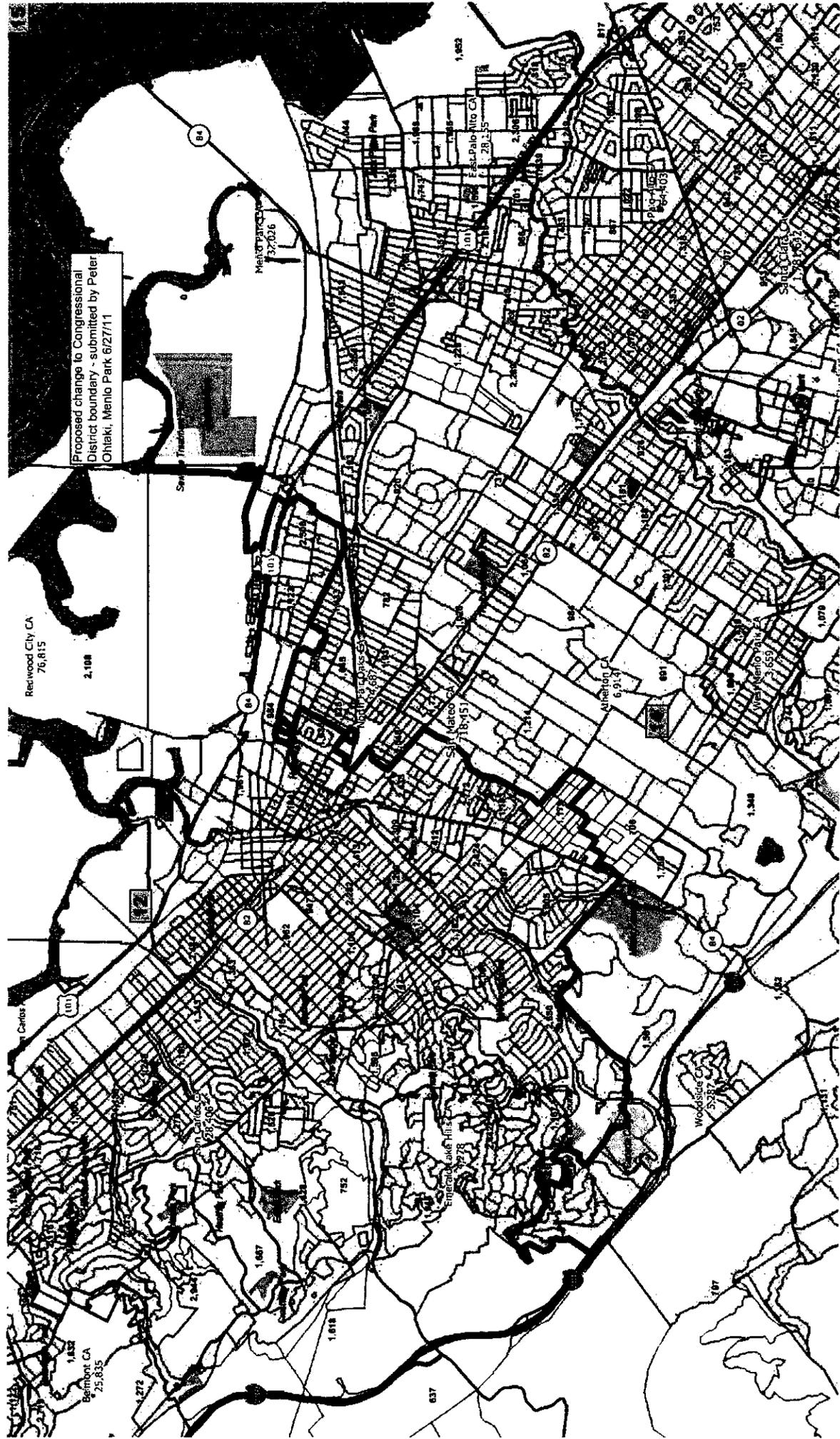
Proposed change to Congressional District boundary - submitted by Peter Ohtaki, Menlo Park 6/27/11

CITY OF
MENLO
PARK

From the Desk of:

Councilwoman Kelly Fergusson

June 24, 2011

Citizens' Redistricting Commission
901 P Street, Suite 154-A
Sacramento, CA 95814

Fax: 916-651-5711
Email: votersfirstact@crc.ca.gov

Regarding: June 10 draft Congressional Districts Flaws – Menlo Park Vicinity

Dear Citizens' Redistricting Commissioners,

Thank you so much for volunteering to serve on the Citizens' Redistricting Commission. Your service is greatly appreciated! Your task is not an easy one.

I want to bring to your attention problems with the draft US Congressional District lines as they are currently drawn. While the State Assembly and Senate Districts appear fair, the draft Congressional lines divide numerous communities of interest. **I suggest including more of the Emerald Hills / unincorporated Redwood City area with the more northerly District, and grouping all of Menlo Park and East Palo Alto with Atherton, Woodside, and Portola Valley with the more southerly District.**

As you are well aware, city council members are non-partisan offices. I write to you purely as a representative of the city (speaking as an individual councilmember), and as a voice of related communities of interest.

First and foremost, the draft map splits Menlo Park. Over the past several decades, the City of Menlo Park has worked very hard to create "One Menlo Park." We are a richly diverse community. Separating arguably the wealthiest section of Menlo Park from the rest of the city works against the interests of the city as a whole.

Next, the draft map splits the "Tri-Cities" community of Menlo Park, East Palo Alto, and Palo Alto. These three cities have a long history of working collaboratively together on issues of transportation, land use, coastal (bay) flood management, crime, youth development, jobs, education, and ecosystem preservation. The mayors and city managers of the three cities meet on a quarterly basis. Splitting the cities apart would dilute our unified voice.

Menlo Park, CA 94025

Another community of interest split by the draft map is the San Francisquito Creek JPA. In 1998, Palo Alto, East Palo Alto and Menlo Park suffered from devastating flooding. Since then, these three cities have worked intimately together with the upper watershed communities of Portola Valley, Woodside, and Stanford on a joint approach to Army Corps of Engineers federal projects to manage flooding and flood risk. Splitting our voice in Congress on this critical issue is an extreme detriment.

A further community of interest split by the draft map is the Menlo Park Fire Protection District (MPFPD). The MPFPD serves all of Menlo Park, East Palo Alto, the Menlo Oaks and University Heights area of unincorporated Menlo Park, and Atherton. Citizens work collaboratively within the MPFPD on emergency preparedness and disaster response, including the CERT program. These efforts all have federal components in which the residents' voice would be weakened under the draft map.

The draft map also splits education-related communities of interest. It splits at least three school districts, including the Menlo Park City School District, Sequoia Union High School District, and San Mateo County Community College District. On education-related matters, the voice of the residents and students of these communities will be significantly diluted.

The draft map splits the majority of Menlo Park from the city's most influential business. Menlo Park is known globally as the "Venture Capital Capitol of the World." It is unconsciounable to separate Sand Hill Road from the majority of Menlo Park with this draft Congressional District map.

Finally, traditional power centers in the region include the north part of San Mateo County and the south part of Santa Clara County. The south part of San Mateo County and the north part of Santa Clara County have traditionally teamed together to provide a counter-balance to these strong centers of political power. The draft maps undo the traditionally moderating influence / benefit of grouping Menlo Park and East Palo Alto with the other south San Mateo County communities along with the northern Santa Clara County communities. The maps as drafted concentrate Congressional power too much in northern San Mateo County and the San Jose/Sunnyvale/Santa Clara area.

In order to rectify splitting the numerous communities of interest outlined above, I suggest: **including more of the Emerald Hills / unincorporated Redwood City area with the more northerly District, and grouping all of Menlo Park and East Palo Alto with Atherton, Woodside, and Portola Valley with the more southerly District.**

I intend to work with mapping experts that have been tracking the redistricting process in the coming days, and will provide you with more specific geographic suggestions shortly.

Thank you for your consideration of my comments.

Sincerely,

Kelly Fergusson, Ph.D., P.E.
Councilwoman, City of Menlo Park

Menlo Park, CA 94025

06.27.11.B

W I N E G R O W E R S
of napa county

members

Black Stallion Winery

Cakebread Cellars

Catlin Farm

Chateau Montelena

Constellation Brands U.S.

Far Niente Winery

Harlan Estate Winery

Joseph Phelps Vineyards

Kendall-Jackson Wine Estates

Michael Mondavi Family Estates

Pina Vineyard Management

Round Pond

Sawyer Cellars

Silver Oak Cellars

Silverado Premium Properties

Swanson Vineyards

Treasury Wine Estates

Trefethen Vineyards and Winery

Trinchero Family Estates

June 27, 2011

Citizens Redistricting Commission
1130 K Street, Suite 101
Sacramento, CA 9581

Dear Commission,

Thank you for the opportunity to comment again on the redistricting plans for California. The Winegrowers of Napa County, a non-profit organization comprising of a diverse group of the largest as well as smaller premium wineries, previously commented to the commission on May 20, 2011. The intent of that letter was to emphasize the importance of maintaining Lake, Mendocino, Napa and Sonoma counties in one district. For the reasons explained below this letter stresses the paramount importance of maintaining Napa County within a single district.

Winegrowers of Napa County would like the Commission to consider and understand that the social and economic reach of the wine industry touches every corner of Napa County. For example, the grape-growing and warehousing that occurs in American Canyon is intimately linked with each and every Napa Valley American Viticultural Area (AVA). Segregating our Winegrowers members' wineries and vineyards from their warehousing, offices and bottling lines would create unnecessary political divides when the regional interests remain unified. In addition, farming in the north coast winegrowing regions is vastly different from the agriculture practices of the Central Valley. All of Napa County is part of this unique north coast premium wine region and must stay unified in interests and political districts.

In order to ensure that our elected official is responsive to the voters in our community, it is essential that our district be comprised of voters with similar interests. Therefore, we ask you to recognize the significant agricultural, social and economic importance of keeping all of Napa County in one district.

Thank you for your service and consideration.
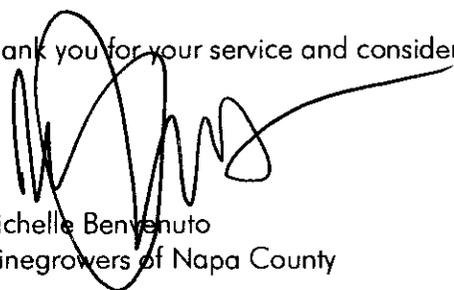
Michelle Benvenuto
Winegrowers of Napa County

Testimony of Napa County Supervisor Diane Dillon
California Citizens Redistricting Commission
**San Francisco, CA – Monday, June 27, 2011**

- First, please note that our Board of Supervisors submitted a unanimous resolution to this Commission in support of two basic premises (all five members of the Board were present for that vote):
  - (1) Keeping Napa County whole – as one county – for Congressional, Assembly and Senate districts, and
  - (2) Keeping Napa County with counties or parts of counties that share a community of interest, i.e., that represent the premium wine growing area of California (and the United States).
- Anne Steinhauer of the Napa Valley Vintners testified to this Commission on June 8th about proposed Congressional districts. She was invited to return with a map that would show a district containing the community of interest of the premium wine industry and its consequences on neighboring districts.
- I am here to present that map. It is attached to this testimony as the "Wine/Coastal District."
- It only affects three of your districts – the ones referred to as North Coast, Yuba, and YOSON. All we have done is to re-arrange the boundaries in those three districts and NO other districts will be affected by this solution.
- We know Yuba is a Section 5 County and that is a concern for the Commission. According to redrawca.org, our proposed Yuba District contains higher minority Voting Age Population than both Yuba's current Congressional District and the Commission's draft Yuba District.
- The consequences of this reconfiguration are:
  - Napa County is wholly within one district;
  - Marin and Sonoma Counties are in a more compact district;
  - The premium wine producing community of interest is together;
  - The coastal community of interest and North-South configuration is maintained;
  - Yolo County is split into 2 districts instead of 3;
  - Yuba's Section 5 status is preserved and strengthened;
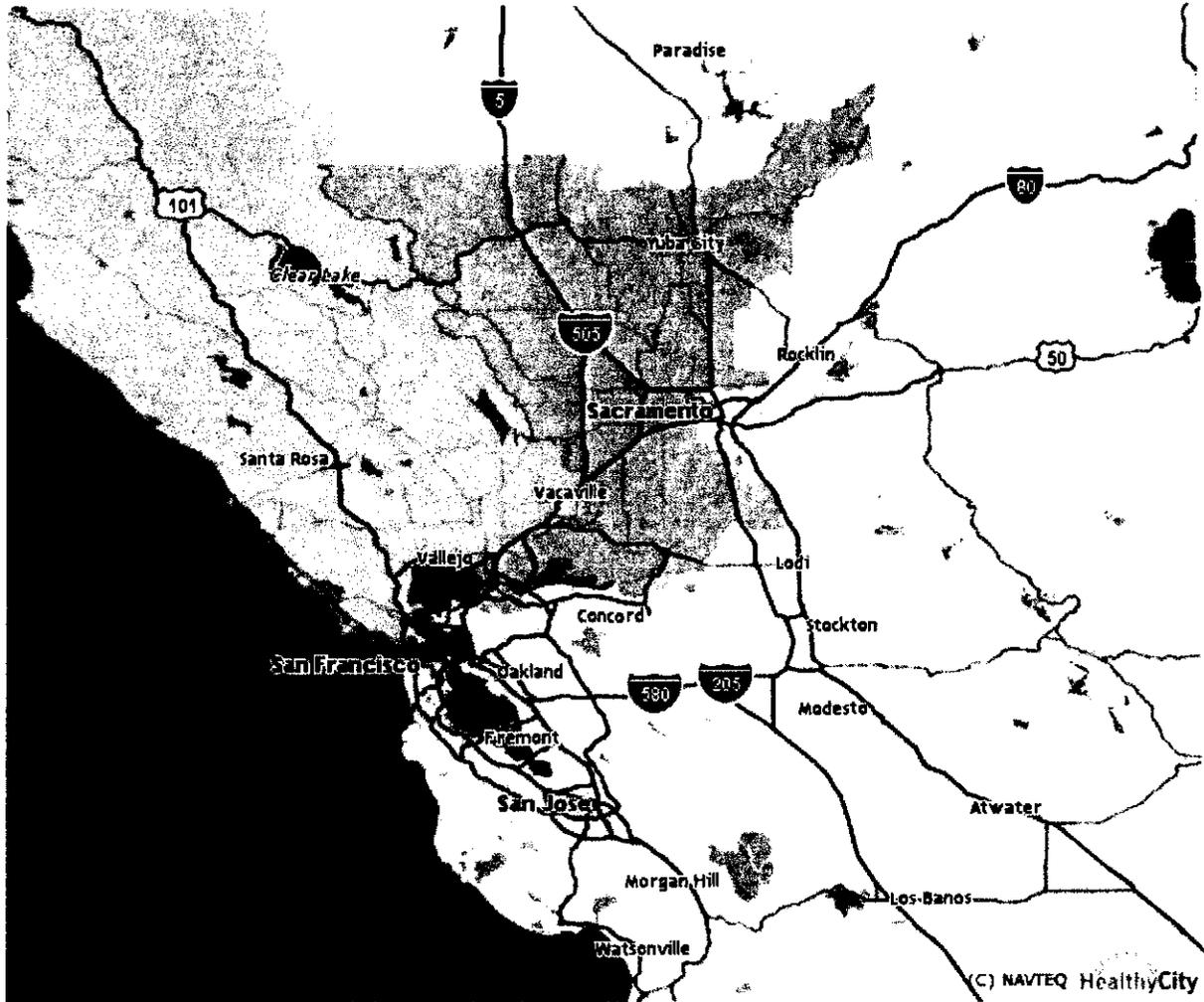
Marin/Sonoma District
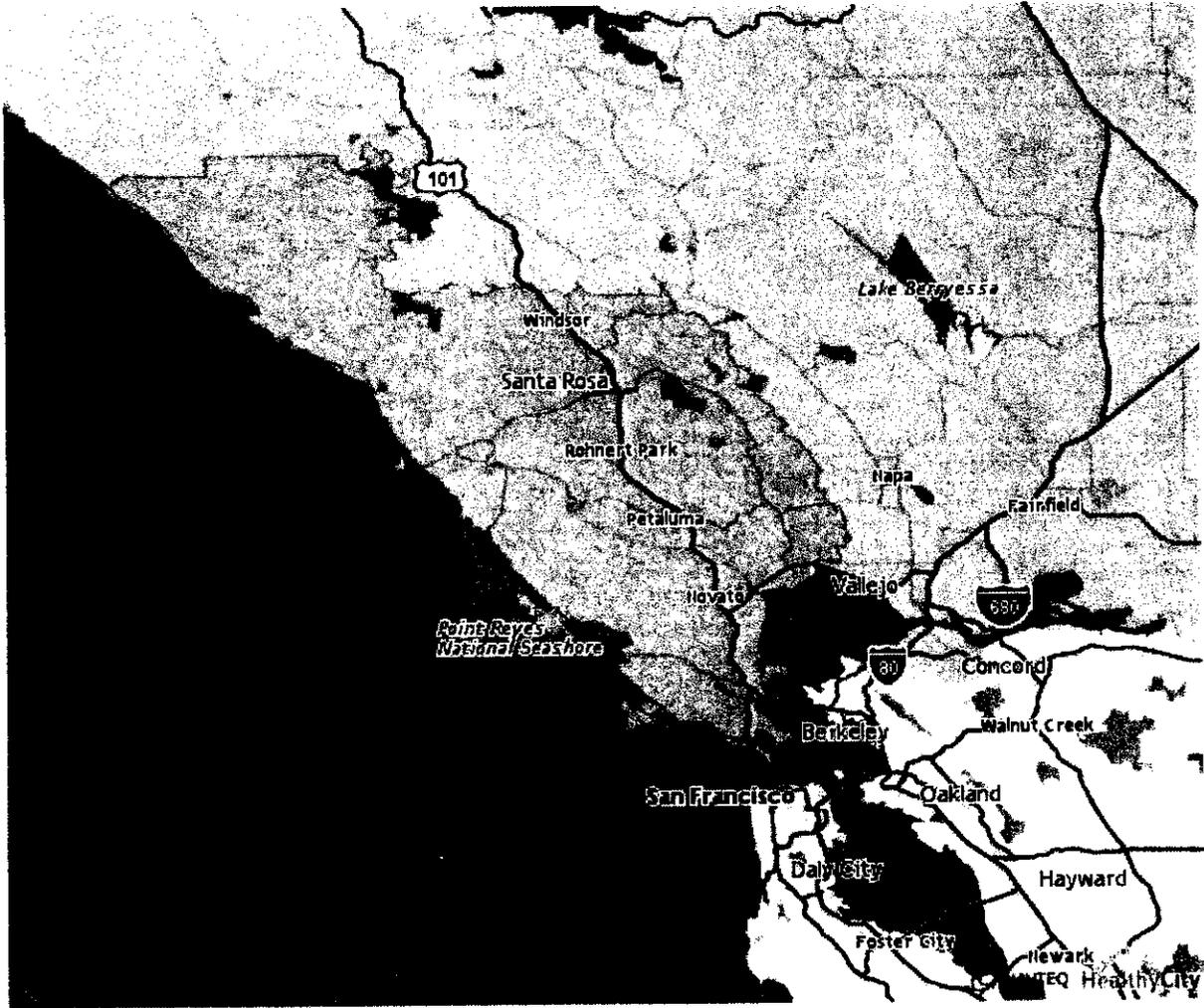
Wine/Coastal District: Del Norte, Humboldt, Trinity, Mendocino, Lake, Northeastern Sonoma, Napa, Western Solano
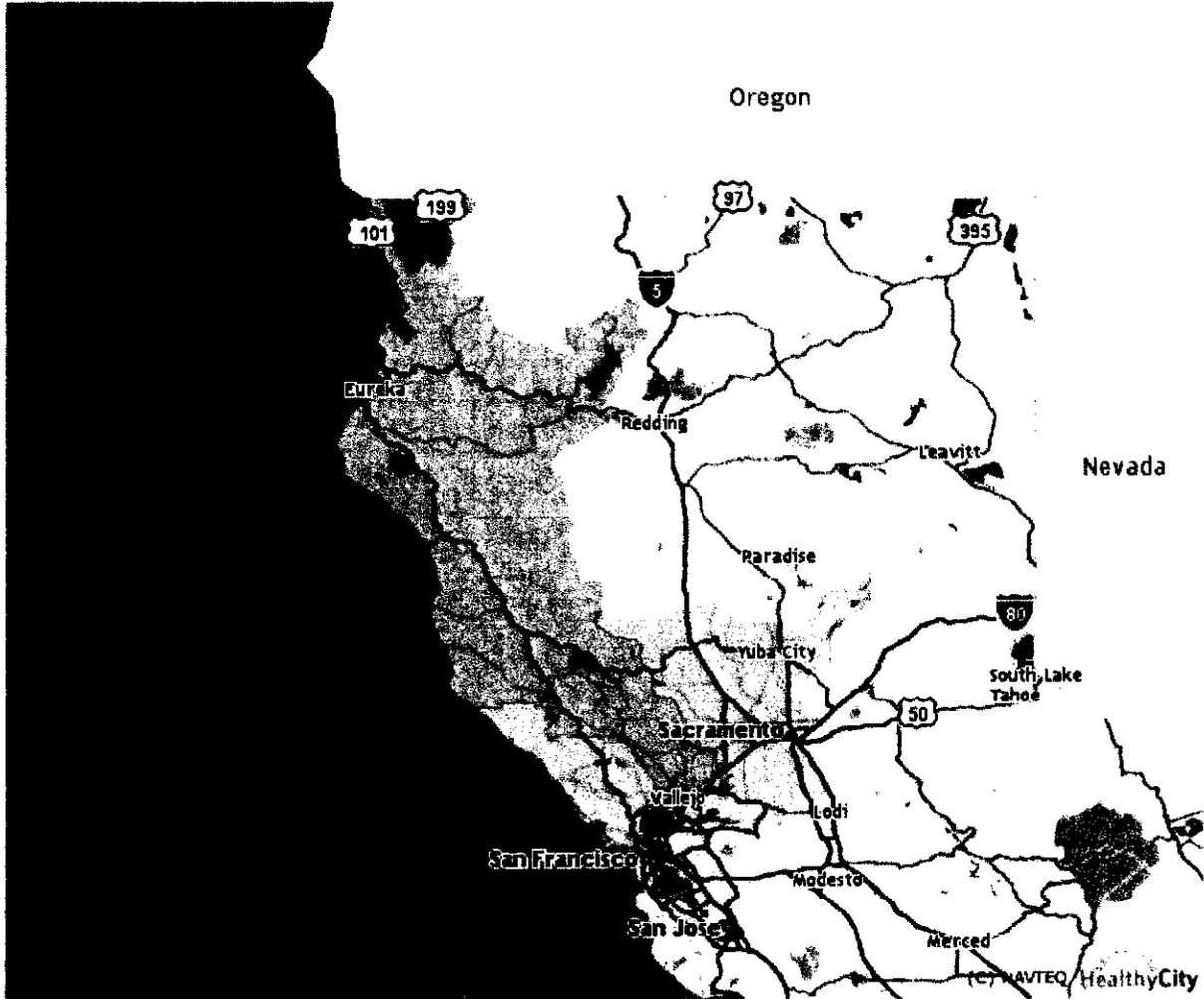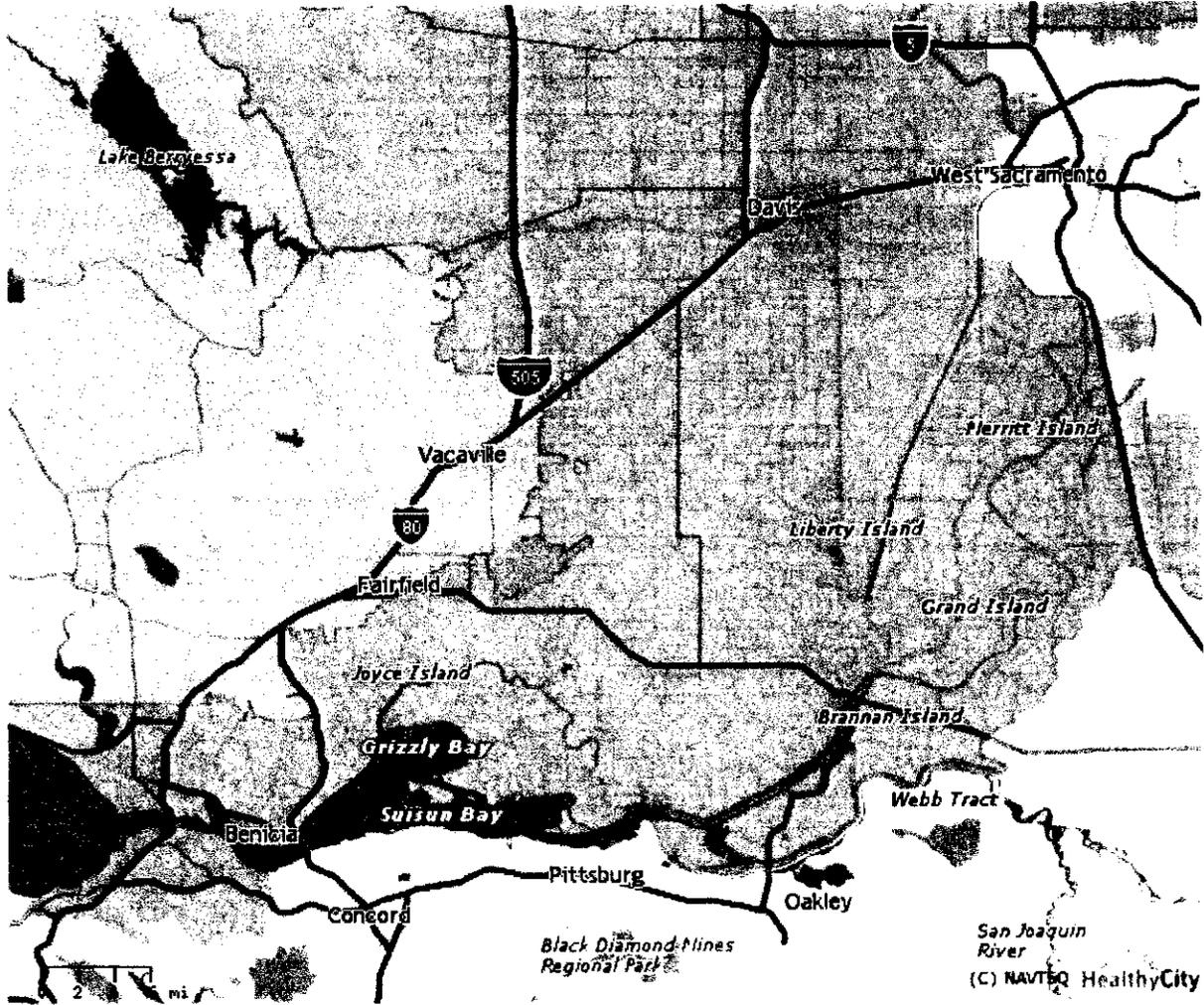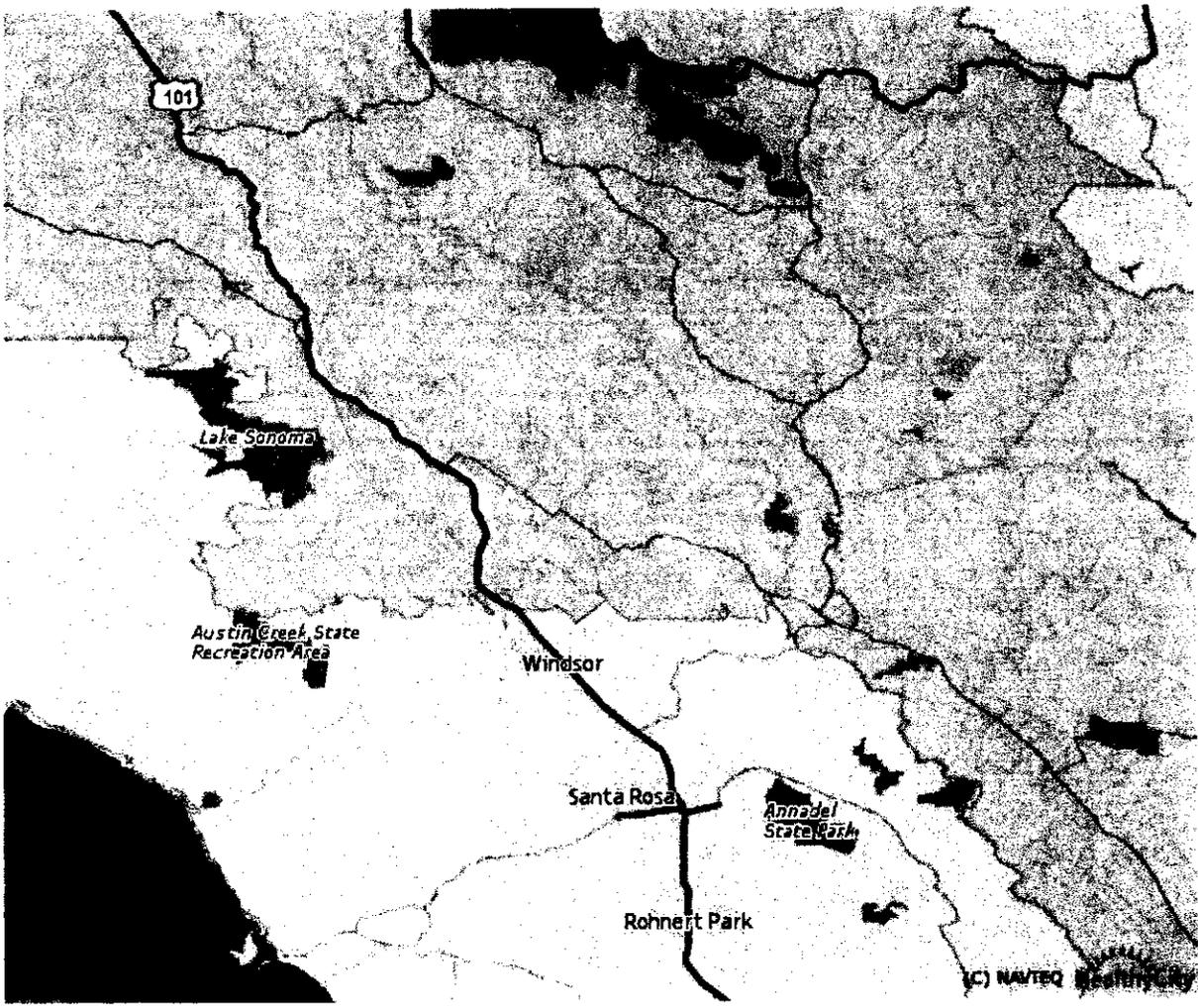
Sacramento Valley/ Suburban Sacramento District: Yuba, Sutter, Glenn, Colusa, Yolo (minus West Sacramento), Solano, western Sacramento

Close-up of Solano split (Vacaville and Fairfield)

Close-up of Sonoma County Split (Cities of Cloverdale and Healdsburg, Alexander and Knights Valley into wine district)

Notes from the Sierra Club Assembly district line drawer for the Bay Area to the Commissioners:

In Sierra Club California's previous submission, we requested that the Commission not to put Los Gatos in with Santa Cruz. In fact, that Monterey County is a VRA Section 5 county, which constrains how that district can be configured, with additional repercussions for the Bay Area. We regret any confusion, and respectfully provide these comments for the Commission's consideration.

SIERRA CLUB CALIFORNIA

Highlights of this revised regional plan:

- Honors boundaries that you drew along the northern San Luis Obispo County line and western San Joaquin County line. Here we are only changing lines for districts in Monterey County and San Francisco Bay Area peninsula, south bay and east bay. This allows these lines to mesh with other districts in your first draft plan as well as with MALDEF's original plan.
- Creates a VRA section 5 compliant district for Monterey County. (page 2)
- Fixes the inappropriate grouping of San Jose neighborhoods with the Monterey District in your first draft, by putting Morgan Hill, San Martin and Gilroy into the district instead.(page 2-3)
- Puts Los Gatos, Monte Sereno, and some western San Jose neighborhoods into the Santa Cruz district. (page 3-4)
- Special sensitivity to local COI's in drawing San Mateo County districts; also avoids splitting San Mateo coastline and does not split any cities (pages 5 - 8)
- Creates downtown/south San Jose district with 33% Latino CVAP and 35% Asian CVAP (pages 8-10)
- Creates "Silicon Valley" district with 22% Asian CVAP (pages 3 – 4, see also pages 8 - 10)
- Creates "Milpitas" district with 40% Asian CVAP (page 11, see also pages 8-10)
- Overall, the plan minimizes splitting of cities.
- Supplemental testimony on additional districts may be submitted to the Commission tomorrow.

The regional plan we presented last time did not include a VRA-compliant district for Monterey County. This revised plan includes a VRA-compliant district for Monterey County and also solves a number of problems for the Bay Area in your first draft plan as well as in the plan that we presented initially. It tries to respect groupings requested by the local communities. We have also tried to create minority opportunity and minority influence districts.

This document goes into much greater detail to explain our reasoning and choices than we had time to do previously, with the hopes that this will provide you with much greater understanding as to how to best draw lines for the San Francisco Bay Area's communities of interest.

So, let's begin.

Monterey County District

The best and most elegant way to create a VRA section 5-compliant Monterey district with sufficient Latino CVAP is to put Morgan Hill, San Martin, and Gilroy and into the Monterey district.
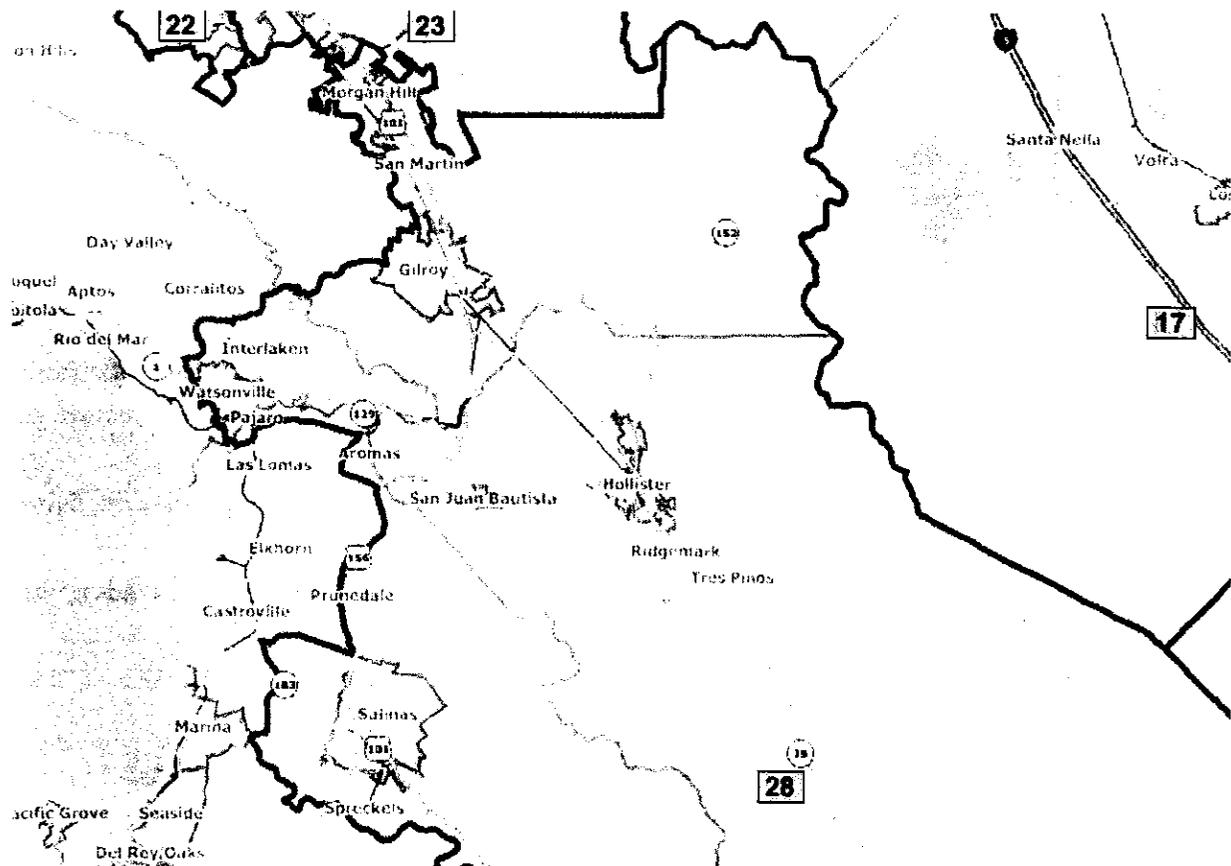
Northern Monterey County detail

This configuration provides a Latino CVAP of 44.93%, which complies with the VRA Section 5. It avoids the awkwardness, and the inappropriateness, of grabbing Latino populations into the Monterey district from urbanized east and south San Jose, and the retrogression of pitting two Latino Assembly incumbents against each other. All of the communities in the Monterey district as we've drawn it have significant agriculture, which is under threat in the north.

We've drawn the remaining borders for this Monterey Assembly district to include San Benito and Monterey Counties in a manner identical to what exist currently and to what you've drawn in the first draft. What's different is the northern border of this district, which excludes San Jose.

The San Jose areas are critical communities to remain united to the extent possible. Whereas the western, northern, and central/southern portions San Jose do not have a strong city-wide identity linking those areas to each other, they have much stronger relationships within each of those areas and to each other than with any portion of distant Monterey County.

Pulling the east San Jose/Alum Rock area into a Monterey County district as you did in the first draft could increase the marginalization of this less affluent area within the city of San Jose. It's more elegant and more sensible for all the communities involved to group Monterey County with Morgan Hill, San Martin and Gilroy rather than pulling out pieces of San Jose.

Santa Cruz District

The configuration of the Monterey County district requires us to pull population "over the hill" from the Los Gatos and neighboring areas in Santa Clara County into Santa Cruz County.

Another alternative, grabbing the entire San Mateo County coast into the Santa Cruz district, still would not provide enough population for the Santa Cruz district. Furthermore as we have previously testified, the Sierra Club strongly prefers to keep the San Mateo County and Santa Cruz County coastal areas in separate districts, as they are governed by different local variations of the Coastal Act.

We noted that CAPAFR had proposed putting in Los Gatos with Palo Alto, but it would not work out, population-wise, to put Los Gatos in with the district that includes Palo Alto, because then you would have to split Sunnyvale. The CAPAFR proposal had initially placed all of coastal San Mateo and Santa Cruz County into the same district, but we strongly prefer to put them into different districts. More about the configuration of the peninsula districts in a bit.

So, we created a district that includes Santa Cruz County, Los Gatos, Monte Sereno, and the Cambrian Park neighborhood of San Jose, and a few of the other smaller southwestern San Jose neighborhoods to the north, east, and southeast of Cambrian Park, and some unincorporated areas west of Morgan Hill and Gilroy.

Generally speaking, residents of the suburban western neighborhoods of San Jose tend to associate with the downtowns of nearby cities to the west because their own neighborhoods (except for the Willow Glen neighborhood of San Jose) don't have much of a "downtown" to speak of, and downtown San Jose is located too far away and also lacks the personal charm of downtown Los Gatos or Willow Glen. One of our Cambrian Park activists practically lives at his favorite coffee shop in nearby Los Gatos.

"Silicon Valley District"

Just to the north of this Los Gatos-Santa Cruz district, we created a district with a 21.66% Asian CVAP, comprised of Cupertino, Saratoga, Campbell, the Almaden Valley area of San Jose, and other western San Jose neighborhoods. By way of comparison, the district that contains Cupertino in your first draft had an Asian CVAP of 23.27%.

Here is a picture of the district that we are proposing, overlaid with the Asian CVAP layer (darker red has higher percentage of Asian American voters).
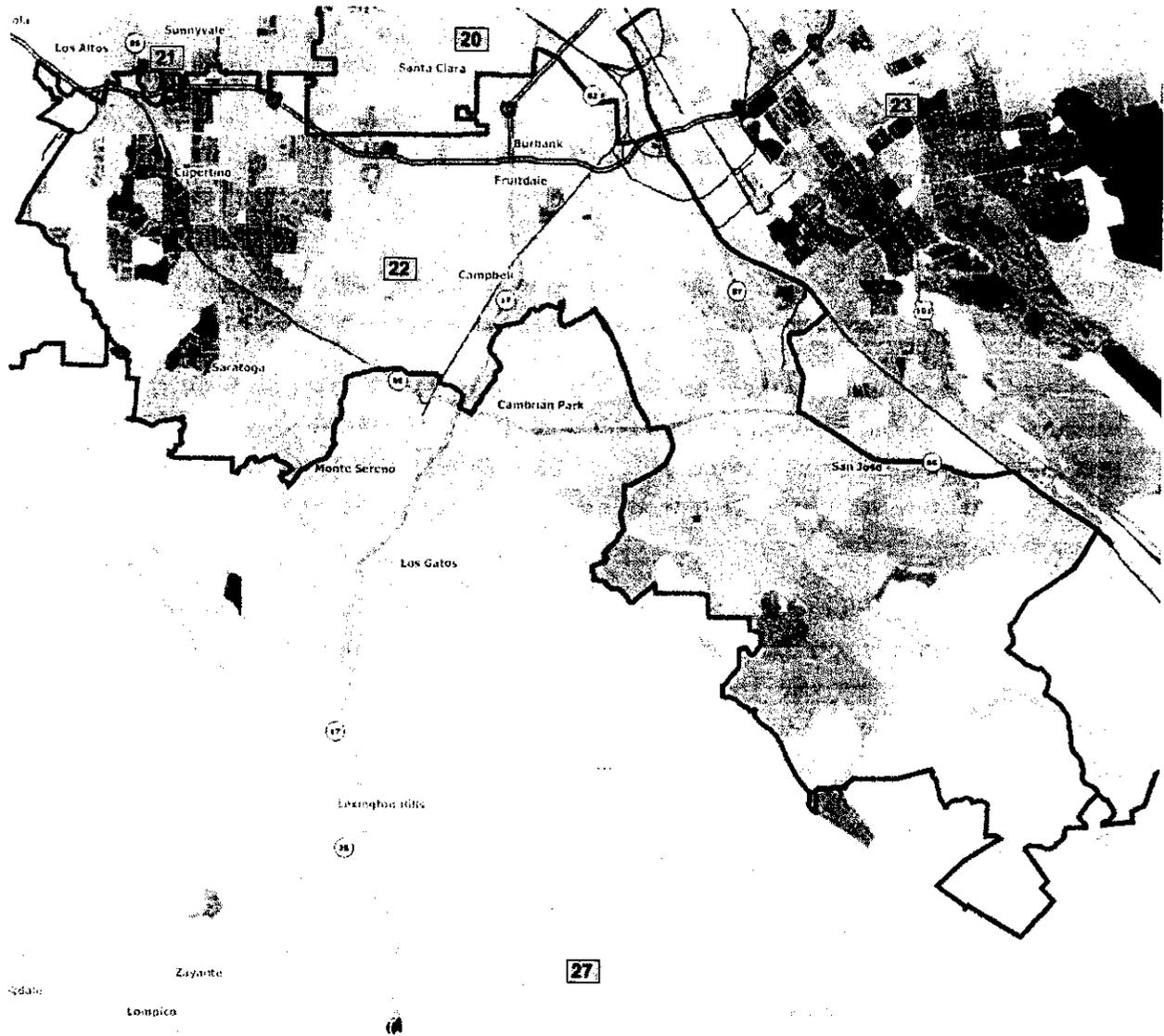
Suburban Silicon Valley detail with Asian CVAP overlay in red; also northern boundary of Santa Cruz district

To the north of this Cupertino-Saratoga-Campbell-west San Jose district (what comprises what you approximately call the "Silicon Valley" district), we create a district comprised of Santa Clara, north San Jose and Berryessa, Milpitas, and much of Fremont with an Asian CVAP of 40.33%. More on that district later, when we return to a description of the other San Jose districts and then work our way up the east bay.

For your reference, here are the top seven wealthiest zip codes in the greater Silicon Valley, by 2010 median household income, according to a San Jose Business Journal list published on 11/26/2010:

94027 Atherton (home of Meg Whitman)
94022 Northern part of Los Altos
94028 Portola Valley
95070 Saratoga
94024 Southern part of Los Altos
95030 Western part of Los Gatos
95120 Almaden (southwest San Jose)

San Francisco Peninsula/San Mateo County

To understand geographic contraints coming from the northwest, we now go to the San Francisco peninsula. Our revised proposal for the peninsula, reconfigures the north and south San Mateo County districts so that the entire San Mateo County coast from Pacifica on south is grouped with the southern San Mateo County district. We would prefer that over your first draft configuration which splits the San Mateo County coastline.

On the peninsula, a northern San Mateo County district that is drawn to include East Palo Alto and South San Francisco would be more likely to elect a Latino or African American than one that puts East Palo Alto into the southern Peninsula/Santa Clara County district.

East Palo Alto, which is predominantly Hispanic, African American and Pacific Islander (primarily Tongans) has completely different demographics and concerns as its rich neighbor, Palo Alto. East Palo Alto once had the unfortunate distinction of once being dubbed the "murder capital of the U.S." and also struggled with corruption on its city council, which has largely since reformed.

East Palo Alto and Palo Alto are in different counties: East Palo Alto is in San Mateo County, Palo Alto is in Santa Clara County. They have minimal intergovernmental relations at either at the local or county level; the two cities have had hardly any political relations at all. The majority of East Palo Alto residents are Hispanic (about 65% of the population), non-Hispanic African American, or Pacific Islander.

Children in East Palo Alto and North Fair Oaks attend schools in Redwood City, rather than in the other much wealthier communities to the south.

As far as most Palo Altans are concerned, East Palo Alto is invisible, except for the IKEA and Home Depot stores located there that were built as part of a large redevelopment project at the edge of town several years ago.

East Palo Alto would be poorly served if grouped into the same district as predominantly white Atherton, Menlo Park, Palo Alto, Portola Valley, Woodside, Los Altos, and so forth, and other municipalities with the wealthiest zip codes in the Silicon Valley. The likelihood of an Assembly member from East Palo Alto being elected in such an overwhelmingly white and affluent district, and which also is comprised mostly of populations in Santa Clara County, is exceedingly small.

Grouped to the north, however, it would be more of a possibility. An African American or Latino candidate based in East Palo Alto, and its southern-most Supervisorial District, would have a greater opportunity if combined into a district with other communities in San Mateo County. An African American from East Palo Alto, Rose Jacobs Gibson, was first elected San Mateo County Supervisor in a county-wide election in 2000 (in San Mateo County, county supervisors must live in certain geographic areas in order to run for office, but are voted on at large by voters throughout the entire county). The geographic area of the district that she ran in (but was elected at large) for San Mateo County Board of Supervisors was comprised of Redwood City, Menlo Park, and East Palo Alto. Ms. Gibson is termed out in 2012. She was considered a possible contender for Assembly in 2010 but ultimately did not run. The Assembly district that she would have run in includes Palo Alto, and there were two other candidates running from Palo Alto as well as one from Menlo Park.

While East Palo Alto is also somewhat marginalized within San Mateo County, it would seem to be in East Palo Alto's interest to be grouped with an exclusively San Mateo County district. That way East Palo Alto would stand a better chance of having an assemblymember who would represent its community's interests.

The Belle Haven neighborhood in the eastern portion of Menlo Park, on the bay side of Hwy 101, is very similar in demographics and character to East Palo Alto. This area connects East Palo Alto with Redwood City.

Even within Menlo Park, the Belle Haven neighborhood has been essentially invisible with no representation on the Menlo Park city council, save for one city council member, Billy Ray White who was supported by developers and the conservative power structure in the early 1980's.

There hasn't been a councilmember from the Belle Haven neighborhood on the Menlo Park City Council either before then, or ever since.

While the unincorporated area called North Fair Oaks (which is assigned a postal mailing address of Menlo Park, but isn't governed by Menlo Park) is heavily Mexican, there is a portion on the eastern edge that is mostly white and very similar in character to white Menlo Park.

The area of North Fair Oaks is separated out into the southern district, although it is not essential to do so.

Here is a picture that shows the boundary, overlaid with the Latino CVAP (darker blue is more Latino). Overall, this district would have a Latino CVAP of 15.34%.
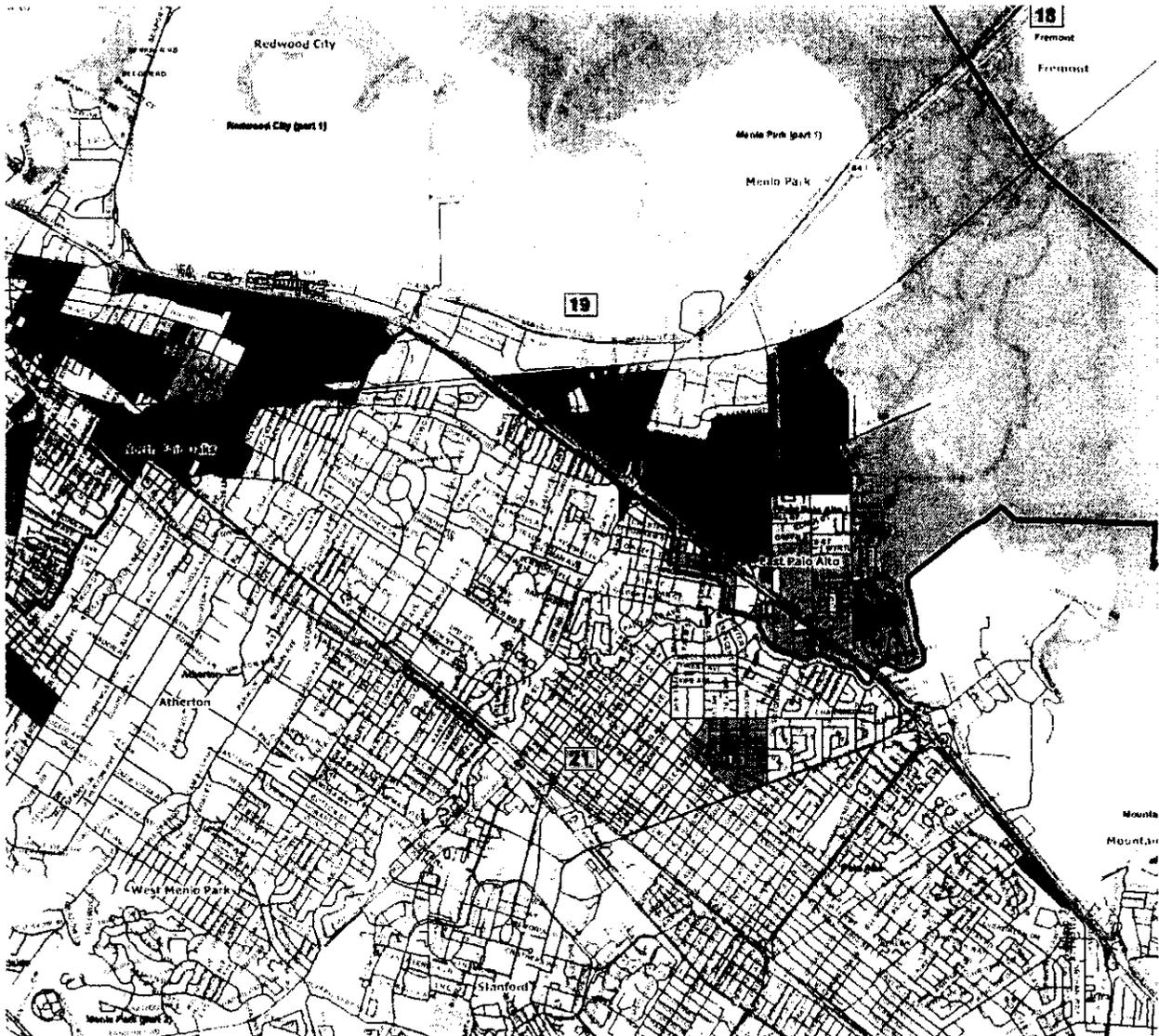
Detail of East Palo Alto and MenloPark border with Latino CVAP overlay in blue

To avoid splitting the moderate-size city of Redwood City as in our first proposal, we put the entire coastside into the "south San Mateo" district, as shown below. Conveniently, this works out population-wise.

Redwood City has a few largely Mexican neighborhoods and on balance is comprised of more of a mix of ethnicities and more modest incomes than its neighbors to the south.

The rest of the boundary for this district follows the southern boundary of Redwood City and includes all of the bayside cities to the north, to Brisbane, using the boundary for the San Francisco districts that you produced in the first draft. Note that Cañada Road and Crystal Reservoir should be included in the bayside district. An overview picture of that is below.
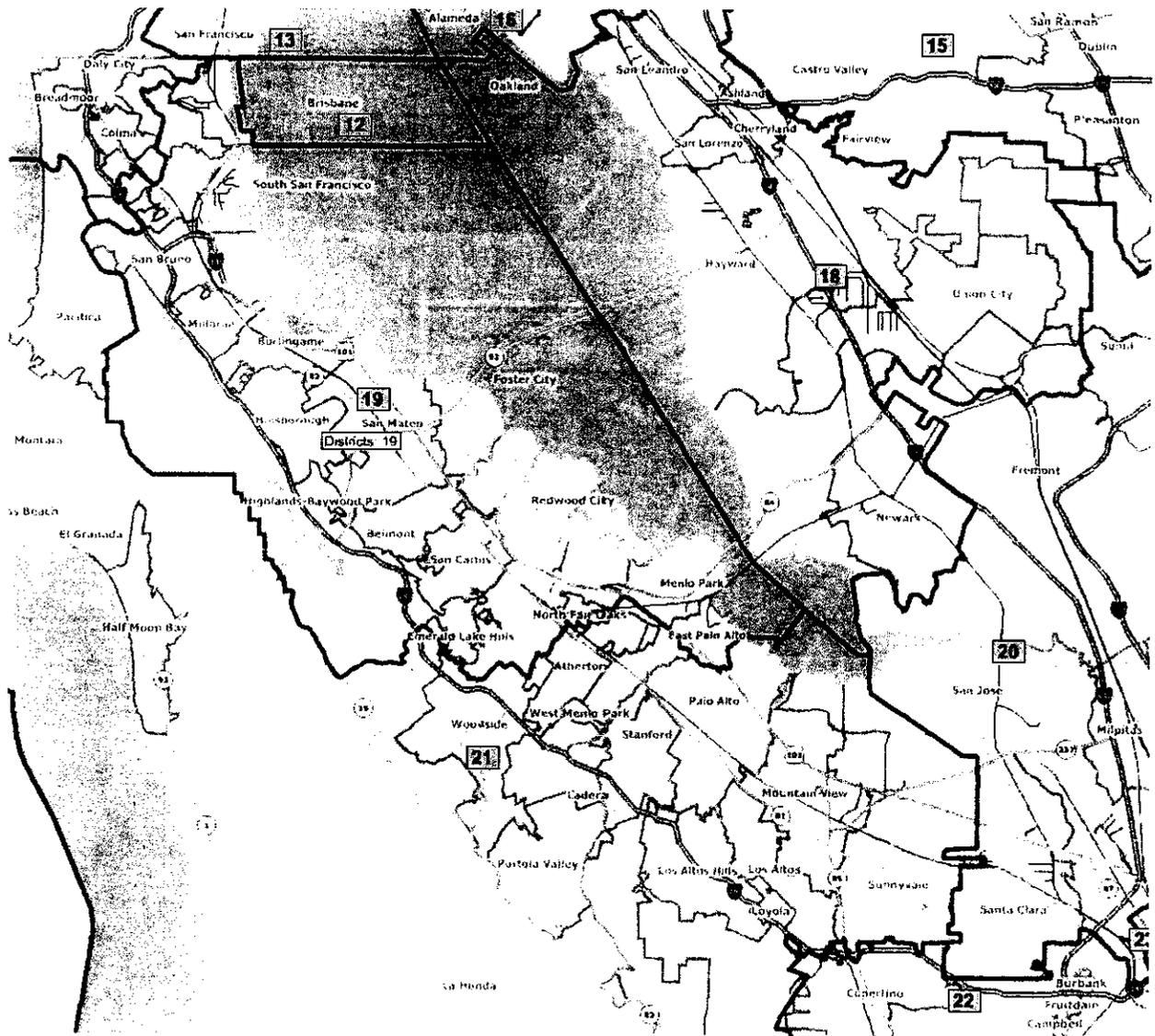
Put Coastside in with south San Mateo County to keep Redwood City whole

These lines are supported by Sierra Club leadership on the San Mateo County coastline and San Mateo County leadership. Please note that no cities are split under this configuration for either of these San Mateo Peninsula districts. Numerous other people were consulted while developing the lines in this plan, with special outreach to people who live near the boundaries of affected areas.

Now, on to the remaining San Jose districts.

One significant division is between the Berryessa neighborhood in San Jose, and the downtown, eastside, and southern neighborhoods. While all of those areas have a mix of races and ethnicities, including white, Mexican, Chinese, Filipino and Vietnamese, in Berryessa the Chinese community predominates and is the most organized of any of the groups. In the downtown and southern areas, the Asian populations are more Latino and Vietnamese. East San Jose/Alum Rock is much more Latino.

The Evergreen area of San Jose to the southeast contains a zip code with the 12th highest median incomes in the greater Silicon Valley (per a San Jose Business Journal list published on 11/26/10). The Evergreen area is bisected by the current assembly district lines; it is strange that you perpetuated this division in the first draft despite some early public testimony about this. The people who live in Evergreen have very little connection to Monterey County but are largely commuting to Silicon Valley jobs to the north, or to other areas of south San Jose. This area includes swaths of housing developments with 3,000 sq. ft.+ houses and three car garages as well as some older and more modest housing stock. It is more white and Asian and less Latino than the other south San Jose areas to its immediate west. They should not be included in a Monterey County district as you drew in the first draft.

The reason for grouping Santa Clara with the northern San Jose and Milpitas district is that Santa Clara's concerns and interests are more tightly integrated with north San Jose than with Cupertino or Campbell. The city of Santa Clara borders the San Jose Airport and shares a Caltrain commuter rail line as well as a light rail line with San Jose, whereas it does not share any major public transit infrastructure with the cities to the south. Santa Clara also shares an environmental interest with regards to the wetlands of the bay along with north San Jose and the riparian corridors leading to it.

Looking at the detail of the boundaries where three districts come together in San Jose, below, we attempted to separate out the portions of San Jose that are different in interests and character.

The southwestern portion of San Jose consists of more suburban, auto-oriented development and is more affluent. The Almaden Valley includes a zip code that has the 7th highest median income in the greater Silicon Valley.

A west San Jose resident once described his neighborhood to me as "the part of San Jose that should be in Cupertino, but isn't." Other portions of west San Jose have greater connection to Campbell. Most of that area was formerly orchards in what was known as "the Valley of Hearts' Delight" before it became "Silicon Valley".

The portion that is nearer to El Camino Real and the Alameda and especially north of that, and by the railroad tracks in the downtown, is much older development, the original core of the city of San Jose; ditto with the neighborhoods immediately north of downtown. The neighborhoods in Santa Clara and San Jose that abut the Caltrain tracks have similar issues with respect to the development of the Caltrain line, the Caltrain maintenance facility and the noise and pollution emanating from these as well as from the airport. They also have in common impacts and development considerations from the proposed statewide High Speed Rail project, and should be kept together.

Many planes land at San Jose airport by flying through the area south of the airport between Hwy 87 and the Caltrain tracks. Standing on Hedding Street in that area, the planes look alarmingly close overhead. A smaller number of flights approach from the Bay side.
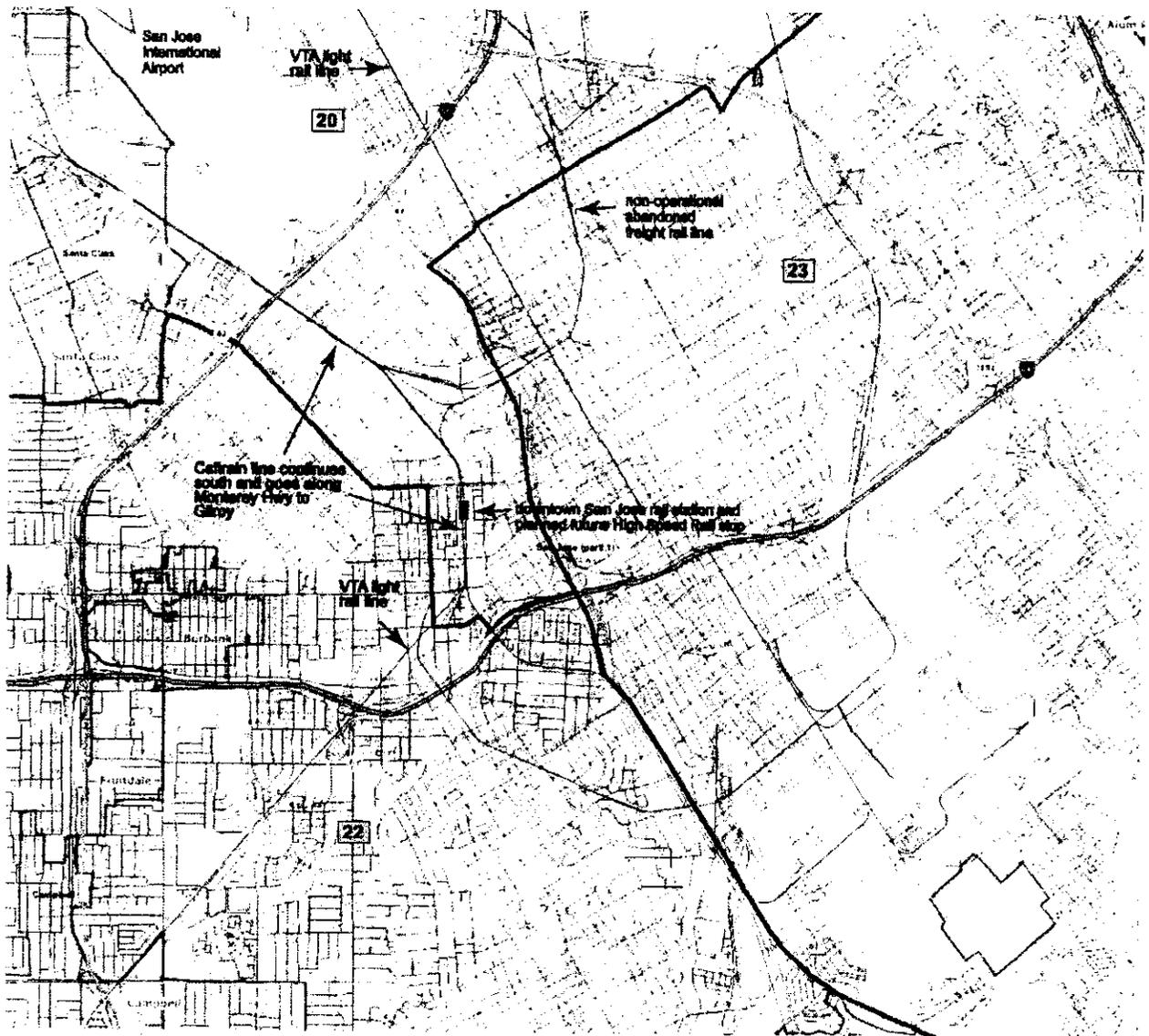
San Jose Districts boundaries detail

The district comprised of the downtown, east San Jose and all the areas of San Jose to the south of that has a Latino CVAP of 32.84% as drawn here, and an Asian CVAP of 35.13%.

The boundaries dividing San Jose could probably stand to be refined somewhat. The important thing here at the confluence is to not split Japantown, and to keep the downtown rail community of interest together.

Now on to the South and East Bay:

Santa Clara, north San Jose/Berreyssa, Milpitas, and most of Fremont go together (red overlay is Asian CVAP)

Respecting the close relations between Union City, Newark, and Fremont, we do not split off either Newark or Union City from each other, but to take in as much of Fremont into the Milpitas district as necessary. With apologies to Fremont, we found it necessary to split Fremont. Splitting Fremont is unavoidable unless Newark can be brought into the same district. Again, what's driving where the boundaries fall, population-wise, through Fremont is the configuration of the Monterey district, which cannot cross into San Luis Obispo County, and which would probably cause configuration problems with other VRA Section 5 counties if the Monterey district were instead extended further to the east.

As previously stated, this district, as drawn here, has an Asian CVAP of 40.33%. You can see the overlay in the picture above in red. This compares with an Asian CVAP of 40.27% that you drew for the Milpitas district in the first draft and 41.12% for a comparable district drawn by CAPAFR.

We also chose to put Sunol into the "MILPBERRY" district. There are fewer than 1,000 people there. You could also put them in with the tri-valley district, but it still wouldn't let you take all of

Fremont. Sunol has an historic railway line that originates in the Niles district in Fremont, and so really should go with Fremont.

We are supplying an equivalency file for this region. Please ignore the lines that are included in that equivalency file for districts which are not described in this document; although it may be of interest to the commission that it includes district in southern California with 50.01% Asian CVAP with pop. deviation of -1.54% (Assembly district #49) that minimizes splitting of cities as compared to CAPAFR's original submission for that district.

District	POP	Deviation	% Deviation	TCVAP_095	LCVAP_095	% LCVAP	ADCVAP_095	% ADCVAP	BDCVAP_(
██████████	466434	760	0.16%	334969	34922	10.43%	139458	████████	15808
13 WESTSFDALY	473926	8252	1.77%	334838	39655	11.84%	75320	22.49%	29945
19 NSANMATEO	460258	-5416	-1.16%	274563	42127	15.34%	52552	19.14%	12432
██████████	464568	-1106	-0.24%	257445	37489	14.56%	103827	████████	9794
21 SSANMATEO	457568	-8106	-1.74%	272270	23113	8.49%	51855	19.05%	7215
22 SILICONVAL	469341	3667	0.79%	293281	38468	13.12%	63538	21.66%	7964
██████████	468794	3120	0.67%	242828	79746	32.84%	85310	████████	10408
27 SCLARAWMONT	470838	5164	1.11%	327550	33539	10.24%	22115	6.75%	8583
28 MONT	465646	-28	-0.01%	218116	98004	**44.93%**	14328	6.57%	6830
██████████	458491	-7183	-1.54%	277761	74006	26.64%	138914	████████	2782

% BDCVAP_	VAP	LATVAP_D	% LATVAP_D	ASIVAP_D	% ASIVAP	BLAVAP_[	% BLAVAP_D
4.72%	391301	51252	13.10%	180431	46.11%	13886	3.55%
8.94%	414901	69640	16.78%	116562	28.09%	31073	7.49%
4.53%	354488	91004	25.67%	75374	21.26%	11060	3.12%
3.80%	359034	57429	16.00%	181716	50.61%	10879	3.03%
2.65%	357367	47854	13.39%	99250	27.77%	7238	2.03%
2.72%	355727	61442	17.27%	102280	28.75%	9742	2.74%
4.29%	346361	144022	41.58%	121746	35.15%	11179	3.23%
2.62%	374571	64252	17.15%	31948	8.53%	8305	2.22%
3.13%	325340	202240	62.16%	18858	5.80%	6858	2.11%
1.00%	360675	100327	27.82%	200216	55.51%	3357	0.93%

From: John Oehlert

(Speaker #109, San Jose Meeting, 6/25/2011)

Montara, Ca.

To: California Redistricting Commission

Date: June 25, 2011

Re: Concerns regarding first draft of redistricting maps.

Thanks to all on your team who have been working hard on this project.

First, I have to say that I found the released maps are very difficult to read and see exactly where the boundaries run for any particular district. In the interest of transparency, perhaps the next version can improve on the specifics so we, as a community, can make appropriate comments. Any voter should be able to look at the maps and quickly tell how their districts are impacted by your maps.

I have several points of concern regarding the released maps.

1. The congressional districts of SNMSC, SSNMT :

    The proposed SNMSC district includes Redwood City, Woodside, Atherton, Stanford and Palo but completely bypasses parts of Menlo Park and East Palo Alto. Menlo Park and East Palo Alto are then dumped into the SNMAT district. I do not believe Menlo Park and East Palo Alto should be jumped over in the congressional seats. They should be included in one contiguous district. I am not a member of the California Conservative Action group but I have reviewed their maps for AD 12 and 14 and believe they solve this problem. (Copies attached.)

2. The NSNMT and SSNMT Assembly districts:

    I have a similar complaint regarding the San Mateo Coastside: the Coastside should NOT be divided. If there is a "community of interest" it would have to be the San Mateo coast: it is based on fishing, agriculture and tourism. The Coast has very little in common with the "over the hill" group as we refer to the valley. The districts as proposed in the draft maps carve up the San Mateo coastline, putting the northern portion (Pacifica through Moss Beach) in the SNMAT district while the sections from El Granada all the way to the County line are included in the SNMSC district. The Coastside from Pacifica to the San Mateo-Santa Cruz county line should remain in a single district. If you live on the coast anywhere from Montara to Pescadero you have two ways out: Hwy 92 and Hwy 1. Everything funnels through those two access points. They are our economic and physical lifelines. It is a poor decision not to have a single person representing the entire area where he/she can address the clearly unique ecological, economic, safety and traffic issues for the entire Coastside. Furthermore, Half Moon Bay recently closed its police department so it now shares the services of the Sheriff's department with Moss Beach. Combining Pescadero and Portola Valley into the SSNMT district is inappropriate. Pescadero has nothing in common with Portola Valley.

3. I originally lived in the Berryessa region of San Jose, moved to Alum Rock and finally lived near Story and King Road. I graduated from San Jose State and lived in that area for nearly 12 years so I am well acquainted with the neighborhoods. First, splitting up the downtown San Jose area should be reversed. This area is commercial, has the University so they share a common environment and should have cohesive representation. The downtown needs good, singular, representation so it can stay a positive economic engine for San Jose.

   In terms of the Assembly district proposed for Alum Rock and East San Jose it appears that you are extending that all the way down to Hollister, Salinas, Camp Roberts and Hunter Liggett while bypassing Morgan Hill and Gilroy. At the same time you link Morgan Hill and Gilroy with the coastal areas down to somewhere north of San Simeon. These are just the sort of districts that this Commission was setup to try to eliminate.

4. Other items I find particularly troubling include:

   a. Combining Marin with the northern-most sections of the California coast all the way to Oregon while ignoring neighboring towns such as Sebastopol.

   b. Napa County is split when it clearly represents a single entity, heavy in agricultural and tourism and totally different from Vallejo and Benicia.

I urge the Commission to look at the intent of Proposition 20: to create compact and fair districts. I believe that people who share a common bond with a physical community have more in common and can work together to solve problems more readily than can people in towns and regions separated by hundreds of miles.
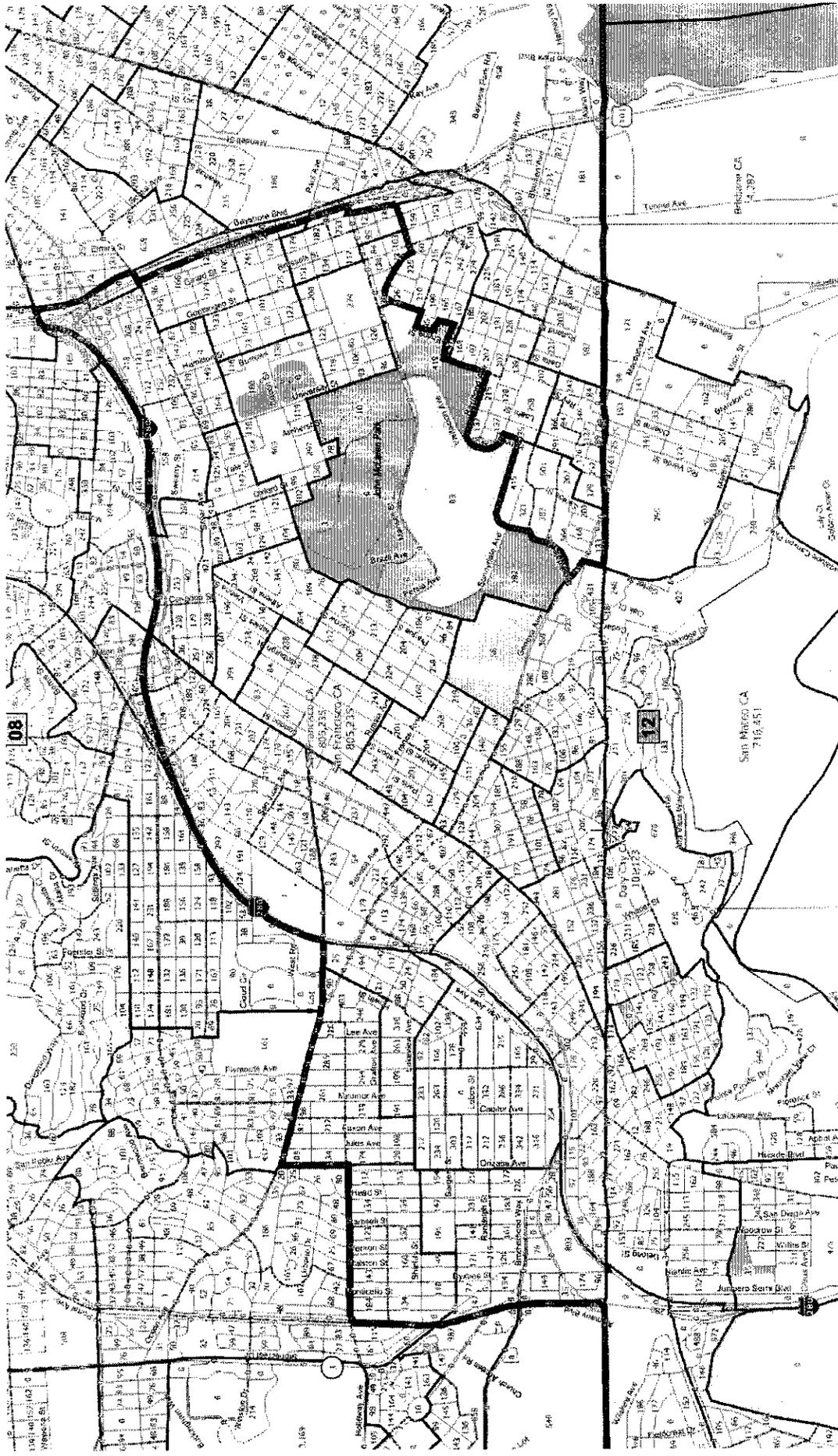
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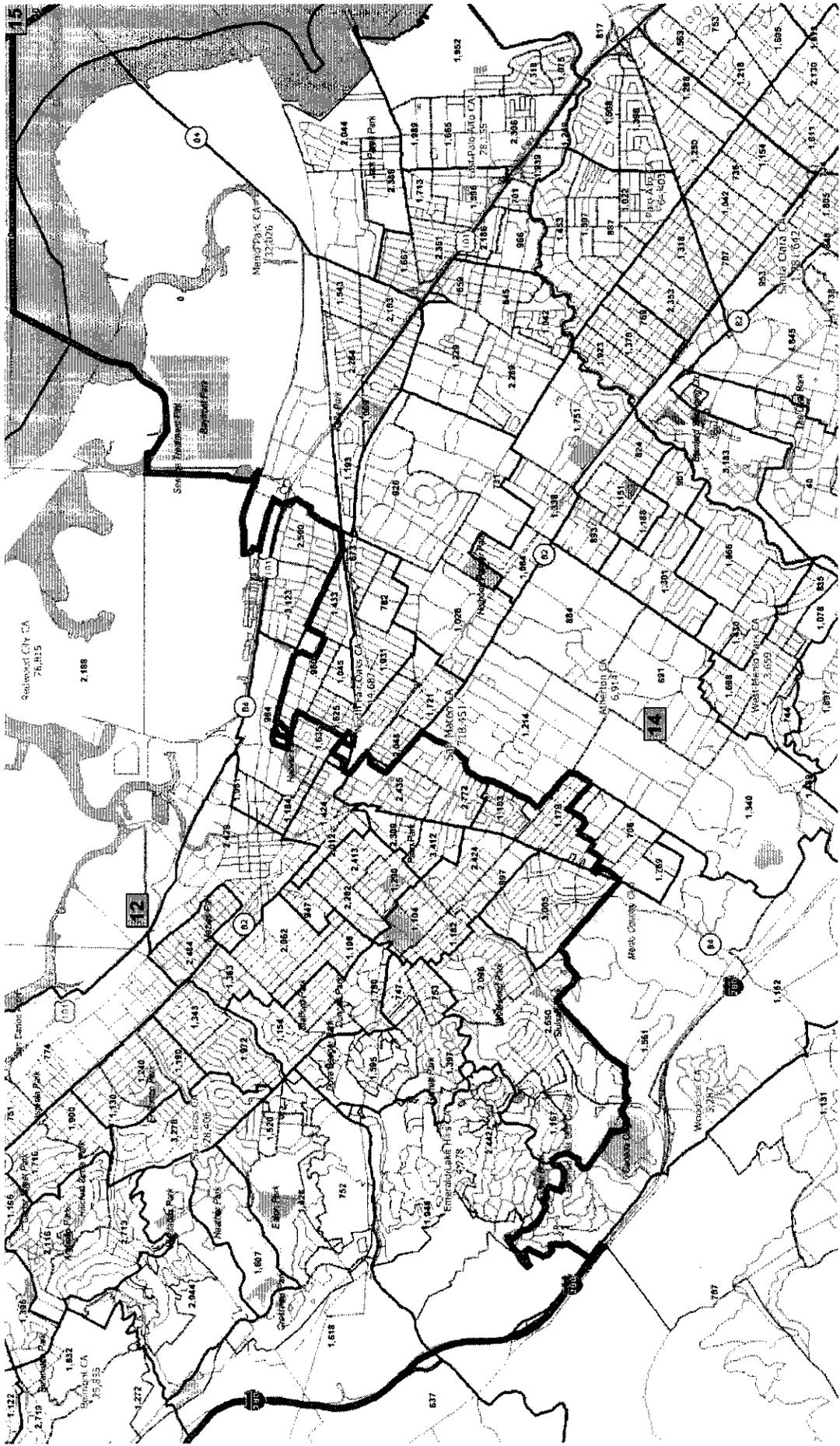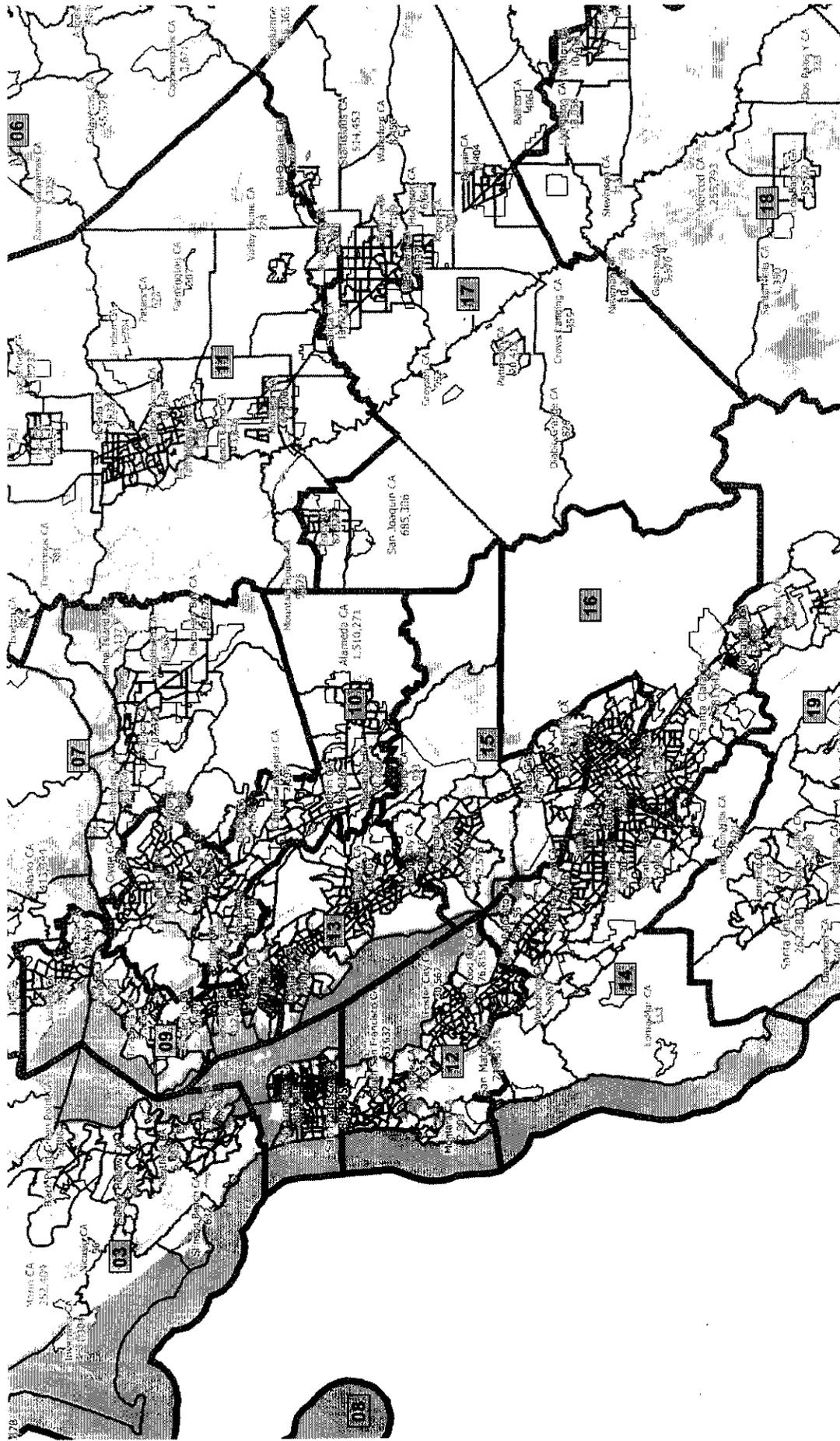
CLB CD15 Plan 2, CCAG, East San Jose Boundary.jpg
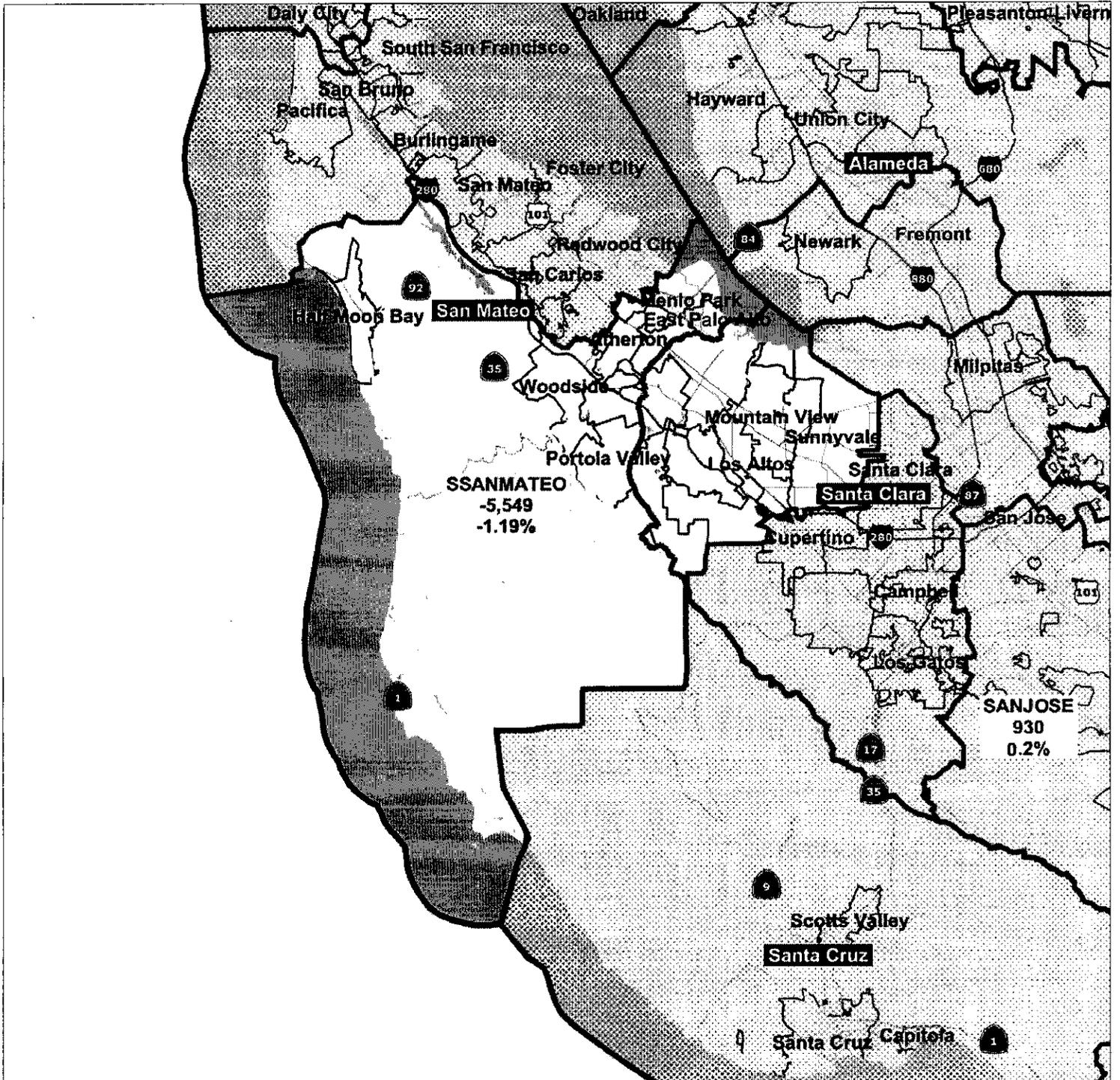
CLB CCAG CD08 Plan 2, Outer Mission OMI Boundary.jpg

CLB CD12 Plan 2, CCAG, Redwood City Boundary.jpg

California State Assembly - SSANMATEO

<u>COMMENTS BY P. GREGORY CONLON</u>

<u>BEFORE THE</u>

<u>CALIFORNIA CITIZENS REDISTRICTING COMMISSION</u>

<u>June 27, 2011</u>

<u>My name is P. Gregory Conlon and I reside in Atherton, California located in San Mateo County just north of Palo Alto in Santa Clara County and Menlo Park in San Mateo County.</u>

<u>My comments are based primarily on my experience as a Republican candidate for both the 21St Assembly District located in both San Mateo and Santa Clara County in 2010 and in the 10th Congressional District in both San Francisco and San Mateo County in 2008. My comments try to point out what the Commission should do in determining the Community of Interest in San Francisco, San Mateo and Santa Clara Counties.</u>

<u>ASSEMBLY DISTRICT 21 COMMENTS-</u>

This District runs in the north from San Carlos, Redwood City, Menlo Atherton, Woodside and Portola in San Mateo County and Palo Alto, Los Altos, Los Altos Hills in the northern portion of San Clara County and Los Gatos and the Almaden Valley in the City of San Jose in the southern portion and Santa Clara County. The two cities of Sunnyvale and Saratoga are excluded from this District even though the adjacent communities of Los Gatos and Almaden Valley are contiguous and form a common bound of communities in southern Santa Clara County.

Congressional District

<u>You now have Mountain View and Sunnyvale within the same District as Palo Alto and Atherton which is more compact and have a more common community of interest. Except that now Menlo Park and East Menlo Park are excluded from Palo Alto and Atherton.   All three of these cities have common community of interest standpoint they should all be in the same Congressional District</u>

<u>because they are all contiguous and have the same community of interest of Stanford University and Stanford Shopping Center and are all part of Silicon Valley.</u>

I believe the 21st Assembly District should be split up in two or three different Districts. The northern part of the District with San Carlos, Redwood City and Menlo Atherton should be in one District. Also I believe that Los Gatos, Almaden Valley and Sunnyvale and Saratoga should be in another District. Now they are in four different Districts for the various elections of the Assembly, the Senate and the Congressional Districts. There is virtually no community of interest between the northern cities and the southern cities named above.

Because this District is split almost in half between San Mateo County cities and Santa Clara County Districts. I encourage you to split the District at the County line or if you violate that rule have only Palo Alto in the same District as Menlo Atherton because they have common interest of Stanford University and Stanford Shopping Center as the common hubs for these towns and cities.

12th and 14th Congressional Districts Comments:

I ran for the Congressional seat of the 12th District in 2008. It is clear that the City of Belmont was excluded from the Cities of San Mateo on the north and the City of Carlos on the south of Belmont. There is in my view no way to have the District circle around Belmont for any common community of interest. San Mateo and San Carlos are intertwined and almost the same cities when driving up El Camino or Highway 101. Any new Congressional or Assembly District should have all three cities in the same District for the Congress, the Assembly and the State Senate.

<u>Belmont is now all in the same District as the cities on its North and South—San Mateo on the north and San Carlos on the South.</u>

Also I suggest that if possible to maintain a community of interest in San Francisco that the 12th Congressional District start at the County of San Mateo line and go south. This would remove the Sunset District in San Francisco and area east of the Sunset all the way to the San Mateo County line. In my view

the San Mateo cities of Daly City, Brisbane, Colma and South San Francisco do not relate to the City of San Francisco community of interest economically or otherwise.

The Commission has moved the Sunset District to District 8 but could still move all the San Francisco streets that are East of the Sunset, including West Portal and surrounding areas in San Francisco. All of San Francisco should be District 8 and except, for a small overflow to reach the 700,000, add part of Northern San Mateo. I remember campaigning and knocking on doors in this area and someone challenging me on what I know about San Francisco living in Southern San Mateo County.

Other Districts that seem to be completely outside a common community of interest in the Congressional Race was the Congressional District in which David Harmer was a candidate. It was located in four different Counties and made no sense at all to me.

Thank you for the opportunity to present my comments.

P. Gregory Conlon, Atherton, California e-mail ████████████
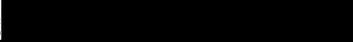
American Canyon
Chamber of Commerce

06.27.11.AH

June 27, 2011

Citizens Redistricting Commission
901 P. Street, Suite 154-A
Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: Keep City of American Canyon with Napa County in all Districts

Dear Members of the Redistricting Commission:

The American Canyon Chamber of Commerce strongly opposes being placed in a different Congressional, Assembly or Senate District that the other cities/towns in Napa County.

The proposed plan would place American Canyon in a congressional district with Solano and portions of Yolo and San Joaquin counties. This proposal would greatly dilute American Canyon's representation in Sacramento and in Washington by placing our city in districts that do not share the same business or governmental interests.

As it stands, American Canyon commerce has a great deal in common with our Napa Valley neighbors. Much of American Canyon's key large businesses support the wine industry. We have become an essential component to the wine industry through housing, transpiration and warehouses. Thus we share the same governmental interests.

Traffic congestion on the Highway 29, particularly in American Canyon, is a major concern that begins in Napa County and ends at the Solano County line. To change the representation would be devastating for future assistance. This separation could impact the entire Valley as Highway 29 is the main corridor to the Napa Valley.

As a representative of the American Canyon Chamber of Commerce, I urge you to keep Napa County whole and within the same Assembly, State and Congressional districts.

Sincerely,

Susan Lane
President/CEO
American Canyon Chamber of Commerce

●American Canyon, CA 94503-0114 ●

NAPA Chamber of Commerce

June 27, 2011

Citizens Redistricting Commission
901 P Street, Suite 154-A
Sacramento, CA 95814

Re: Keep City of American Canyon with Napa County in all Proposed Districts

Dear Commission Members:

The Napa Chamber of Commerce strongly urges you to reconsider severing the City of American Canyon from the rest of Napa County in all the proposed districts. American Canyon, incorporated in 1992, has put in much time and effort to be recognized as a part of Napa County. The Commission's "visualized boundary" would undermine these years of effort and weaken what needs to be a strong tie between American Canyon and the rest of Napa County.

American Canyon serves as the southern gateway into Napa County, for residents, tourists and commerce. American Canyon's roads are a critical transportation link for Napa County's residents to get to and from their jobs; tourists to get to and from our world-famous Napa Valley; and our key industry's wine and grapes to get to market. Additionally, more and more warehouses in American Canyon are now occupied by the wine industry. The City has become a critical part of Napa County's supply chain. In addition, the City of American Canyon is an important urban center that, along with the other cities, allows the County to preserve its open space and maintain its agricultural preserve. It is clear that American Canyon and Napa County's economic interests are inextricably linked.

It is very important that Commissioners understand the importance of American Canyon to the rest of Napa County before lumping it with another Congressional, 5enate, Assembly and State Board of Equalization district. Again, we strongly urge that you reconsider your "visualized boundary" and keep Napa County whole.

Sincerely,

Ryan Gregory
Chairman of the Board

Lisa Batto, ACE
President & CEO

FAIRFIELD
INN & SUITES
.Marriott

June 23, 2011

Citizens Redistricting Commission
901 P Street, Suite 154-A
Sacramento, CA 95814

Dear Commission Members:

I am a member of the American Canyon business community and I oppose being placed in a different Congressional, Assembly or Senate District than the other cities/towns in Napa County.

American Canyon has a commonality in commerce with our up valley neighbors. Much of American Canyon's key large businesses support the wine industry of the Napa Valley. We have become an essential component to the wine industry through housing, transportation and warehouses. Thus, we share the same governmental interests.

We have also worked hard on establishing the Napa Valley Destination Council which promotes tourism in the Napa Valley and we contribute with a special assessment to further our common interests.

The proposed plan would place American Canyon in a congressional district with Solano and portions of Yolo and San Joaquin counties. This proposal would greatly dilute American Canyon's representation in Sacramento and in Washington by placing our city in districts that do not share the same business or governmental interests.

I urge the Commission to keep Napa County whole and within the same Assembly, Senate and Congressional districts.

Sincerely,

Juan V. Sirotka
General Manager

Fairfield Inn & Suites by Marriott
Napa American Canyon
American Canyon, CA 94503

Marriott.com/SFOAC

ⓑ9

The Mezzetta Family of Finest Quality Foods

06.27.11.AK

May 27, 2011

Citizens Redistricting Commission
901 P Street, Suite 154-A
Sacramento, CA 95814

Dear Commission Members:

I am a member of the American Canyon business community and I oppose being placed in a different Congressional, Assembly or Senate District than the other cities/towns in Napa County.

American Canyon has a commonality in commerce with our up valley neighbors. Much of American Canyon's key large businesses support the wine industry of the Napa Valley. We have become an essential component to the wine industry through housing, transportation and warehouses. Thus, we share the same governmental interests.

The proposed plan would place American Canyon in a congressional district with Solano and portions of Yolo and San Joaquin counties. This proposal would greatly dilute American Canyon's representation in Sacramento and in Washington by placing our city in districts that do not share the same business or governmental interests.

I urge the Commission to keep Napa County whole and within the same Assembly, Senate and Congressional districts.

Sincerely,

Jeff Mezzetta
President/CEO
G.L. Mezzetta, Inc

G.L. MEZZETTA, INC. ⬛⬛⬛⬛ *AMERICAN CANYON, CA 94503*

06.27.11.AL   59

June 26, 2011

Citizens Redistricting Commission
901 P Street, Suite 154-A
Sacramento, CA 95814
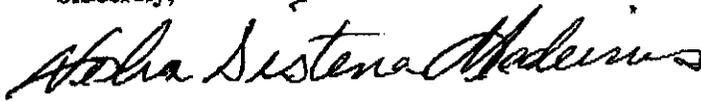
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The proposed plan would place American Canyon in a congressional district with Solano and portions of Yolo and San Joaquin counties. This proposal would greatly dilute American Canyon's representation in Sacramento and in Washington by placing our city in districts that do not share the same business or governmental interests.

I urge the Commission to keep Napa County whole and within the same Assembly, Senate and Congressional districts.

Sincerely,

Nelia Sistena Medeiros, Realtor
Eagle Vines Realty
████████████
████████████
American Canyon, CA 94503

"American Canyon", Where the Napa Valley Begins...

FASTSIGNS.

65A

June 23, 2011

Citizens Redistricting Commission
901 P Street, Suite 154-A   06.27.11.AM
Sacramento, CA 95814
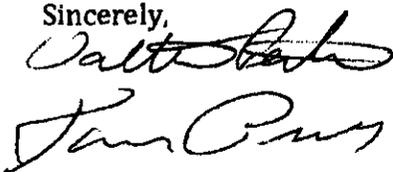
Dear Commission Members:

We are members of the American Canyon business community and we oppose being placed in a different Congressional, Assembly or Senate District than the other cities/towns in Napa County.

American Canyon has a commonality in commerce with our up valley neighbors. Many of American Canyon's key large businesses support the wine industry of the Napa Valley. We have become an essential component to the wine industry through housing, transportation and warehouses. Thus, we share the same governmental interests.

The proposed plan would place American Canyon in a congressional district with Solano and portions of Yolo and San Joaquin counties. This proposal would greatly dilute American Canyon's representation in Sacramento and in Washington by placing our city in districts that do not share the same business or governmental interests.

We urge the Commission to keep Napa County whole and within the same Assembly, Senate and Congressional districts.

Sincerely,

Walt & Karen Perlic
Owners

FASTSIGNS American Canyon

American Canyon, CA 94503

Z ECO

ELECTRIC COMPANY
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS

06.27,11.AN

June 27, 2011

Citizens Redistricting Commission
901 "P" Street, Suite 154-A
Sacramento, CA 95814

Dear Commission Members:

I am a member of the American Canyon business community and I oppose being placed in a different Congressional, Assembly or Senate District than the other cities/towns in Napa County.

American Canyon has a commonality in commerce with our up-valley neighbors. Much of American Canyon's key large businesses support the wine industry of the Napa Valley. We have become an essential component to the wine industry through housing, transportation and warehouses. Thus, we share the same governmental interests.

The proposed plan would place American Canyon in a congressional district with Solano and portions of Yolo and San Joaquin counties. This proposal would greatly dilute American Canyon's representation in Sacramento and in Washington by placing our city in districts that do not share the same business or governmental interests.

I urge the Commission to keep Napa County whole and within the same Assembly, Senate and Congressional district.

Sincerely,

Patricia A. Zuñiga
Vice President

American Canyon, CA 94503 ·
· Napa, CA 94558 ·

June 27, 2011   06.27.11.AO   59

Citizens Redistricting Commission
901 P Street, Suite 154-A
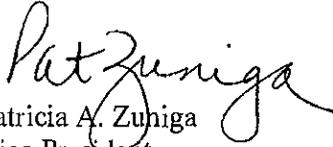Sacramento, CA 95814

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I urge the Commission to keep Napa County whole and within the same Assembly, Senate and Congressional districts.

Sincerely,

Brian Farmer

Brian Farmer
Brian Farmer Insurance Agency
American Canyon Chamber of Commerce
Board Chairman 2011

LAKE STREET
V E N T U R E S

June 16, 2011

Citizens Redistricting Commission
901 P Street, Suite 154-A
Sacramento, CA 95814

Dear Commission Members:

I am a member of the American Canyon business community and I oppose being placed in a different Congressional, Assembly or Senate District than the other cities/towns in Napa County.

American Canyon has a commonality in commerce with our up valley neighbors. Much of American Canyon's key large businesses support the wine industry of the Napa Valley. We have become an essential component to the wine industry through housing, transportation and warehouses. Thus, we share the same governmental interests.

The proposed plan would place American Canyon in a congressional district with Solano and portions of Yolo and San Joaquin counties. This proposal would greatly dilute American Canyon's representation in Sacramento and in Washington by placing our city in districts that do not share the same business or governmental interests.

I urge the Commission to keep Napa County whole and within the same Assembly, Senate and Congressional districts.

Sincerely,

Vincent Butler

Lake Street Ventures

Menla Park, CA 94025

06.27.11.AQ

June 27, 2011, comment of Todd Novak

███████████ American Canyon, CA 94503

Resident of American Canyon from 1994 to present

I thank the Citizen's Commission for considering public input regarding the draft redistricting maps. It is empowering for an individual and even an entire community to have this venue where our voices can be heard. I applaud that you desire to receive information from those that are most familiar with their community.

I come before you this evening to express my opposition to the proposed district boundaries that consider severing the City of American Canyon from its current district that contains all other portions of Napa County.

American Canyon is located at the southern end of Napa County, and is the county's newest and now second largest city. If the final district maps exclude American Canyon from the rest of Napa County, my community's voice will be diluted and our ability to hold our elected State and Federal officials accountable will be diminished.

Having a diluted voice is not a new prospect for the residents of my community. One of the driving forces for becoming a city was to gain a voice in Napa County decisions. Relations with the rest of the county have not always been smooth, and did not instantly improve upon incorporation in 1992. Like all relationships, work is required to grow and prosper. We are now a recognized and integral part of Napa County commerce. American Canyon's interests are connected to Napa County; and I am here this evening to work to keep the union together.

Specific common interests that link American Canyon to the rest of the Napa County community include: Highway 29, which is the major route to the wine country; warehousing and transportation services for the wine industry; a center for housing to support the Napa County Agricultural Preserve; the Napa County Unified School District; and the relatively new and successful Napa County Parks and Open Space District.

American Canyon is a young and growing community that has so much to offer Napa County in terms of housing, office and professional buildings, retail, light-manufacturing, and recreational opportunities. We have an excellent City staff, an engaged City Council, a supportive County Supervisor, and an active base of community volunteers all working together to make a great community within Napa County. None of our successes came from any one person. Rather, the successes came from everyone working together and often included the assistance and support from our elected State and Federal representatives. However, we still have a long road ahead of us.

Please keep American Canyon in the same district boundary as the rest of Napa County so that the interests of the entire Napa County community receive effective and fair representation and our success can be sustained.

Black American Political Action Committee (BAPAC) 〴
Of
Contra Costa County   O6.27.11.AR

Officers:

Lloyd G. Madden,
President

Jake Sloan,
Vice-President

Kevin L. Hampton,
Secretary

Joe L. Fisher,
Treasurer

Leon Hunter,
Parliamentarian/
Sergeant at Arms

Emeritus

Jim McMillan

Honorary Members

Judge George D. Carroll
Retired

John Gioia, Supervisor
Contra Costa County

Directors:

Donald Hampton

Bobby King

Joe Eddy Mc Donald

June 27, 2011

Citizens Redistricting Commission
901 P Street Suite 154-A
Sacramento, Ca 95814

Re: Opposing the 1ˢᵗ Draft Map for Congressional Redistricting

Dear Commissioners:

Listed below are the reasons the Black American Political Action Committee (BAPAC) of Contra Costa County oppose the 1st Draft District Map for Congressional redistricting.

The proposed 1st Draft Map for Congressional redistricting would split Richmond in half between what is now Congressman John Garamendi's 10th District and Congresswoman Barbara Lee's 9th District. The portion of Contra Costa County east and north of Richmond that is currently in the 7ᵗʰ District would be split north and south into two other districts, leaving the east half of Richmond sharing representation with central and eastern Contra Costa. Splitting Richmond in half is contrary to Criteria 4 of the Commission's prioritized criteria found in the California Constitution: "Respect cities, counties, **communities of interest and neighborhoods** where possible without violating the requirements of the preceding criteria."

While Richmond, Berkeley and Oakland may "share [some] common social and economic interests," they are also in competition for resources with Berkeley, Emeryville, Oakland and Alameda. Currently, Richmond's separate congressional representation helps provide a more level playing field, but if combined with these four cities to the south, the divided one-half of Richmond attached to the new 9ᵗʰ District would represent less than 8% of the District population and would be overwhelmed as well as geographically remote, joined only by a thin strip of I-80 at the Contra Costa/Alameda County line. This thread of a connection defies the spirit of the requirement that "a district should be connected at all points."

Lastly, the highest proportion of minorities in Contra Costa County are located in the Richmond area proposed in 1st Draft District Map, removing this block from the rest of Contra Costa County would disenfranchise those remaining and would likely violate the 1965 Voting Rights Act.

Richmond, Ca 94805,

We support the City of Richmond's Resolution 52-11 and the Alternate Plan by Tri-Cities that unites Contra Costa in one district.

Sincerely,

Lloyd G. Madden

Lloyd G. Madden, President

Cc: Mayor Gayle Mc Laughlin
     Richmond Coordinating Neighborhood Councils

BERGER & JONES, INC.

SAN RAMON, CA 94583-6727 ·

06.27.11. Z

June 27, 2011

Cynthia Jones

San Ramon, CA 94583

Citizen Redistricting commission

Dear commissioners'

My name is Cynthia Jones and I have lived in the Tri Valley area of Northern California for 39 years. I had the privilege of being elected to the Dublin San Ramon Services District (DSRSD) as a representative of San Ramon from 1994 to 2003. DSRSD is a special district providing water, recycled water and waste water services to the cities of Dublin and San Ramon. DSRSD also provides wastewater services to the city of Pleasanton under contract. DSRSD is not constricted by city or county boundaries but is a special district to the Tri Valley area. This area of California must not be fragmented by redistricting.

I have also served on the board of the Livermore Amador Valley Wastewater Management Authority (LAVWMA) which is comprised of the cities of Livermore and Pleasanton, and the Dublin San Ramon Services District. This agency controls and manages the wastewater flow generated from the Tri Valley area every day. In the 1990's ,when it was necessary to replace the failing LAVWMA sewer line to the bay, LAVWMA was held hostage by a bay Area city, by charging LAVWMA an additional 10 Million dollars . This has resulted in higher sewer rates for Valley citizens. It is history like this that further exemplifies why our Tri Valley Area cannot and should not be represented with Bay Area cities over the western hills from us.

Multiple infrastructures' for water, wastewater and recycled water are intertwined throughout the Tri Valleys of Livermore, Amador and San Ramon. Earthquake plans are in place allowing cross jurisdictions' to backup and help one

another with water, recycled water, and sewage treatment if the need arises. It just makes sense to allow these cities to remain connected and continue to function as the well managed area that it is. Do not allow redistricting to cut up our Tri Valley.

Cynthia G. Jones

06.27.11.AA

*"Small Town Atmosphere
Outstanding Quality of Life"*

June 23, 2011

California Citizens Redistricting Commission
1130 K Street, Suite 101
Sacramento, CA 95814

Re: State Senate Districts

Dear Commissioners:

The Town of Danville appreciates the work and efforts the Commission in formulating new State Assembly, State Senate and Congressional District boundaries in the most fair and impartial manner possible.

With respect to the State Senate Districts, the Town has become aware of the so-called "odd-even phenomenon" related to district numbering, wherein it is possible that certain districts could be left without a Senator that is duly elected by the voters of that District, for a period of two years, between 2012 and 2014. At the same time, the possibility exists that other districts could be represented by more than one duly elected Senator simultaneously.

As one of many Contra Costa cities located within Senate District 7, the Town of Danville feels that it is essential that the District at all times retain a Senate representative that is duly elected by, and accountable to the voters of this district. The breadth and scope of issues and interests that are of ongoing concern to the residents and cities of District 7 are such that "deferral" for two years, would pose a significant void in terms of having a voice, and the opportunity to affect decisions in Sacramento.

For these reasons, the Town Council urges the Commission to do everything possible to avoid such an occurrence with regard to District 7, as well as statewide.

Sincerely,

THE TOWN OF DANVILLE

Karen G. Stepper
Mayor

cc   Town Council

DANVILLE, CALIFORNIA 94526

Administration   Building   Engineering & Planning   Transportation   Maintenance   Police   Parks and Recreation
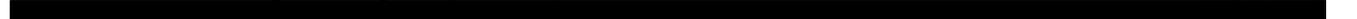
Speaker # _37_

My name is Carol M. Hehmeyer. I am a resident of Pleasant Hill in Contra Costa County. I am a supporter of CCAG, the Conservative Citizens' Action Group.

This group is a mix of concerned citizens of varied political views, who live in Contra Costa, Alameda, and San Francisco Counties. We email each other constantly, meet frequently, and are attempting to develop fair maps for the areas in which we live.

Many of us have attended numerous public input hearings and we listen to the views of other citizens. Our map makers, Chris Bowman and Allen Payton, are experienced at this work. They are attempting to take in to account the views of other citizen groups in revising their maps.

I support the original **CCAG maps which were submitted by Allen Payton**. They are being revised and resubmitted ~~today.~~ *tomorrow*. CONGRESSIONAL.

I believe Chris Bowman is also submitting revised maps today. He gave each of you a copy of some of his maps in San Jose on Saturday. His maps are also excellent, balanced, and thoughtful. SENATORIAL & ASSEMBLY.

CONTRA COSTA MAPS

I like your first draft maps for the Contra Costa area for the State Senate and Assembly Districts. The Congressional map is not acceptable to me.

Right now, I am primarily concerned at this point about two issues.

First, **TRI VALLEY does not belong with FREMONT:**

The Tri Valley area is Dublin/Pleasanton/Livermore. It should not be joined in a Congressional District, as a few suggested Saturday in San Jose, with Fremont.

Citizens of Tri Valley do not support that joinder, and neither do voters in Contra Costa or Alameda because that gerrymandered shift will affect all of our Congressional Districts adversely.

On May 24 at the Oakland input hearing, a huge number of citizens testified that the Tri Valley should NOT be joined with Fremont.

There is no community of interest between Fremont and the Tri Valley.

The Richmond/Oakland/East Bay hills are a natural dividing line which puts Dublin, Pleasanton and Livermore in a separate Congressional District from cities on the West side of those hills.

Please respect compact redistricting, as mandated by Article 21 of our State Constitution, and do not put the Tri Valley with Fremont.

Citizens living in such a gerrymandered district would not be able to reach their legislator in the Fremont area because of the pass over the hills. Those in the Tri Valley would be disenfranchised.

Such a gerrymandered district would violate constitutional principles requiring compactness (respect for geographical boundaries) and a community of interest based upon the common characteristics in a community that are subject to the vote, such as: transit, schools, hospitals, public safety, fire protection, roads, and the like.

BRENTWOOD/OAKLEY/ANTIOCH does not belong with SAN JOAQUIN.

As many citizens testified in Stockton on Friday, June 24, 2011, Brentwood/Oakley and Antioch do NOT belong in a Congressional District with San Joaquin County.

The roads which connect San Joaquin County with those three cities in Contra Costa are **long, perilous, and daunting.** A drive from Brentwood to Stockton, for example, takes over an hour and involves highways 4, 12, 160 and others. It is very dangerous. Citizens living in those three Contra Costa County cities could not reasonably access a Congressperson living in San Joaquin county.

The gerrymandering involved in that plan violates Constitutional principles of compactness, which require that citizens be able to easily access their legislator within their districts.

In the Congressional Districts we support keeping Lamorinda, Walnut Creek, Clayton, the San Ramon Valley, the Tri-Valley/Eastern Alameda county cities of Dublin, Pleasanton and Livermore, as well as the Eastern Contra Costa communities of Antioch, Oakley, Brentwood and Discovery Bay in the same Congressional District.

We support a single congressional district for San Joaquin County.

As to the Assembly Districts, we support the first draft maps approved by the Commission with regard to Central and Eastern Contra Costa County and the Tri-Valley/Eastern Alameda County.

We thank the Commission for listening to our testimony and for keeping Lamorinda, Walnut Creek, the San Ramon Valley and the Tri-Valley/Eastern Alameda County together in one Assembly District with the other Contra Costa County Assembly District.

Members of the California Citizens Redistricting Committee,

My name is Mark Landman, I'm a councilmember from the City of Cotati, and I'm here tonight representing Cotati to ask the committee to keep our city grouped with nearby communities with similar interests.

The current congressional draft map excludes us from close neighbors with whom we share common history, geography, transportation facilities, climate, water supply, air quality concerns, and most importantly, shared common goals on social and economic interests that would be diminished for us all if we were to be separated.

Cotati is a small city of just 7,500, situated in the county of Sonoma, on the western border of the draft Yuba Congressional district, between Sebastopol to the north/west and Petaluma to the south.

We share a common agricultural history, unique to our coastal region, along with Petaluma and Sebastopol. We are connected by the Laguna De Santa Rosa, Highway 101 & 116, and the transportation systems of the North Coast Railroad Authority, Golden Gate Transit District, Sonoma County Transit Authority and the Sonoma Marin Area Rail Transit District. We in this region feel we are a "community of interest". We have no connection to Hwy 80 or 5, which connect the communities of the eastern & northern valleys and mountains.

We would likely be harmed by being split, as we share a common voice in organizing to protect our regions unique natural resources. These natural features of the North Coast generate significant tourism for all in our community of interest. To protect and best take advantage of these attributes, we need to be able to speak with one voice, and hold one elected representative accountable. Being cut away from Petaluma and Sebastopol would weaken both theirs and our ability to work together to this end.

We ask your support in keeping us whole and grouped together with our close neighbors, with whom we share so many similar interests. Thank you for your time tonight, and for the important work you are doing.
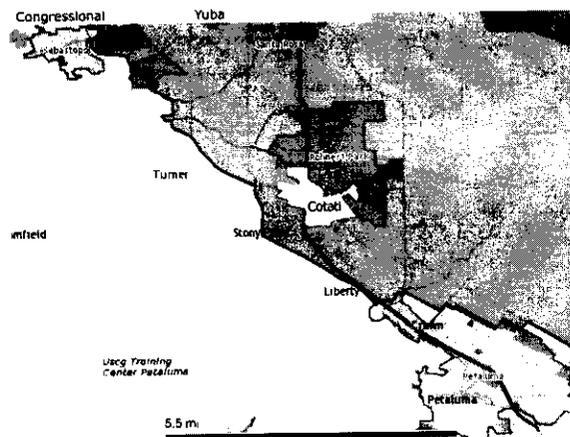
Handout submitted on June 27, 2011

06.27.11.AD

Peter Van Meter
Former Sausalito City Council Member

CRC 1st Draft MARIN Assembly District

Fix MARIN 1ˢᵗ draft Assembly map
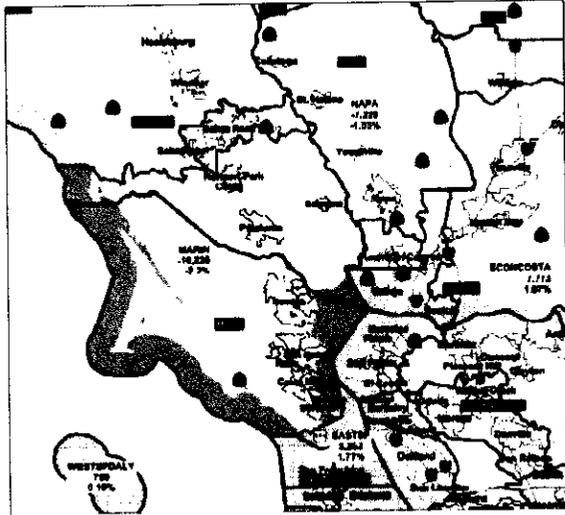
- Put American Canyon back with NAPA, per both county's COI testimony

- Keep Marin whole and add more of Sonoma County

- Some splitting of the westerly portion of Santa Rosa is required to complete the population balance

- More splitting of Santa Rosa may be required to minimize deviation of the NORTHCOAST Senate district
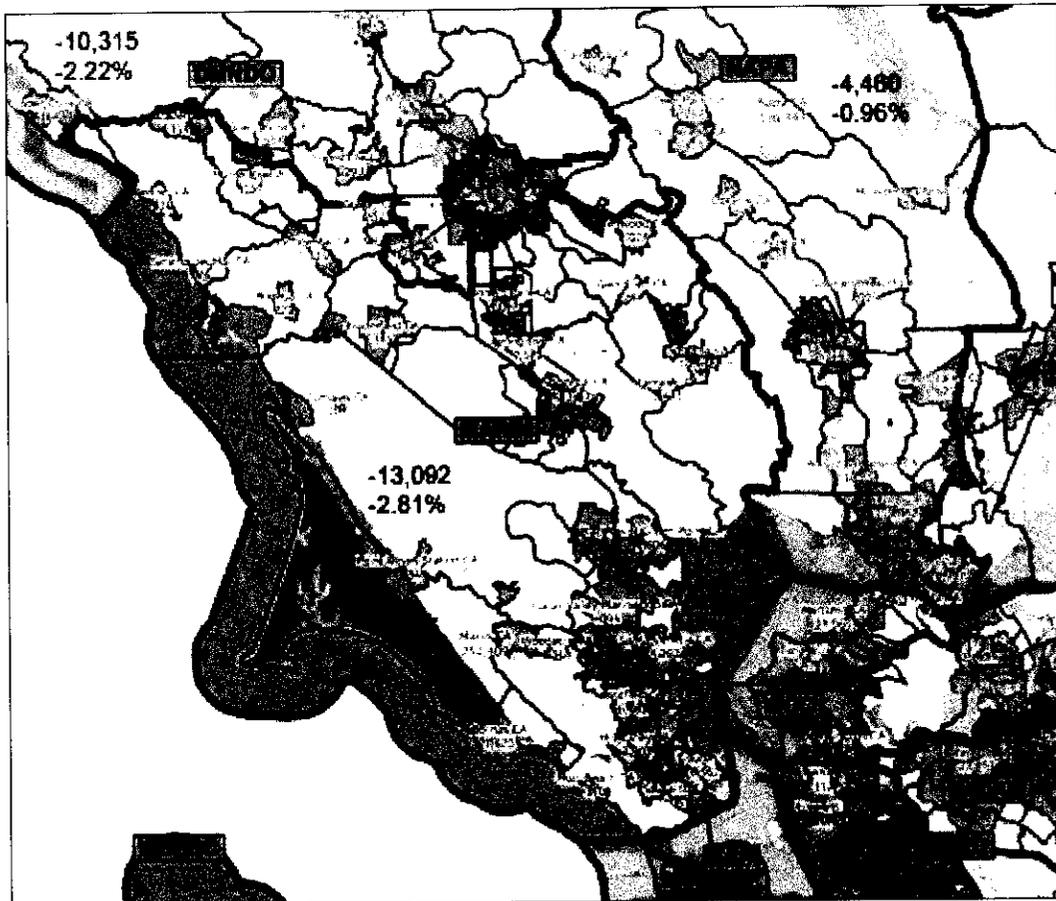
Revised 1ˢᵗ Draft MARIN Assembly District (Rough cut)

See equivalency file 20110616_VanMeter_AD_MARINalt2.zip

If greater adjustments to the 1ˢᵗ draft maps are to be considered, please revisit this alternative

North Bay Senate and Assembly Districts Proposal, 6-7-11
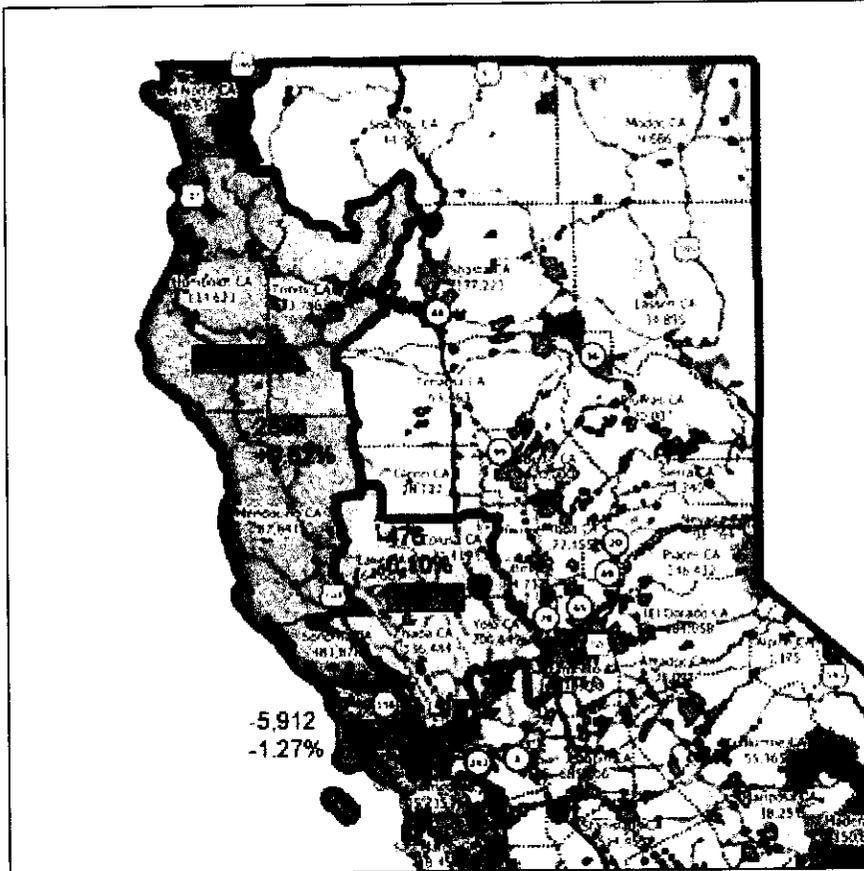
- Keeps Marin whole and together with Sonoma

- Split Santa Rosa at Hwy 12, but all is included in NORTHCOAST Senate district

- West Sacramento below I-80 excluded

- Balance three Assembly districts within < -0.25% deviation

See equivalency file 20110616_VanMeter_AD_MARINalt1.zip
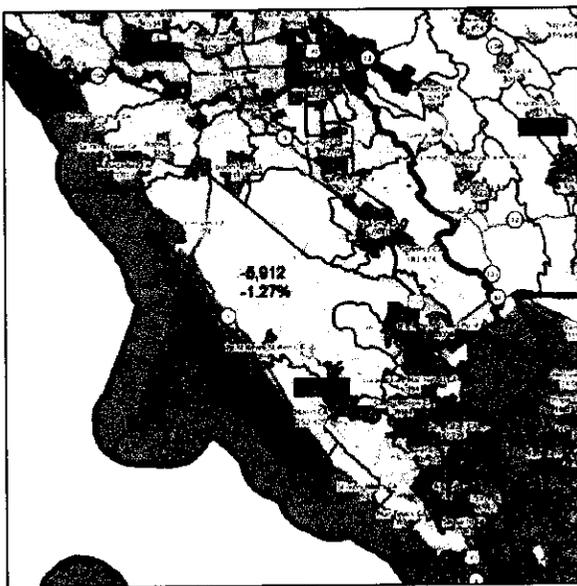
Marin Assembly District Proposal, 6-7-11
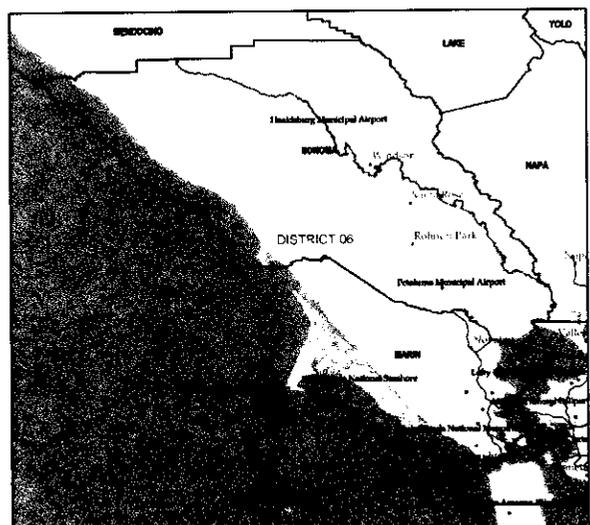
Retain Current Congressional District (shown), adjusting the line northeast within Sonoma County for population

CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO   OFFICE OF THE CITY ATTORNEY

DENNIS J. HERRERA   *06.27.11.AE*   49
City Attorney

June 27, 2011

Citizens Redistricting Commission
901 P Street, Suite 154-A
Sacramento, CA 95814

Re: Importance of assigning an odd number to San Francisco's State Senate District

Dear Commissioners:

I write to urge the Citizens Redistricting Commission to assign an odd number to San Francisco's remaining State Senate District.

Designating the district as odd would be the simplest, most elegant approach to avoid a highly problematic scenario in which the majority of the City and County of San Francisco's population would be forced to go without elected representation in the California State Senate for two years. Such a loss of representation—even temporarily—would be far worse than a mere inconvenience to thousands of San Franciscans. It would be a potentially devastating setback to the particular rights and interests of all of California's LGBT citizens, who have historically looked to San Francisco's elected legislators for leadership on issues of concern to their community.

As we were powerfully reminded by the New York State Senate's narrow approval of equal marriage rights for same-sex couples last Friday, our nation's LGBT community is in the midst of an historic time in its long and difficult struggle for equality. California has been among the states at the forefront of that movement, and no municipality has been more forcefully in the vanguard than San Francisco. Should a quirk in the numbering of State Senate districts eliminate San Francisco's representation during this critical time, the detrimental effects would reach far beyond my own City's borders. It would be gravely unfair to Californians who have been too long marginalized, and too often denied rights to which they are entitled.

In amending our State Constitution, California voters charged the Citizens Redistricting Commission with establishing legislative districts that ensure fair representation. Surely, that charge requires recognition for the particular leadership some districts offer to statewide constituencies. Perhaps no legislative districts are more important to California's LGBT community than San Francisco's. The commission can secure the worthy objective of fairness for all here by simply assigning an odd number to San Francisco's State Senate seat. I appreciate your consideration of my request, and I thank you for your hard work in the difficult task of leading California's redistricting process.

Sincerely,

DENNIS J. HERRERA

· San Francisco, California 94102

#51

Commissioners: 06.27.11.AF

I am submitting information about communities of interest in the East Bay area near San Francisco. I have lived in various cities in the East Bay for most of the last 30 years, in both Alameda and Contra Costa Counties. In addition to being an interested citizen, I have been active in recent months as a volunteer Regional Organizer, Greater East Bay, for MoveOn.org.

In that role, I owe no allegiance to any political party, and I've spent many months of work related to the areas currently in Congressional Districts 7, 9, 10, 11, and 13. Many of my remarks echo the testimony you received in Oakland on May 21st; some are in opposition to portions of that testimony.

1. The boundary between Contra Costa and Alameda Counties generally does not form a boundary between social, economic, or climatological communities of interest. In today's world it is an artificial, legal, political boundary, nothing more. For example, Cerrito Creek, which is the boundary between Contra Costa and Alameda Counties from its mouth on San Francisco Bay to as far east as it is discernable, is insignificant. It does not form even a slight barrier between the two counties—much of the creek was placed underground when the area was urbanized many decades ago. In today's world it is an insignificant, mostly-invisible feature. A stranger, even an observant one, does not realize that she has transitioned from one county to the other unless she notices a city limits or county line sign.

2. In contrast, the ridgeline which begins roughly in El Sobrante and extends southeastward in an unbroken line to the east of the cities (and unincorporated areas) of Richmond, El Cerrito, Kensington, Albany, Berkeley, Emeryville, Oakland, Piedmont, Alameda, and San Leandro, and ends in Castro Valley, is a significant natural boundary separating two very different communities of interest. Most of the ridgeline is in parkland or other designated open space which will never be developed.

The cities to the west of the ridgeline share a climate which is influenced greatly by marine air from the Pacific Ocean and San Francisco Bay. They also share shopping, transportation,

entertainment, and culture, along with ready access to the cultural heart of the Bay Area, the city of San Francisco. While there is a gap in Castro Valley in the ridgeline, it resumes again to the east of Hayward, Union City, Newark, and Fremont. The shared climate, social, commercial, and transportation systems of these cities near San Francisco Bay also extend north from El Sobrante through the cities of Pinole, Hercules, Rodeo, and Crockett to the Carquinez Strait, which forms another natural barrier. Residents of the bayside cities rarely travel to the cities east of the ridgeline for shopping, social contact, education, or entertainment.

The cities to the east of the ridgeline share climate, social, commercial, and transportation systems with each other. I'm speaking here of the cities of Martinez, Pittsburg, Antioch, Pleasant Hill, Concord, Clayton, Walnut Creek, Alamo, Danville, San Ramon, Dublin, Pleasanton, and Livermore. Their climate is influenced much less by the marine effect of the ocean and bay, and much more by the four-season climate of the Central Valley of California. Their residents rarely travel to the bayside cities for shopping, education, social interaction, or entertainment.

3. To the north, the Carquinez Strait, Suisun Bay, and San Joaquin River form a natural barrier equally as significant as the El Sobrante/El Cerrito/Berkeley/Oakland/San Leandro/Hayward /Fremont ridgeline. Socially, culturally, climatologically, and economically, the cities and open space north of the waters mentioned in the first sentence of this paragraph are a world apart from the bayside cities. Most of the area north of the waters is physically and culturally agricultural.

4. Another significant barrier creating separate communities of interest exists in the vast open spaces surrounding Mt. Diablo and trending southeast from it across Altamont Pass. Culturally, commercially, and socially, the cities south of the San Joaquin River and Suisun Bay and along the Interstate 680 corridor plus Livermore are vastly different from the cities of Brentwood, Stockton, Manteca, and Tracy, which are on the eastern side of the Mt. Diablo/Altamont Pass open space areas. Little agriculture remains in the I-680 corridor, in contrast to Brentwood, Stockton, Manteca, and Tracy, which are islands in a sea of agriculture.

5. How do I envision new, compact Congressional Districts being laid out? Probably two districts south of Carquinez Strait and on the bay side of the El Sobrante to Fremont ridgeline, with the boundary between the two districts placed so that it achieves the equality of population which is required. If necessary to achieve the required

population level, cities like Crockett and Martinez could be included or not. And Newark, the southern portion of Fremont, and Milpitas could also be included or not, in order to reach the necessary population level.

6. Probably another two districts south of the Carquinez Strait/Suisun Bay/ San Joaquin River waters, east of the El Sobrante to Fremont ridgeline and mostly west of the Mt. Diablo to Altamont Pass and beyond open spaces. The boundary line between these two districts could be positioned so that it serves to equalize their population to the required extent. I include in this area the cities of Pittsburg and Antioch because they are more like the other cities I'll list in this group than they are like the areas north of the Carquinez/Suisun waters or like Brentwood, Stockton, and Tracy. Pittsburg and Antioch are linked to the other urban centers of the immediate San Francisco Bay Area by the Bay Area Rapid Transit (BART) system.

The bulk of the population in this corridor is in three areas commonly known as Lamorinda (Lafayette, Moraga, Orinda); the Diablo Valley (Pleasant Hill, Concord, Clayton, and Walnut Creek); and the Tri-Valley area (Alamo, Danville, San Ramon, Dublin, Pleasanton, and Livermore). The latter group has long been recognized as a community of interest—they are the principal cities in "Tri-Valley" telephone directories published by Pacific Bell/SBC/now AT&T, for decades. Wikipedia even contains a definition of the Tri-Valley area:

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tri-Valley

I look forward to the results of your work. I am tired of dealing with the extreme gerrymandering of the California Legislature which created such districts as CD_11, with its bizarre shape and incredible geographic, social, cultural, and economic disparity.

I will make the effort to attend another of your public hearings if there are questions you'd like to ask me.

Respectfully submitted,
Frank Burton

My Areas: My Congressional District 18

Map points of interest ▸

Map thematic data ▸

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio   [Go]   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps
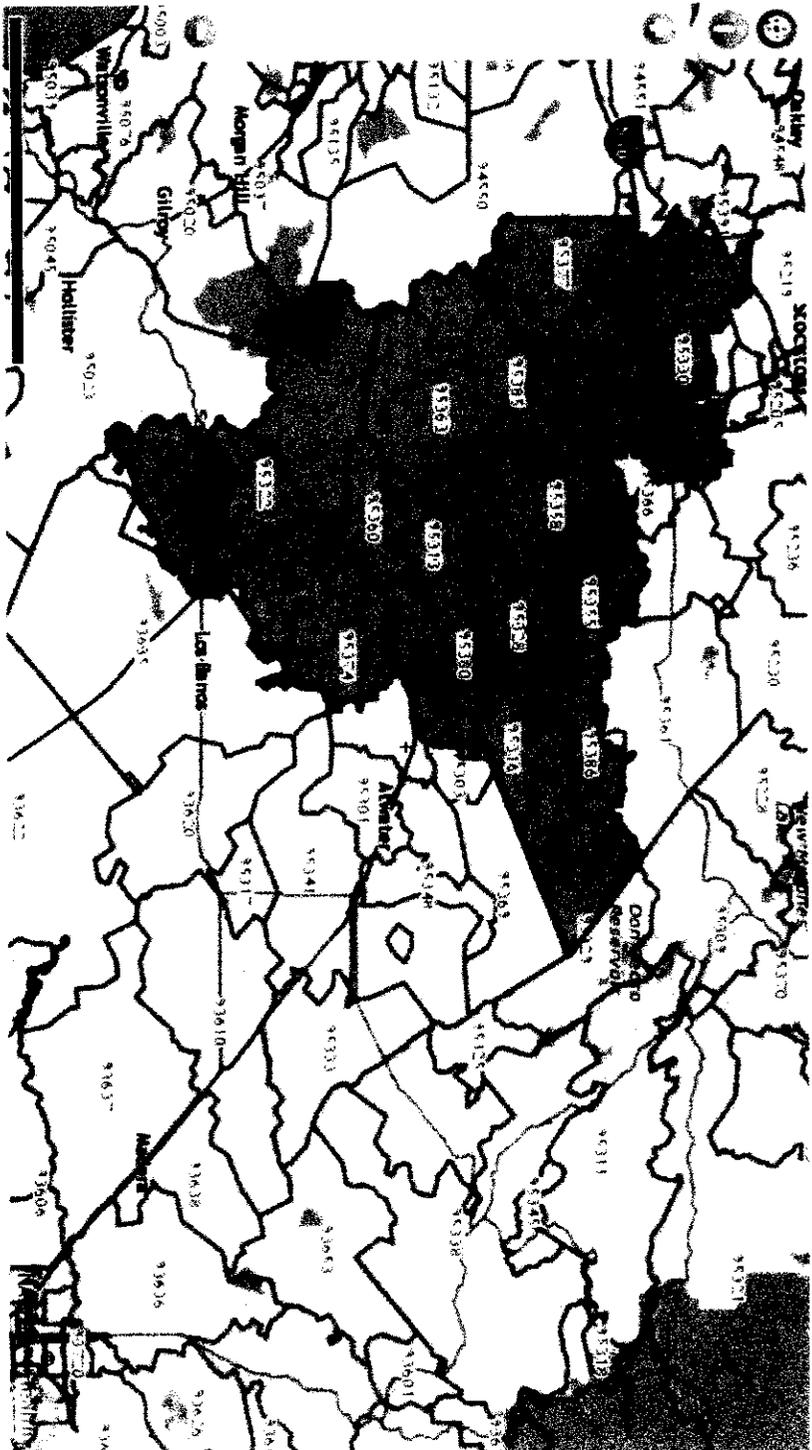
My Congressional District 18

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:

Original District = |

	Original District	

Total Population   704,916

Ideal   702,905

Variance   0.29%

Original District   723,607

Population ⓘ

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

	My District 18	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	400,738	370,676

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 18	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	41.92%	52.66%
	295,477	381,03
White alone	43.91%	29.45%
	309,527	213,11
Black or African American alone	3.40%	5.54%
	23,836	40,11
Asian	7.11%	9.26%
	50,091	66,99
Some Other Race	0.73%	0.69%
	5,151	4,99

My Areas: My Congressional District 19

Map thematic data ▸

Map points of interest ▸

Edit area ✕

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

Pan	Add	Remove

My Congressional District 19

Add New
Start Over
Download Equivalency File
Save Boundaries

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio **Go**   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

Nevada

⊕ ⊖ ⊙

My Congressional District 19

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:

Original District = |

Population

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?   ⓘ

Total Population	701,583
Ideal	702,905
Variance	-0.19%
Original District	757,337

Citizen Voting Age Population   ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 19	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	409,481	466,943

Ethnicity / Race   ⓘ

	My District 19	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	49.13%	37.26%
	344,672	282,15
White alone	42.41%	49.82%
	297,557	377,33
Black or African American alone	3.00%	3.73%
	21,035	28,23
Asian	2.42%	5.74%
	16,968	43,43
Some Other Race	1.32%	1.06%
	9,232	8,04

My Areas: My Congressional District 20

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio [Go]   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area *

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

My Congressional District 20	Add New
	Start Over
	Download Equivalency File
	Save Boundaries

| Pan | Add | Remove |
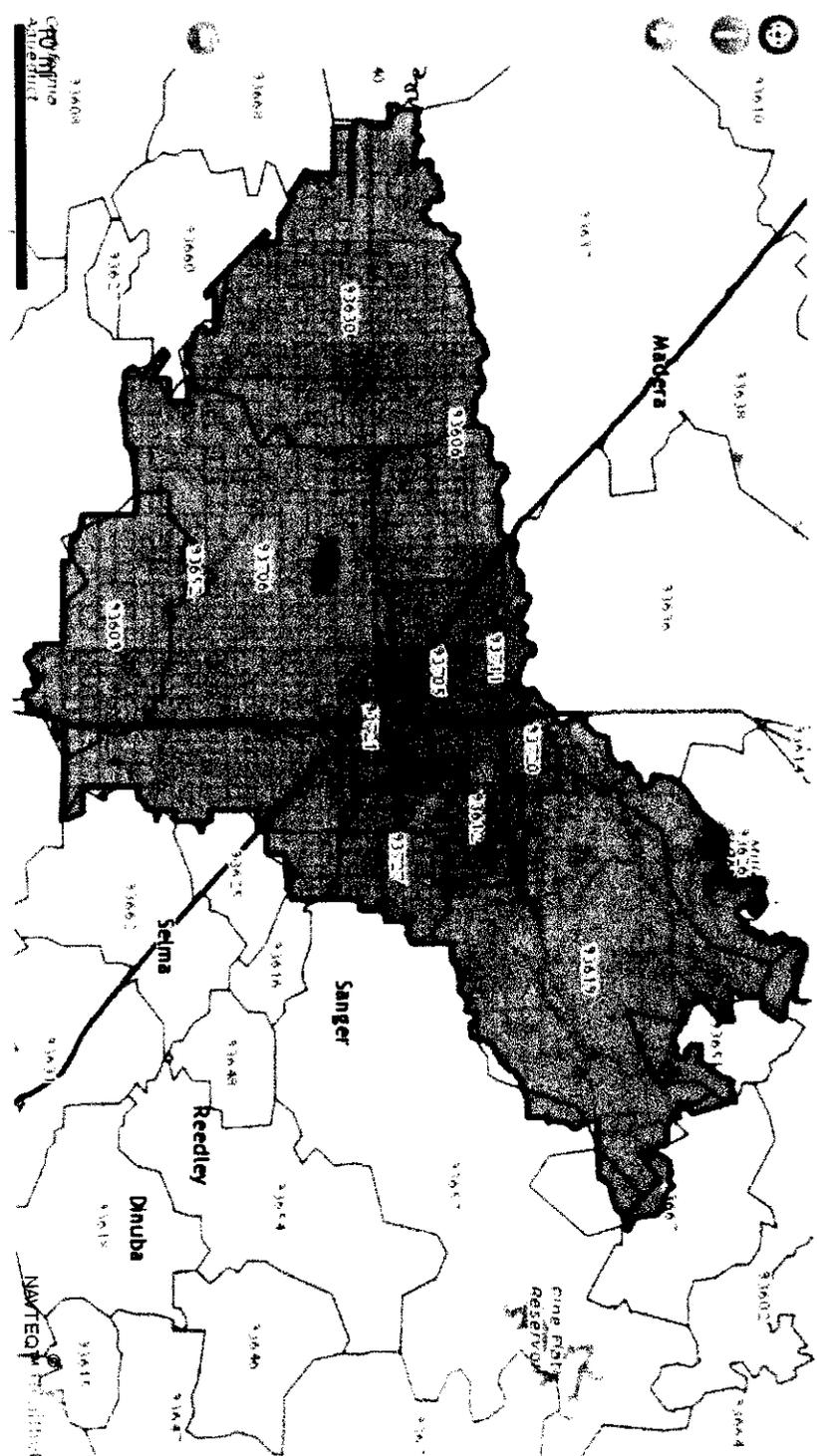
My Congressional District 20

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

Population

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

Total Population	707,685
Ideal	702,905
Variance	0.68%
Original District	744,350

Citizen Voting Age Population ①

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 20	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	397,924	323,361

Ethnicity / Race ①

	My District 20	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	44.07%	70.36%
	311,865	523,70
White alone	35.53%	16.57%
	251,448	123,31
Black or African American alone	5.97%	5.97%
	42,235	44.40
Asian	11.48%	5.14%
	81,222	38.28
Some Other Race	0.83%	0.81%
	5,897	6.03

Map labels: Madera, Selma, Sanger, Reedley, Dinuba, Newt EQ

My Areas: My Congressional District 21

Zoom to My A | My Congressio **Go** | Find your district | Show other boundaries | Next steps

Map thematic data ▼

Map points of interest ▼

Edit area ✎

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

My Congressional District 21

Add New
Start Over
Download Equivalency File
Save Boundaries
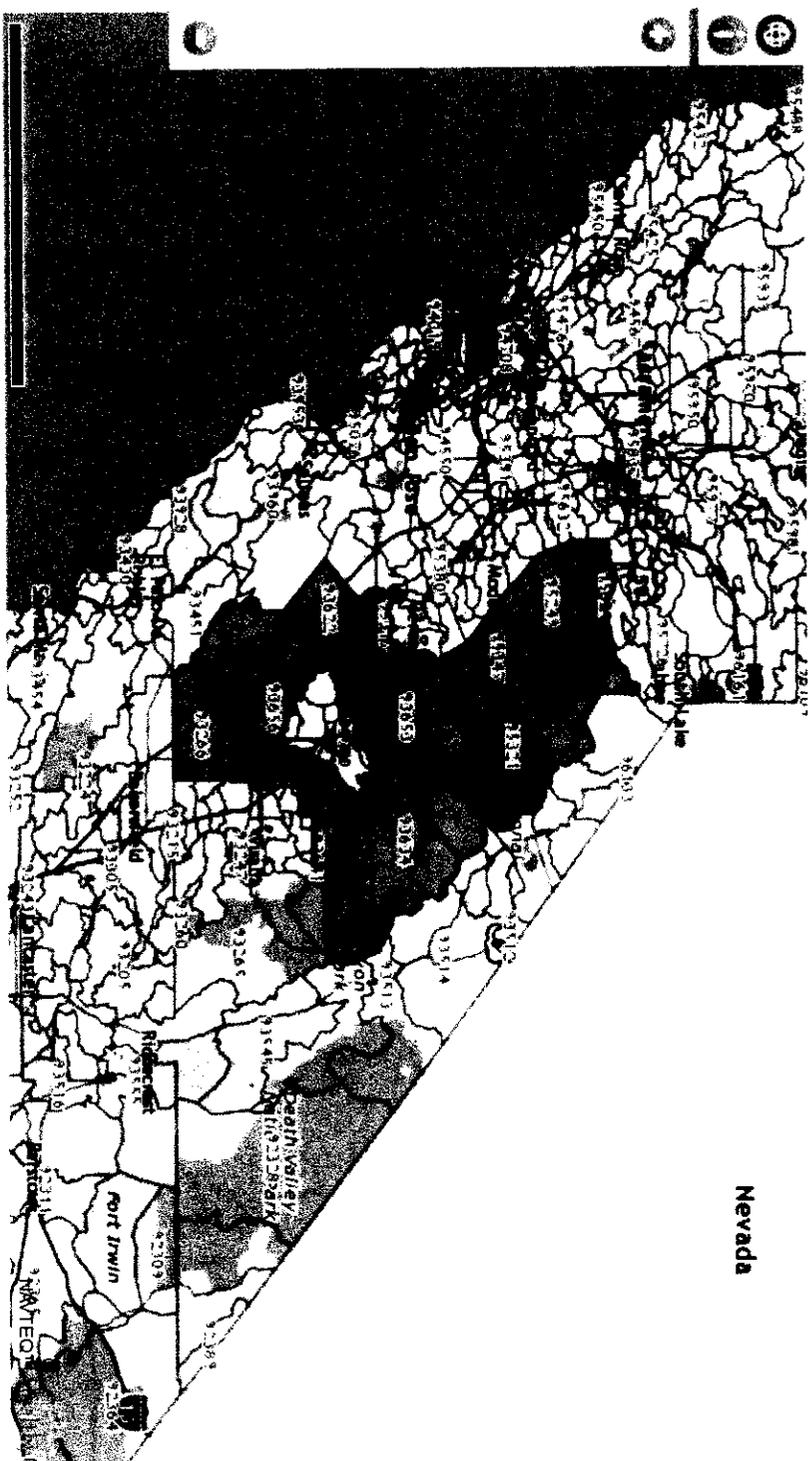
Pan | Add | Remove

My Congressional District 21

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

Original District	784,176
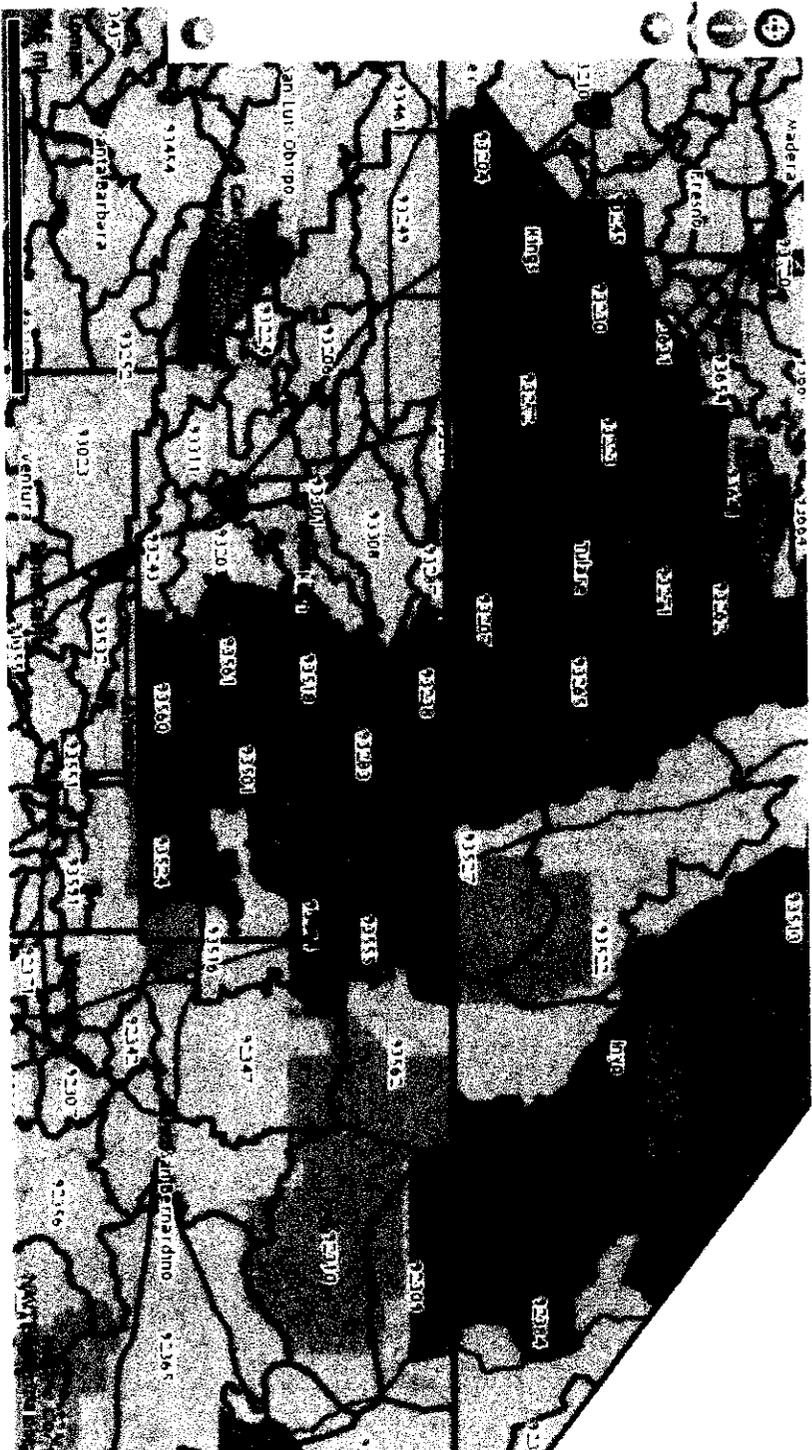
Population ⓘ

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

Total Population	709,331
Ideal	702,905
Variance	0.91%

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 21	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	383,529	420,685

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 21	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	52.20% 370,295	51.16% 401,19
White alone	38.74% 274,774	37.30% 292,53
Black or African American alone	2.93% 20,806	2.03% 15,92
Asian	3.26% 23,118	6.83% 53,59
Some Other Race	1.04% 7,406	0.93% 7,2

My Areas: My Congressional District 22

## Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ⚹

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

My Congressional District 22

	Add New
	Start Over
	Download Equivalency File
	Save Boundaries

Pan   Add   Remove

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio   **Go**   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

25 mi

My Congressional District 22

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

Population

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement? ⓘ

Total Population	706,011
Ideal	702,905
Variance	0.44%
Original District	797,084

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 22	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	353,307	490,730

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 22	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	53.84% 380,124	32.02% 255,20
White alone	33.90% 239,338	54.26% 432,48
Black or African American alone	5.41% 38,185	6.19% 49,37
Asian	4.34% 30,863	4.05% 32,32
Some Other Race	0.83% 5,887	0.99% 7,87

My Areas: My Congressional District 23

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio **Go**   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ✷

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

My Congressional District 23

Pan	**Add New**
Add	**Start Over**
	Download Equivalency File
Remove	**Save Boundaries**

My Congressional District 23

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:

Original District = |

Population ⓘ

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

Total Population	697,074
Ideal	702,905
Variance	-0.83%
Original District	695,404

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 23	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	453,079	406,084

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 23	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	34.50%	49.48%
	240,501	344,08
White alone	56.73%	41.10%
	395,487	285,82
Black or African American alone	1.78%	1.57%
	12,378	10,93
Asian	4.12%	5.45%
	28,743	37,89
Some Other Race	0.69%	0.49%
	4,789	3,39

My Areas: My Congressional District 24

Comment on CA   Access Data

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio [Go]   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps
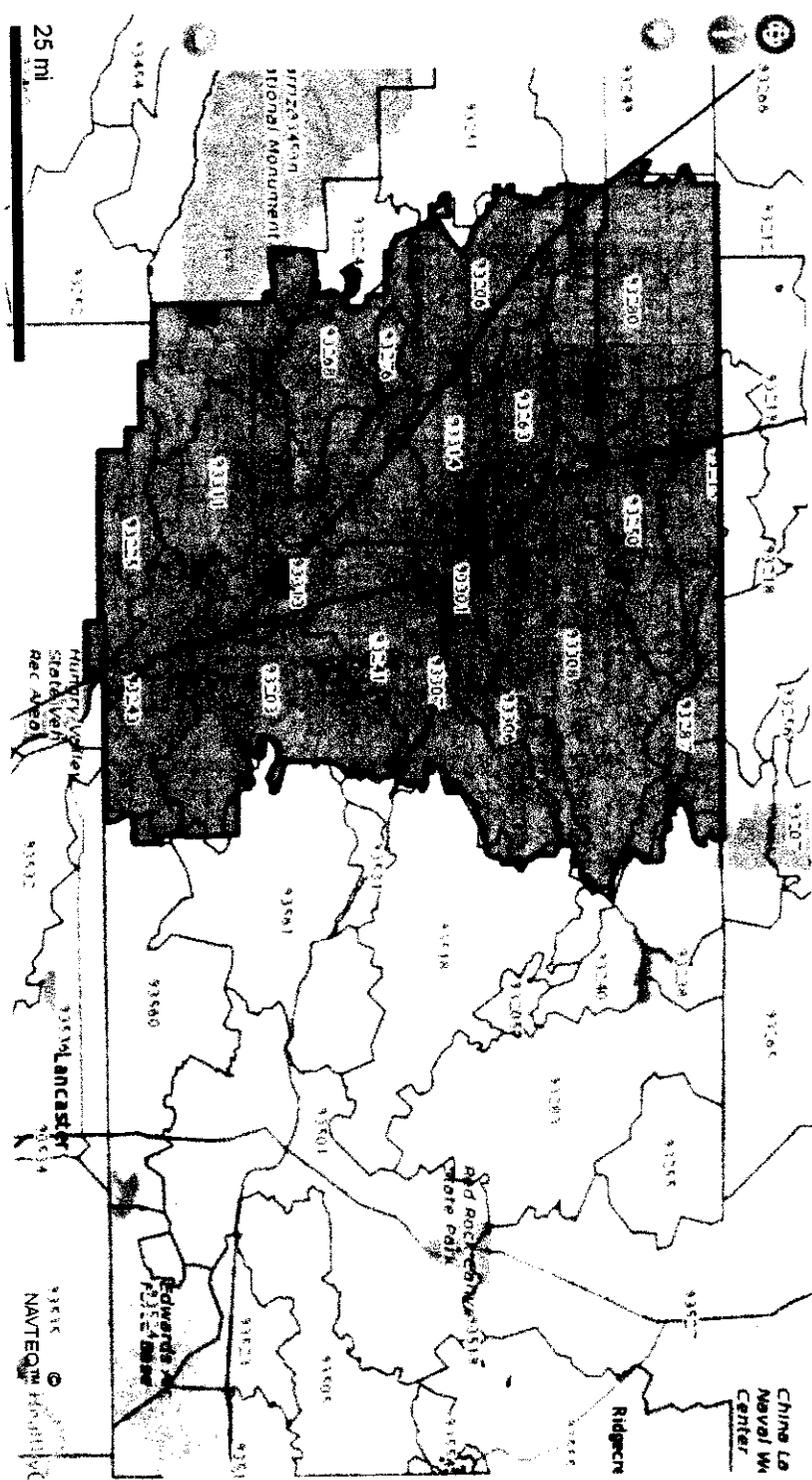
Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ✎

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

My Congressional District 24

Add New
Start Over
Download Equivalency File
Save Boundaries

Pan   Add   Remove

My Congressional District 24

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |
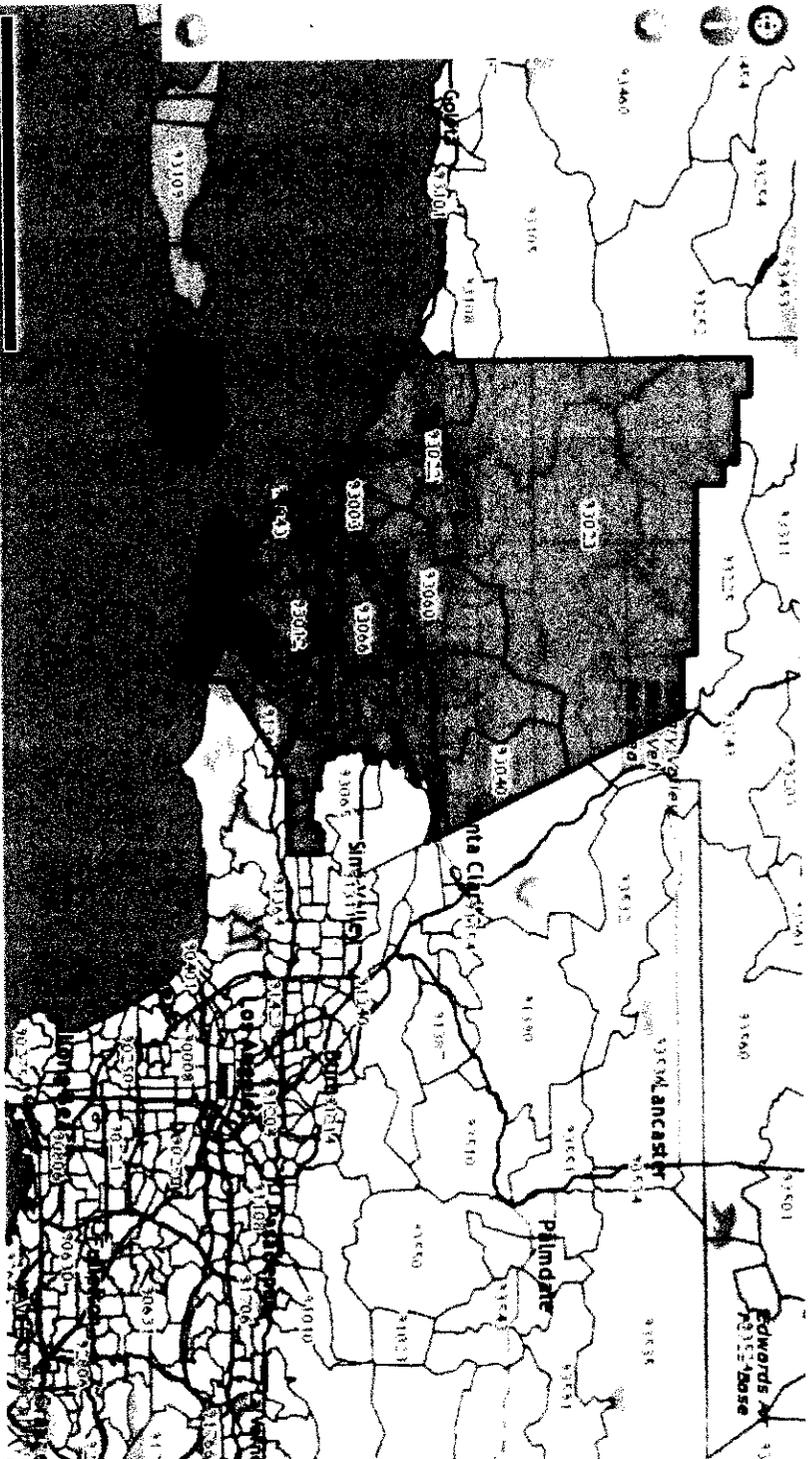
Population

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement? ⓘ

Total Population	695,304
Ideal	702,905
Variance	-1.08%
Original District	681,622

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 24	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	406,953	438,250

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 24	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	43.45%	28.81%
	302,142	196,36
White alone	46.00%	60.30%
	319,860	411,04
Black or African American alone	1.65%	1.52%
	11,439	10,33
Asian	6.31%	6.28%
	43,881	42,80
Some Other Race	0.45%	0.55%
	3,112	3,76

My Areas: My Congressional District 27

Map thematic data ▼

Map points of interest ▼

Edit area ✎

Start re-drawing by adding or removing Census Blocks from your district. Click on **"Add"** or **"Remove"** below to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

My Congressional District 27

- Add New
- Start Over
- Download Equivalency File
- Save Boundaries

Pan   Add   Remove

My Congressional District 27

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:

Original District = |

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio [Go]   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps
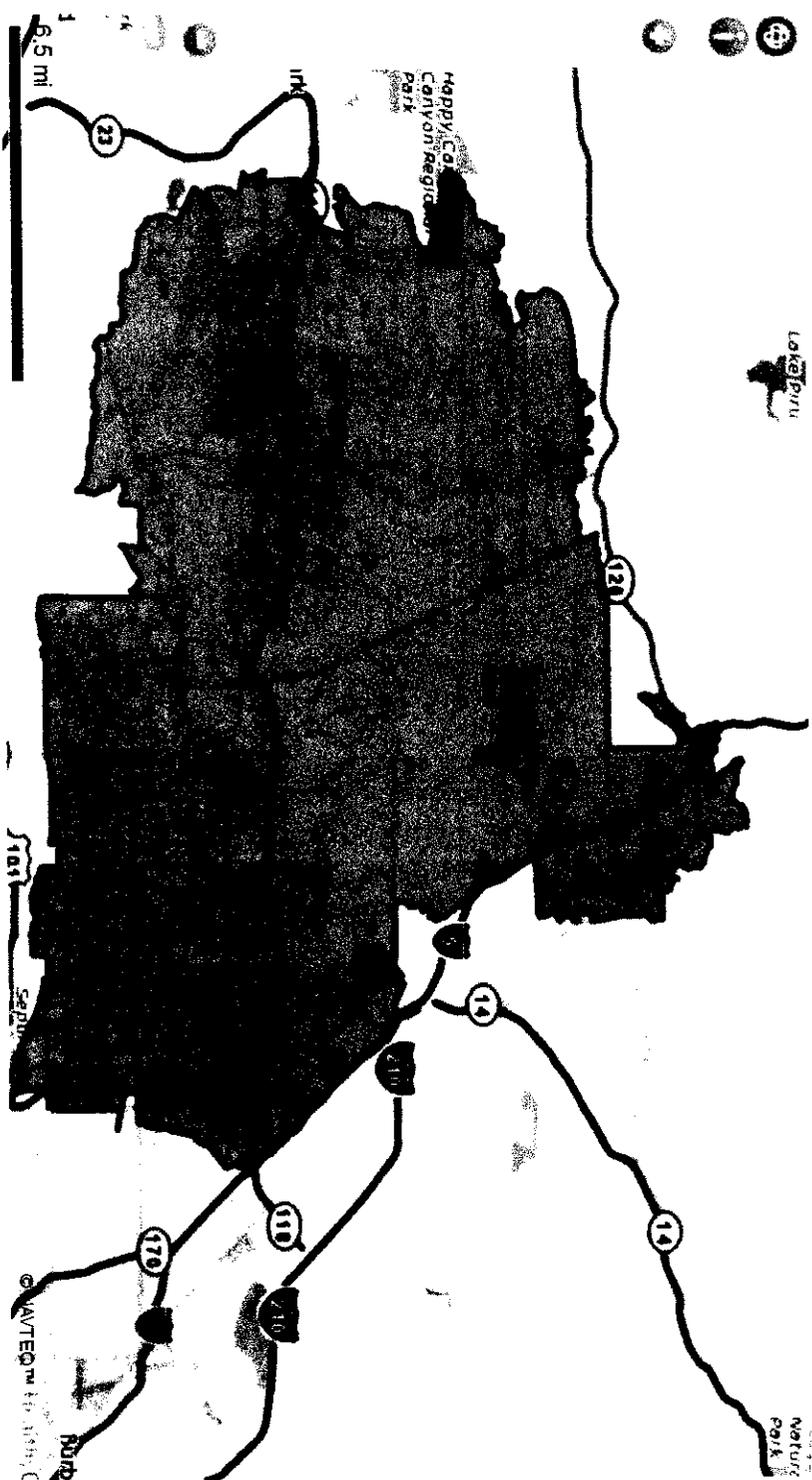
Population (i)

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

Total Population	714,369
Ideal	702,905
Variance	1.63%
Original District	684,496

Citizen Voting Age Population (i)

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 27	Original District
Hispanic or Latino Citizen Voting Age Population	22.03% 91,858	27.28% 106,571
Asian	13.01% 54,126	11.94% 46,626

Ethnicity / Race (i)

	My District 27	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	36.63% 261,845	42.30% 269,52
White alone	42.90% 306,469	38.03% 260.31
Black or African American alone	3.55% 25,339	4.30% 29,40
Asian	13.89% 99,248	12.43% 85,08

My Areas: My Congressional
District 28

Map thematic data ▼

Map points of interest ▼

Edit area ☞

Start re-drawing by adding or removing Census Blocks from your district. Click on **"Add"** or **"Remove"** below to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

My Congressional
District 28

	Add New
	Start Over
	Download Equivalency
	File
	Save Boundaries

Pan   Add   Remove

My Congressional District 28

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:

Original District

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio [Go]   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

---

Population ⓘ

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

Total Population	704,678
Ideal	702,905
Variance	0.25%
Original District	660,194

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 28	Original District
Hispanic or Latino Citizen Voting Age Population	33.98% 123,829	37.69% 123,707
Asian	9.07% 33,063	8.03% 26,355

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 28	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	51.34% 381,809	57.51% 379,69
White alone	34.73% 244,737	30.46% 201,06
Black or African American alone	3.21% 22,805	3.38% 22,33
Asian	8.34% 58,761	6.59% 43,50

My Areas: My Congressional District 29

Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ⊗

Start re-drawing by adding or removing Census Blocks from your district. Click on **"Add"** or **"Remove"** below to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

My Congressional District 29

 Add New
 Start Over
 Download Equivalency File
 Save Boundaries

Pan Add Remove
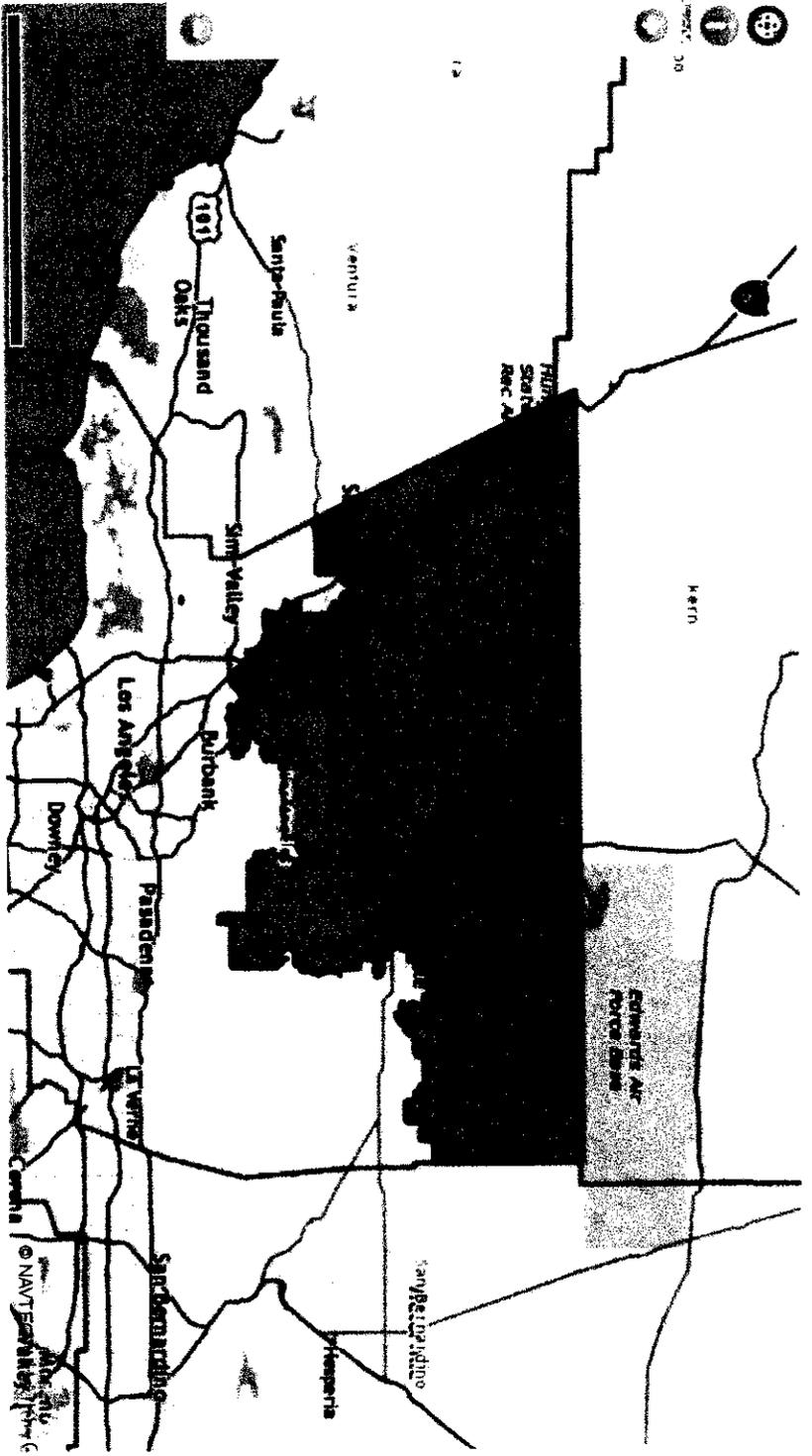
My Congressional District 29

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:

Original District = |

Zoom to My A My Congressio [Go] Find your district Show other boundaries Next steps

Population ⓘ

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

	My District 29	Original District
Total Population	709,165	
Ideal	702,905	
Variance	0.89%	
Original District		642,138

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 29	Original District
Hispanic or Latino Citizen Voting Age Population	32.47% 123,069	21.15% 87,164
Asian	5.42% 20,552	24.08% 99,252

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 29	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	46.49% 329,658	25.04% 160,76
White alone	35.21% 249,685	39.51% 253,72
Black or African American alone	9.87% 69,994	4.63% 29,74
Asian	5.56% 39,431	27.79% 178,46

My Areas: My Congressional

District 30

Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area »

Start re-drawing by adding or removing Census Blocks from your district. Click on **"Add"** or **"Remove"** below to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

My Congressional
District 30

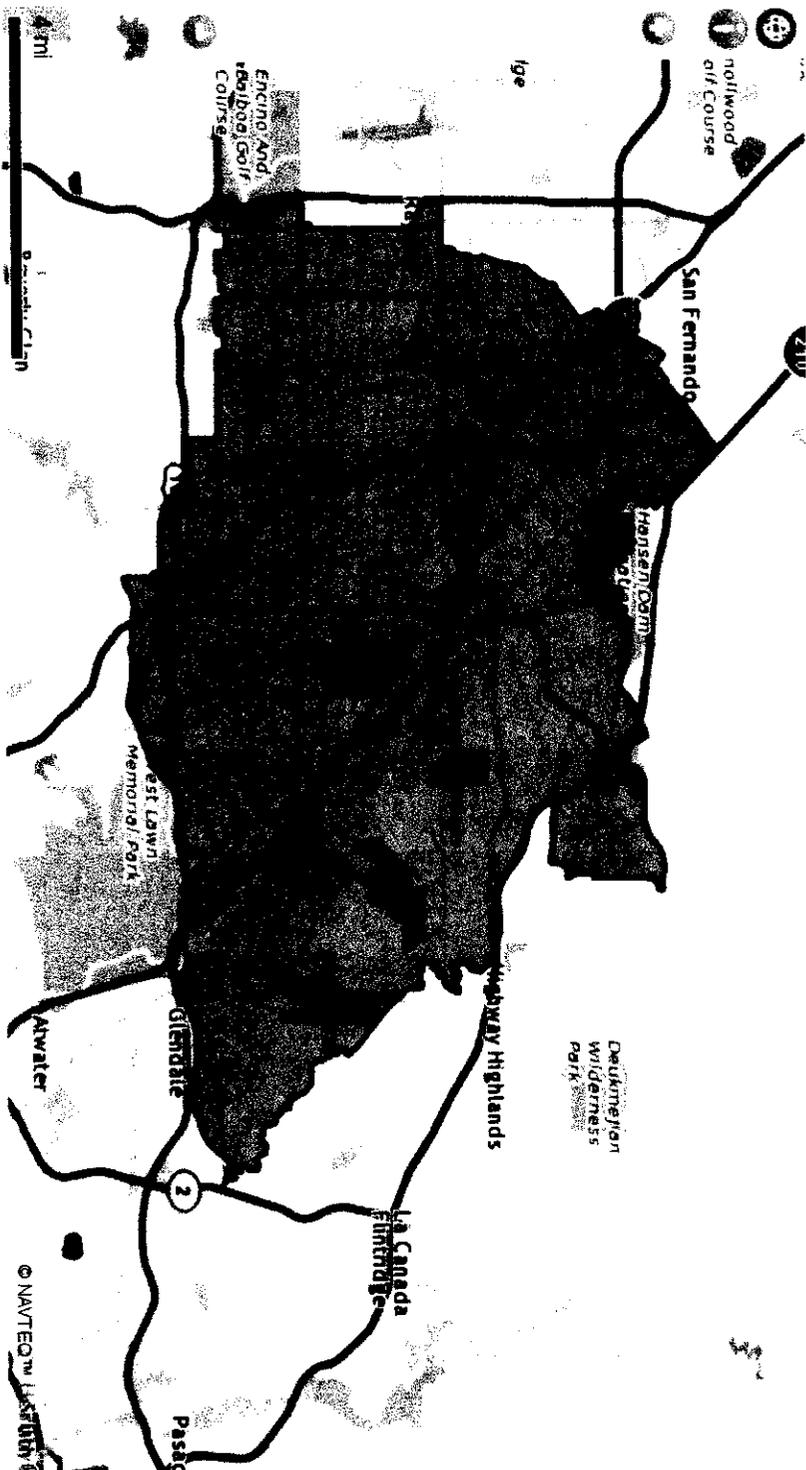| | Add New |
	Start Over
	Download Equivalency
	File
	Save Boundaries

Pan   Add   Remove
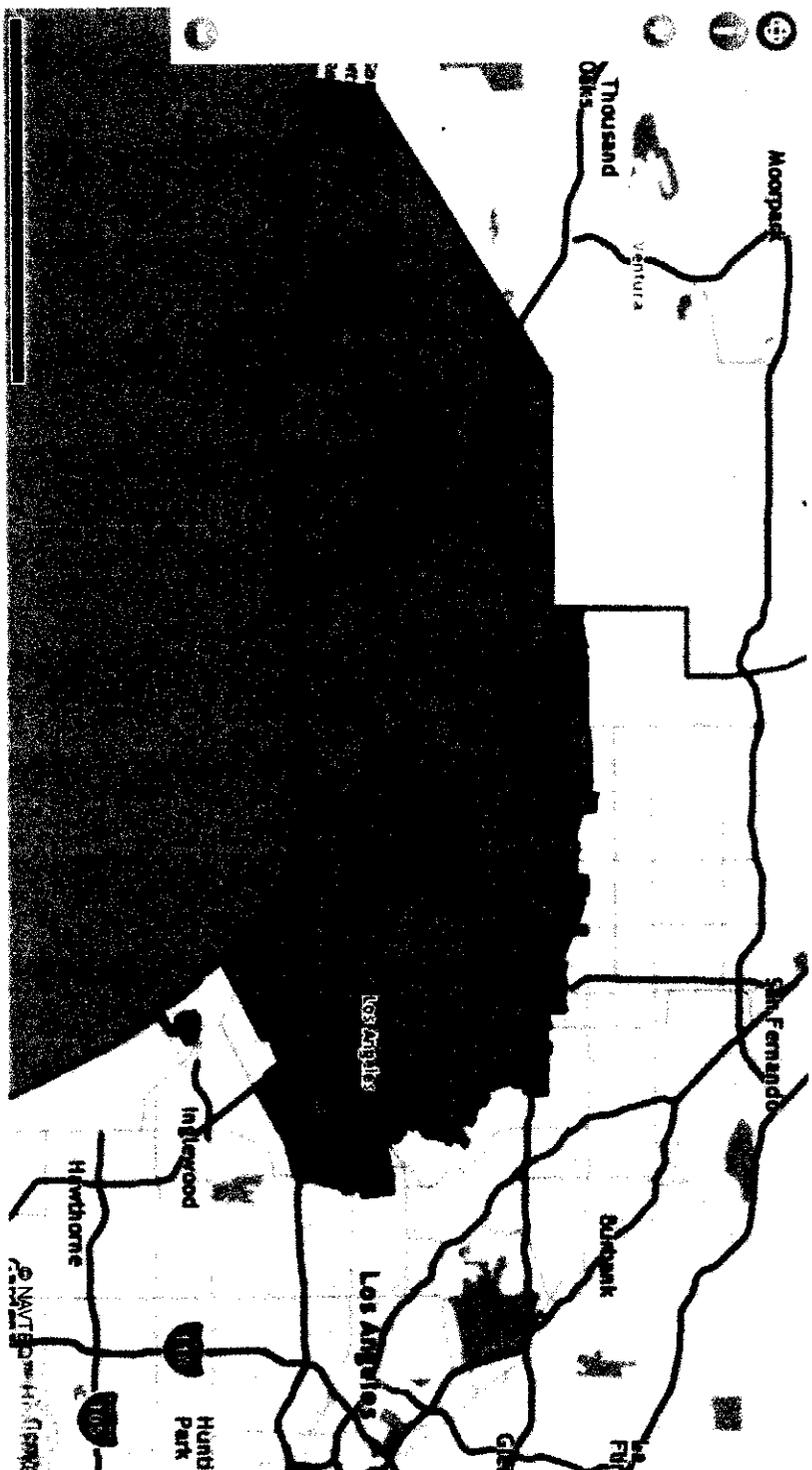
My Congressional District 30

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:

Original District

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio   **Go**   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

Population

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement? ⓘ

Total Population	700,963
Ideal	702,905
Variance	-0.28%
Original District	662,319

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 30	Original District
Hispanic or Latino Citizen Voting Age Population	8.41% 42,098	7.89% 38,385
Asian	9.16% 45,825	8.80% 42,830

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 30	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	11.53% 80,798	10.13% 67,09
White alone	69.63% 488,069	72.13% 477,74
Black or African American alone	3.71% 26,005	2.88% 19,08
Asian	10.98% 76,950	10.92% 72,33

My Areas: My Congressional
District 31

Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▸

Edit area ❊

Start re-drawing by adding or removing Census Blocks from your district. Click on **"Add"** or **"Remove"** below to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

My Congressional
District 31

Add New	Start Over
Download Equivalency File	
Save Boundaries	

Pan   Add   Remove

Zoom to   My A...   My Congressio [Go]   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

My Congressional District 31

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:

Original District = |

Population

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement? ⓘ

Total Population	713,833
Ideal	702,905
Variance	1.55%
Original District	611,336

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 31	Original District
Hispanic or Latino Citizen Voting Age Population	40.15%	49.87%
	147,753	129,370
Asian	15.84%	18.08%
	58,309	46,903

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 31	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	53.31%	68.24%
	380,560	417,18
White alone	26.07%	11.34%
	186,061	69,32
Black or African American alone	3.11%	3.81%
	22,194	23,26
Asian	15.41%	15.06%
	109,970	92,04

My Areas: My Congressional
District 32

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio [Go]   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ❦

Start re-drawing by adding or removing Census
Blocks from your district. Click on "Add" or
"Remove" below to select a method of
adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

My Congressional
District 32

Pan	Add New
	Start Over
	Download Equivalency
	File
Add	Save Boundaries
Remove	

My Congressional District 32
Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data
calculated for the district or area you've selected
above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

Population ⓘ

Does your district meet the "equal
population" requirement?

Total Population	699,793
Ideal	702,905
Variance	-0.44%
Original District	642,236

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under
the protection of the federal Voting
Rights Act.

	My District 32	Original District
Hispanic or Latino Citizen Voting Age Population	26.91% 124,676	53.59% 181,126
Asian	15.98% 74,026	23.52% 79,462

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 32	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	35.62% 249,262	64.19% 412,27
White alone	36.95% 258,558	10.47% 67,23
Black or African American alone	5.54% 38,802	1.90% 12,21
Asian	19.12% 133,815	22.16% 142,29

Palmdale

Alhambra

ngeles

West Covina

Pas

10 m

San Bernardino   Highland

Rancho Cucamonga

© NAVTEQ

Hesperia   Apple Valley

Victorville

Silverwood Lake State Rec Area

My Areas: My Congressional District 48

Edit area ✎

Map points of interest ▾

Map thematic data ▾

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio   **Go**   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps
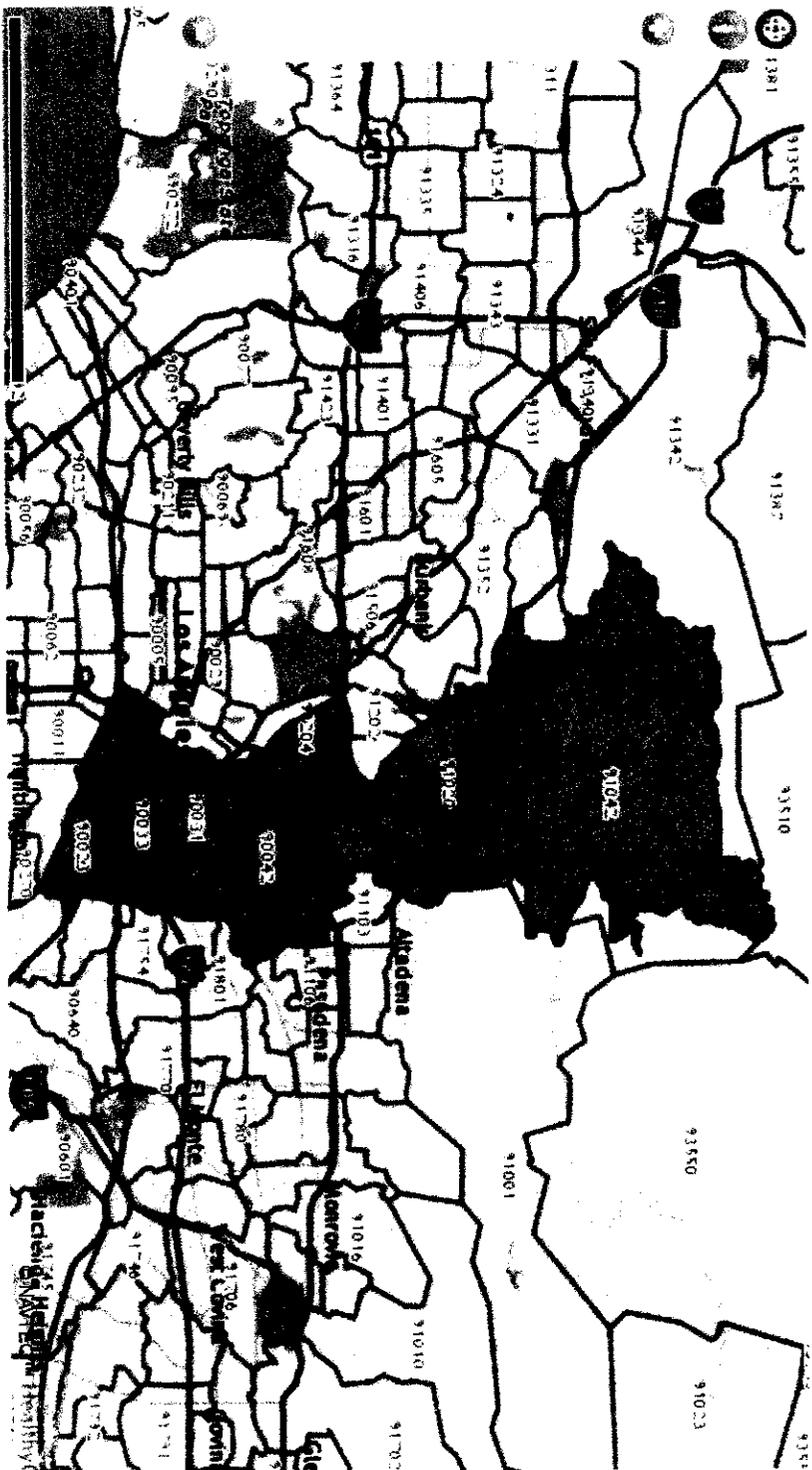
My Congressional District 48

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

Pan	Add	Remove

Add New
Start Over
Download Equivalency File
Save Boundaries

My Congressional District 48

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

Original District	

Population

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

Population	
Total Population	701,997
Ideal	702,905
Variance	-0.13%
Original District	727,833

ⓘ Citizen Voting Age Population

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 48	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	449,780	475,511

ⓘ Ethnicity / Race

	My District 48	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	19.44%	17.95%
	136,458	130,62
White alone	56.09%	58.03%
	393,716	422,38
Black or African American alone	1.40%	1.35%
	9,838	9,84
Asian	19.33%	19.00%
	135,707	138,29
Some Other Race	0.40%	0.40%
	2,810	2,93

NAVTEQ™

My Areas: My Congressional District 49

Map thematic data ▶

Map points of interest ▶

Edit area ✱
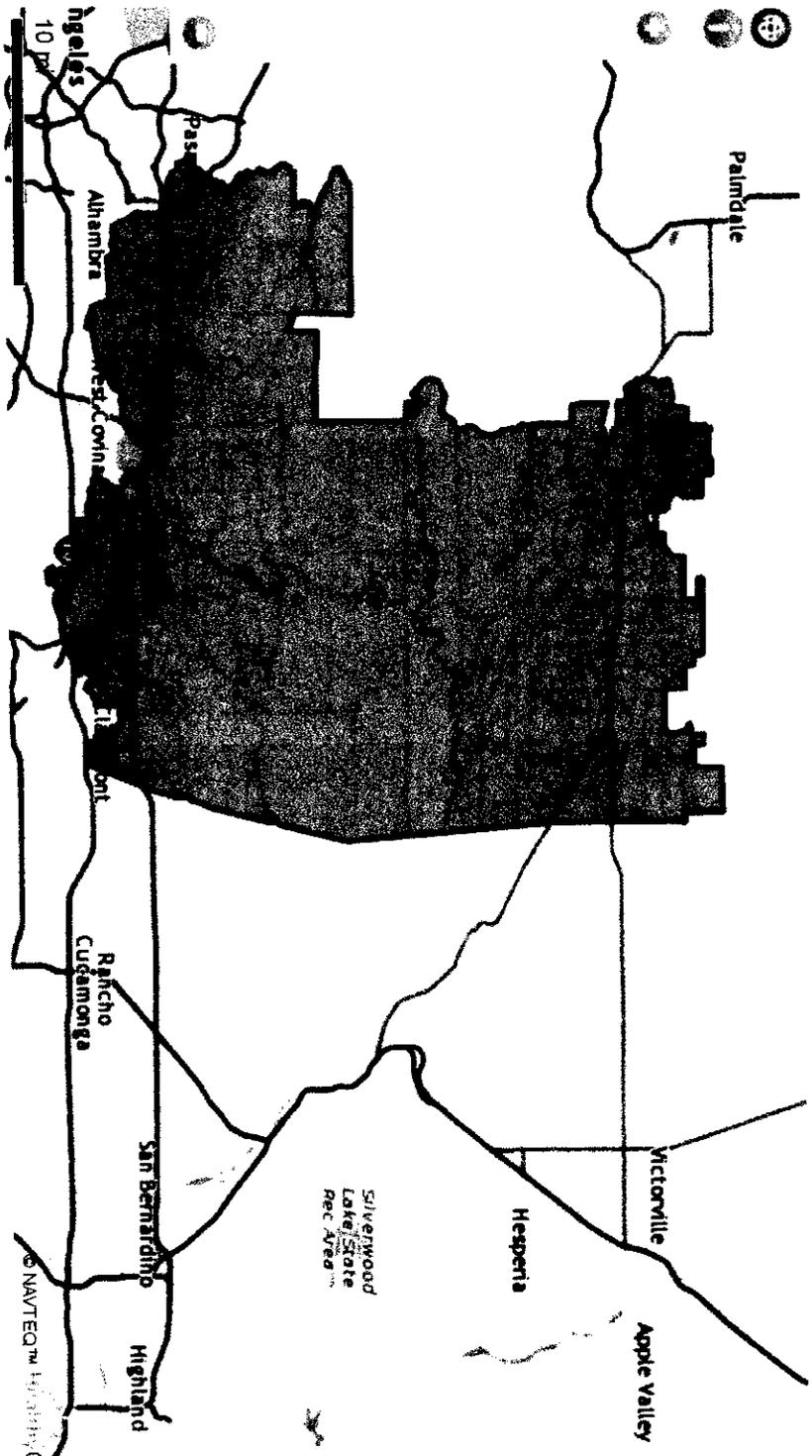
Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

My Congressional District 49

| Add New |
| Start Over |
| Download Equivalency File |
| Save Boundaries |

Pan   Add   Remove
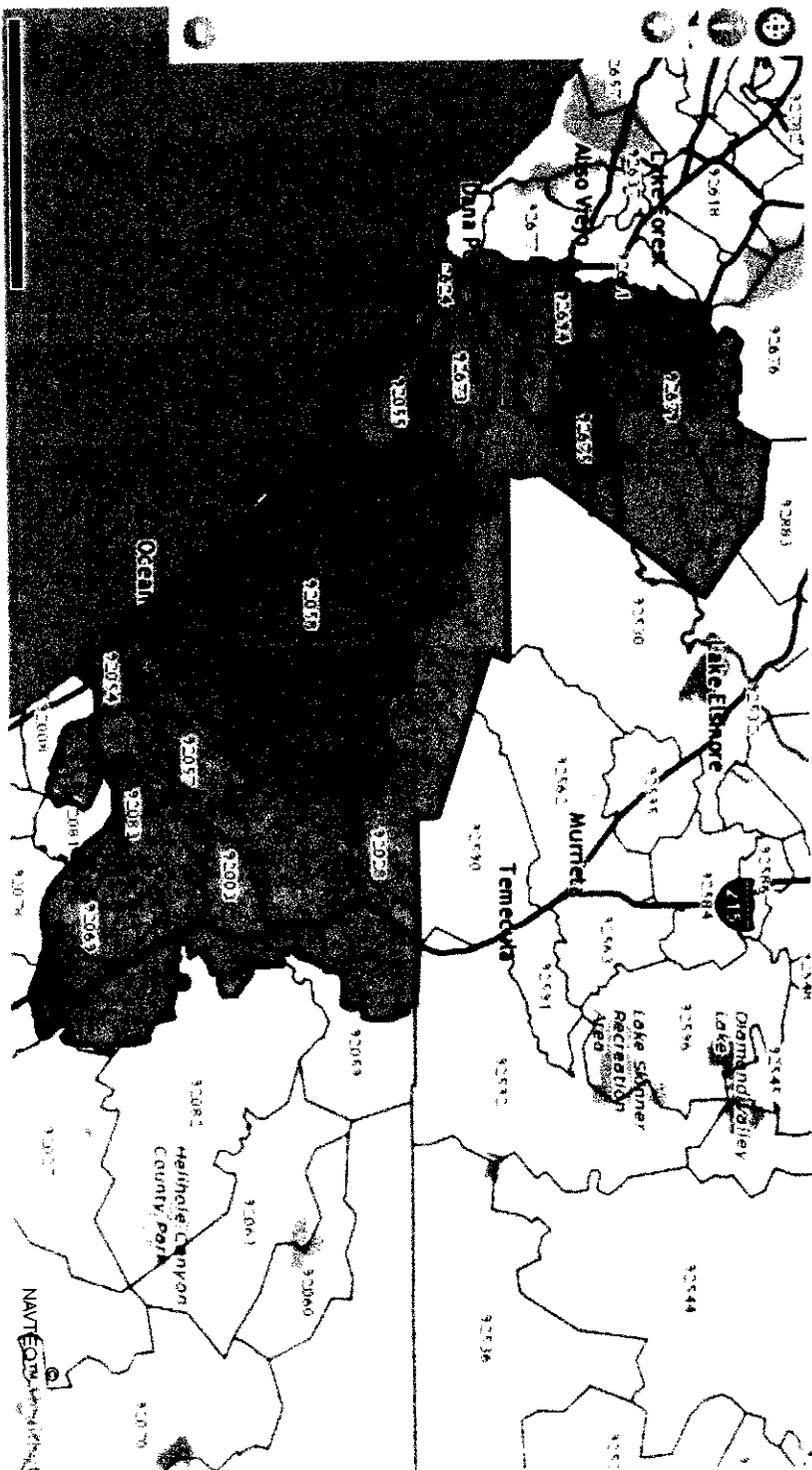
My Congressional District 49

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:

Original District = |

Original District	797,428

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio [Go]   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

Population ⓘ

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

Total Population	694,819
Ideal	702,905
Variance	-1.15%

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 49	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	420,838	463,655

Ethnicity / Race ⓒ

	My District 49	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	31.64% 219,862	38.55% 307,39
White alone	56.16% 390,233	47.88% 381,82
Black or African American alone	2.48% 17,216	4.30% 34,31
Asian	6.33% 43,950	5.56% 44,32
Some Other Race	0.54% 3,774	0.93% 7,43

My Areas: My Congressional District 50

Map points of interest ▾

Map thematic data ▾

Edit area ⚏

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Mapitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

My Congressional District 50	Add New	Start Over
	Download Equivalency File	
	Save Boundaries	

Pan	Add	Remove

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio   **Go**   Find your district   Show other boundaries   **Next steps**
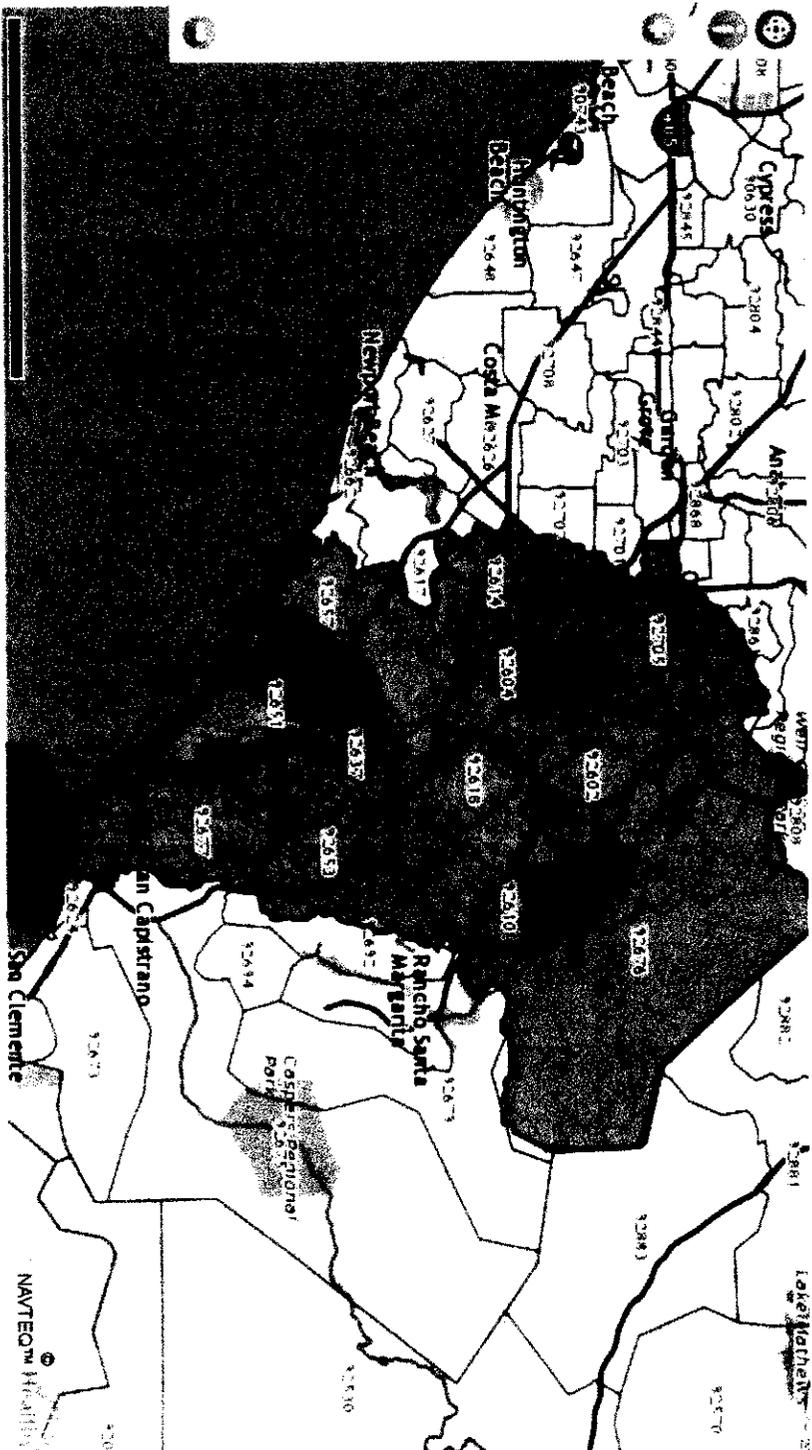
My Congressional District 50

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

Original District	753,135
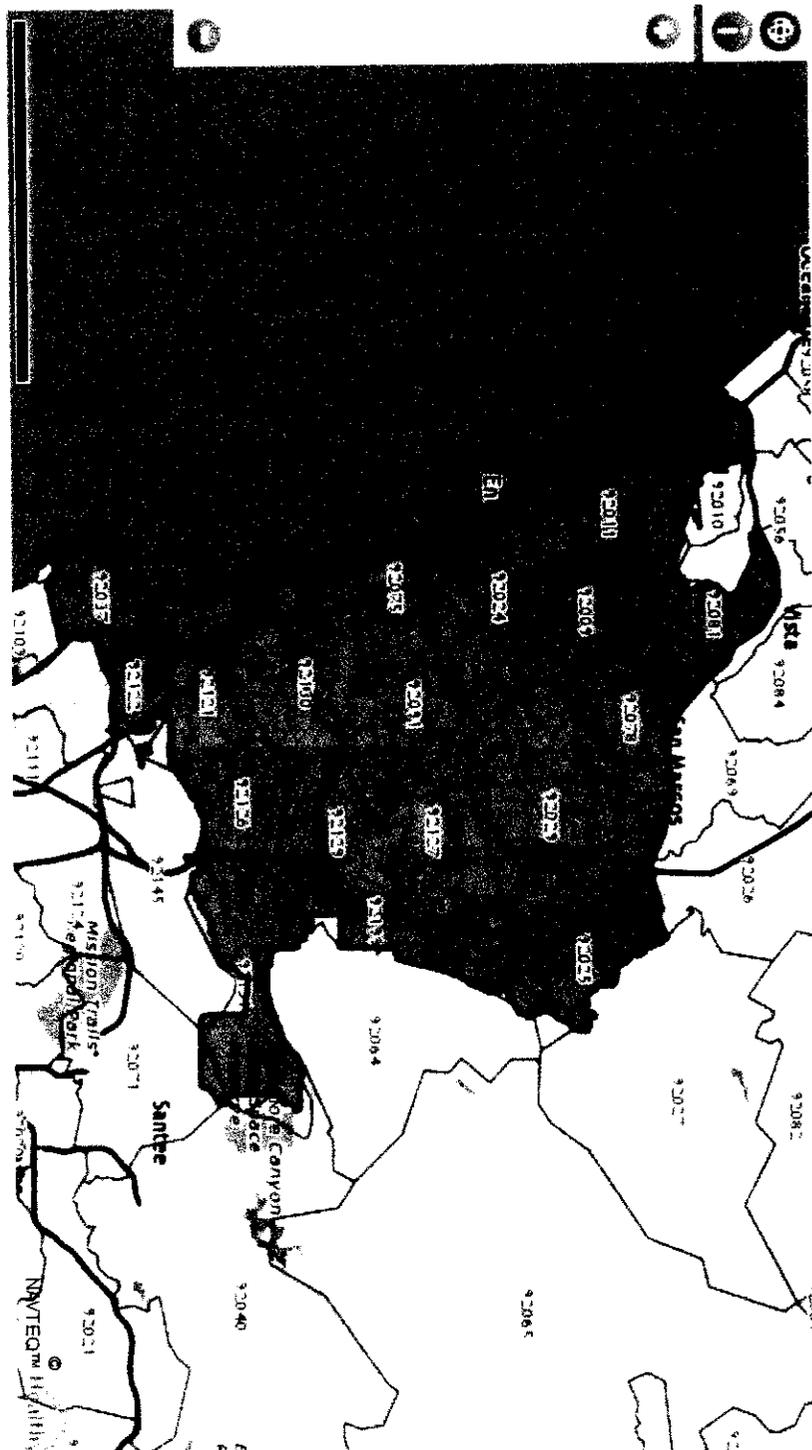
Population ⓘ

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

Total Population	705,194	
Ideal	702,905	
Variance	0.33%	

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 50	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	456,505	465,689

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 50	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	15.10% 106,503	22.22% 187,3
White alone	60.69% 427,958	58.55% 440,9
Black or African American alone	1.82% 12,804	1.79% 13,4
Asian	18.51% 130,508	13.88% 104,4
Some Other Race	0.47% 3,339	0.50% 3,7

My Areas: My Congressional
District 51

Arizo[

Map thematic data ▼

**Map points of interest ▼**

Edit area ▼

Start re-drawing your district by adding or
removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or
"Remove" to select a method of adjusting the
boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by
clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a
Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on
"Download Equivalency File".

My Congressional   Add New
District 51   Start Over

                            Download Equivalency
                            File

                            Save Boundaries

Pan   **Add**   **Remove**

My Congressional District 51
Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data
calculated for the district or area you've selected
above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio [Go]   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

Population

Does your district meet the "equal
population" requirement?

Total Population	701,208
Ideal	702,905
Variance	-0.24%
Original District	757,891

(i) Citizen Voting Age Population   (i)

Determine if your district falls under
the protection of the federal Voting
Rights Act.

	My District 51	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	407,958	385,332

(i) Ethnicity / Race

	My District 51	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	40.00% 280,496	62.44 473.2
White alone	48.60% 340,787	15.24 116.4
Black or African American alone	3.18% 22,275	6.96 52.7
Asian	4.43% 31,065	12.71 96.3
Some Other Race	1.28% 9,004	0.55 4.1

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My Areas: My Congressional District 52

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio [Go] Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

Map thematic data ▸

Map points of interest ▸

Edit area ▸

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

Pan   Add   Remove

My Congressional District 52

Add New   Start Over   Download Equivalency File   Save Boundaries

My Congressional District 52

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:

Original District = |

Population

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement? ⓘ

Total Population	706,967
Ideal	702,905
Variance	0.58%
Original District	673,893

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

Citizen Voting Age Population	My District 52	Original District
	384,363	452,795

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 52		Original District	
Hispanic or Latino	54.34%	384,132	19.41%	130,81
White alone	22.03%	155,710	64.08%	431,83
Black or African American alone	7.89%	55,759	4.25%	28,64
Asian	12.67%	89,585	7.74%	52,12
Some Other Race	0.42%	2,984	0.82%	5,51

Mexico

NAVTEQ™

8 Full Counties (handwritten)

06.27.11.Q (handwritten)

My Areas: My Congressional

District 1

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio [Go]   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ✎

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

My Congressional District 1

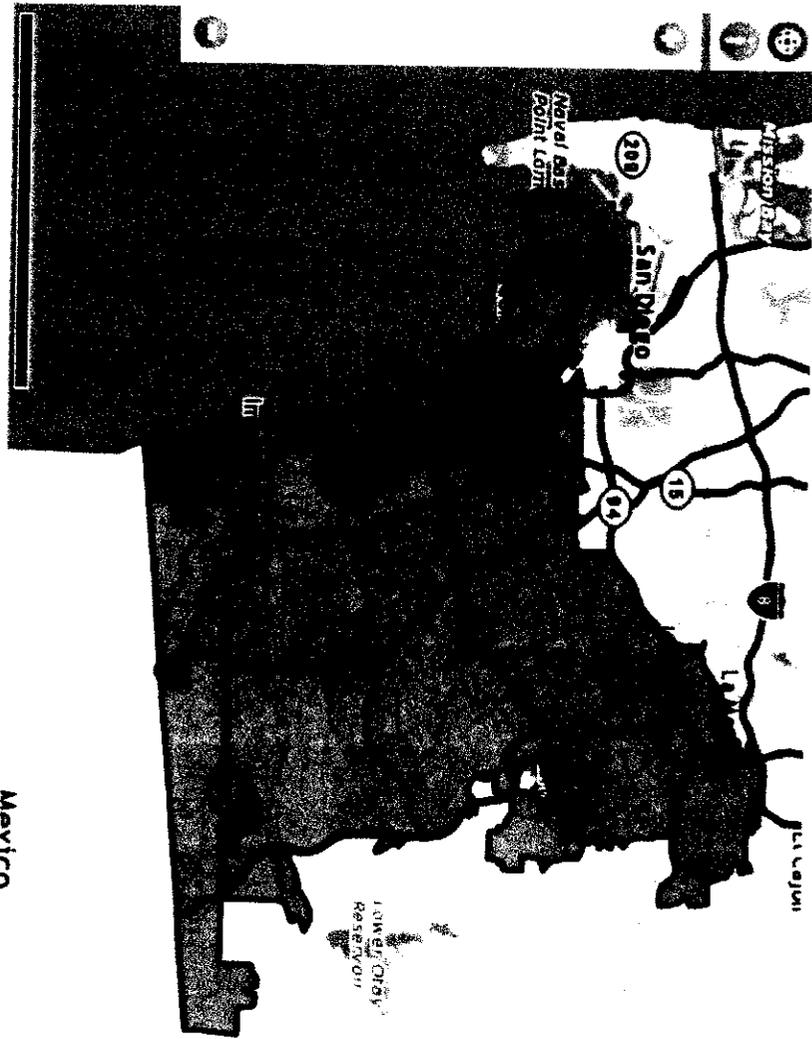Add New
Start Over
Download Equivalency File
Save Boundaries

Pan   Add   Remove

105 mi

My Congressional District 1

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:

Original District = |

Population ⓘ

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

	My District 1	Original District
Total Population	710,457	
Ideal	702,905	
Variance	1.07%	
Original District	704,012	

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 1	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	518,629	474,613

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 1	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	13.27%	23.57%
	94,253	165,92
White alone	76.32%	63.09%
	542,254	444,14
Black or African American alone	1.14%	1.62%
	8,075	11,39
Asian	2.83%	6.13%
	20,088	43,14
Some Other Race	3.03%	2.48%
	21,498	17,48

My Areas: My Congressional

District 2

Map thematic data ▾
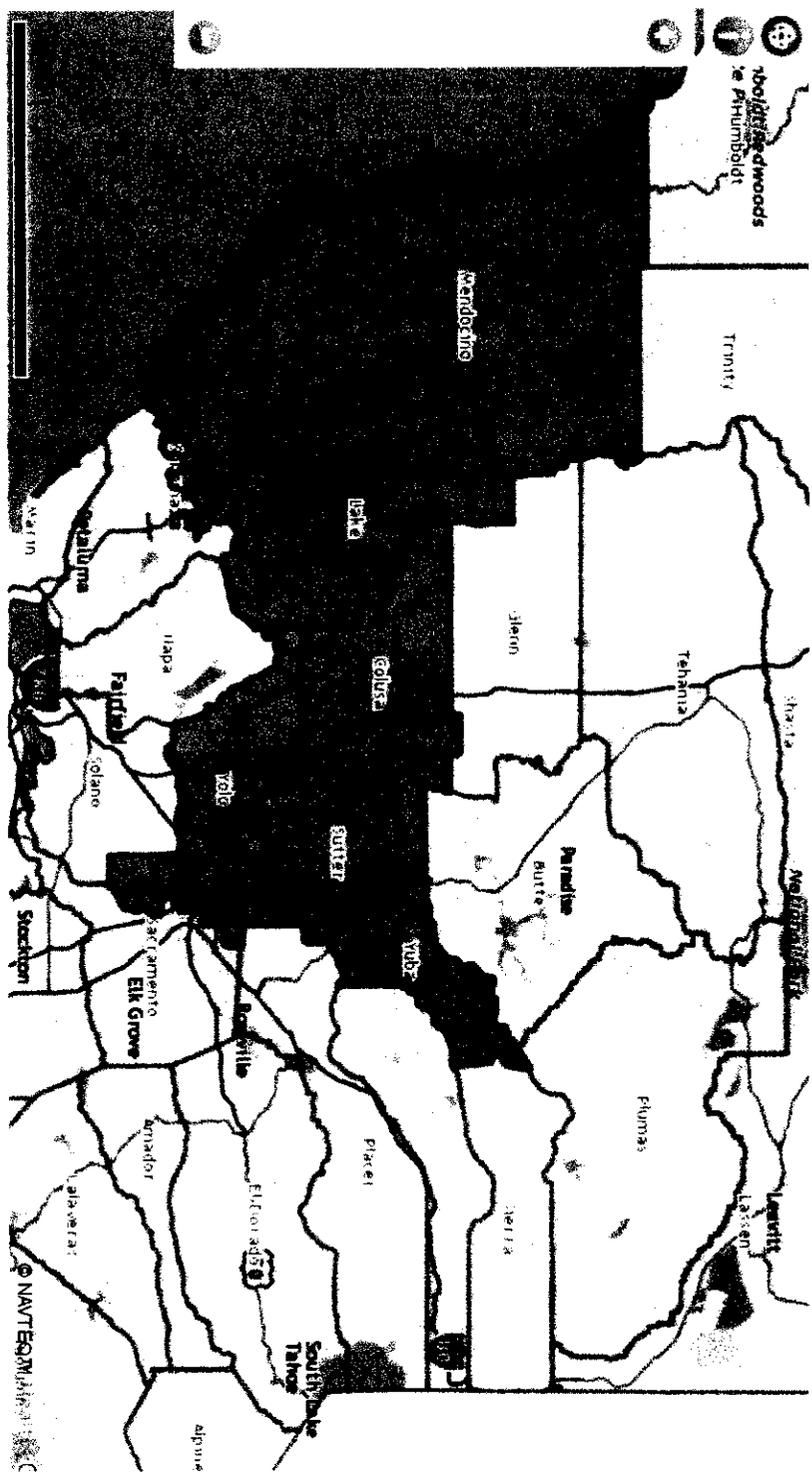
Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ✎

Start re-drawing by adding or removing Census Blocks from your district. Click on "Add" or "Remove" below to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

My Congressional District 2

| Add New |
| Start Over |
| Download Equivalency File |
| Save Boundaries |

Pan   Add   Remove

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio   **Go**   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

Redistricting Data

My Congressional District 2

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:

Original District = |

Population

ⓘ

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

Total Population	699,332
Ideal	702,905
Variance	-0.51%
Original District	708,596

Citizen Voting Age Population

ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 2	Original District
Hispanic or Latino Citizen Voting Age Population	15.37% 68,407	9.65% 47,306
Asian	8.00% 35,619	3.55% 17,387

Ethnicity / Race

ⓘ

|	My District 2	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	27.14% 189,770	18.96% 134,36
White alone	54.51% 381,209	70.21% 497,49
Black or African American alone	3.57% 24,952	1.26% 8,92
Asian	9.71% 67,876	4.47% 31,65

My Areas: My Congressional District 3

Map thematic data ▼

Map points of interest ▼

Edit area ⚐

Start re-drawing by adding or removing Census Blocks from your district. Click on "**Add**" or "**Remove**" below to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

My Congressional District 3

	Add New
	Start Over
	Download Equivalency File
	Save Boundaries
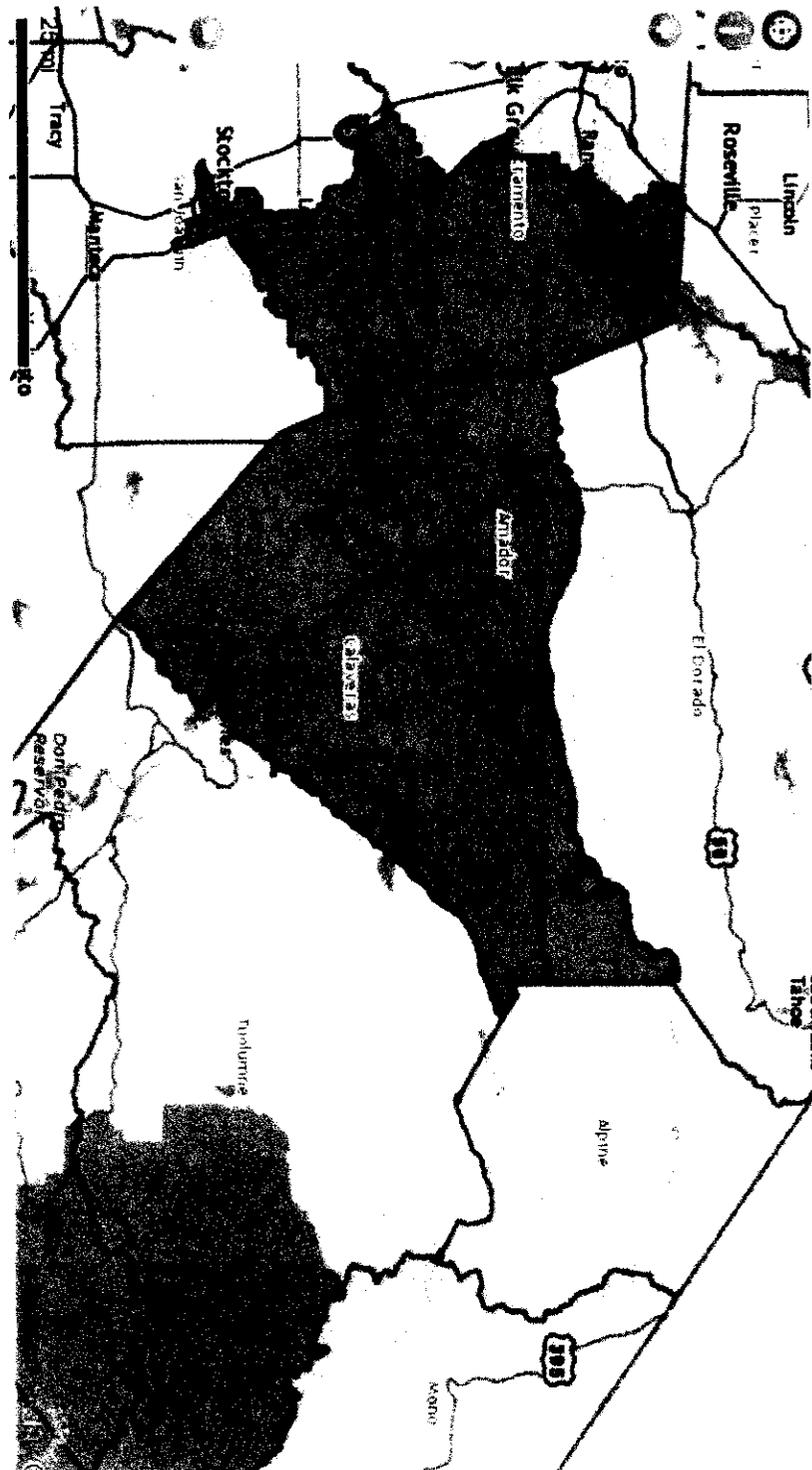
Pan   Add   Remove

My Congressional District 3

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

Original District

Population

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

Total Population	719,640
Ideal	702,905
Variance	2.38%

	My District 3	Original District
Hispanic or Latino Citizen Voting Age Population	12.96% 59,074	9.91% 51,493
Asian	8.87% 40,443	8.67% 45,064

ⓘ **Citizen Voting Age Population**

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

ⓘ **Ethnicity / Race**

	My District 3	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	22.67% 163,154	15.64% 122,53
White alone	56.25% 404,797	62.35% 488,42
Black or African American alone	5.11% 36,744	5.80% 45,46
Asian	11.64% 83,786	11.32% 88,83

My Areas: My Congressional District 4
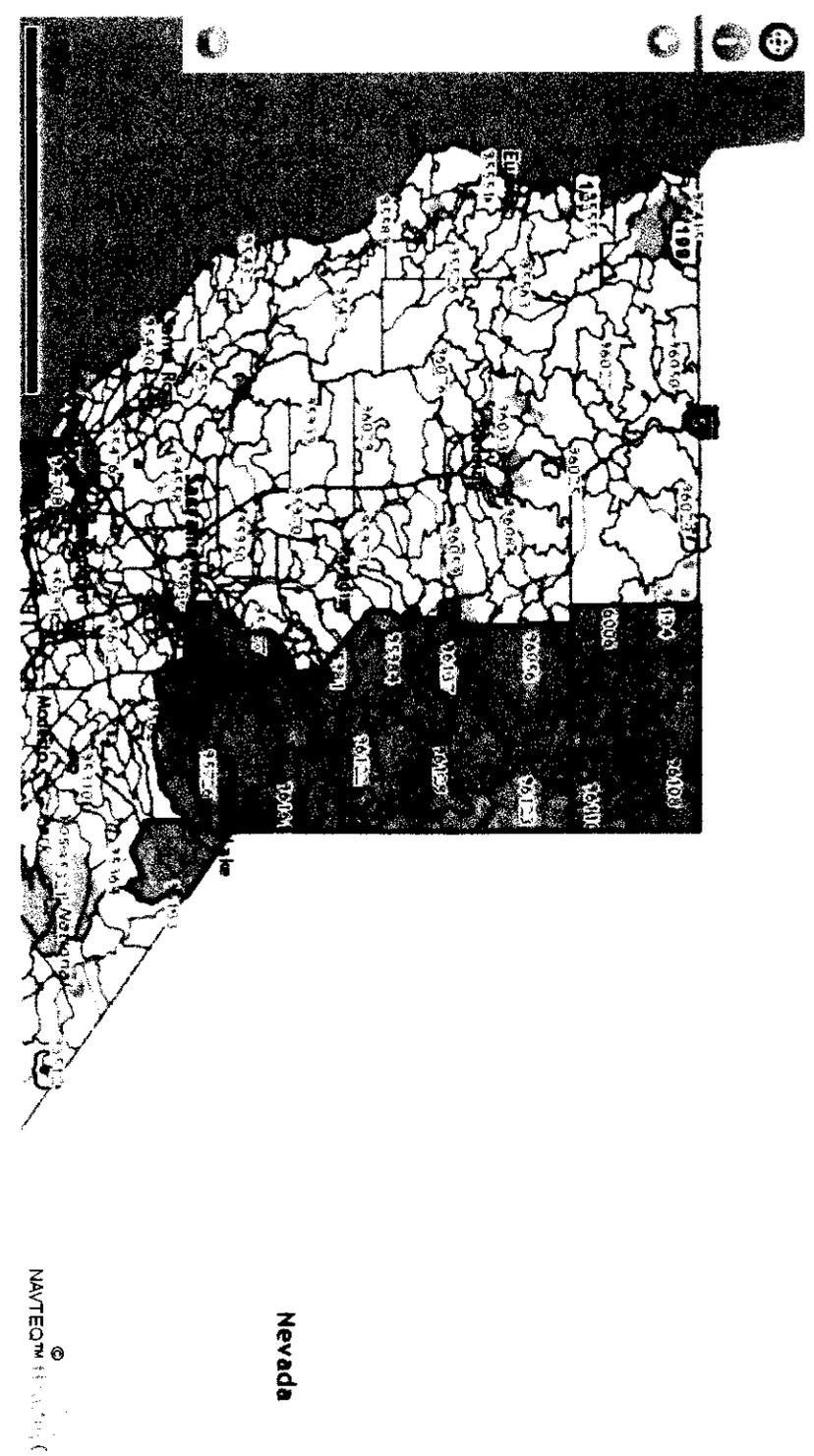
Map thematic data ▼

Map points of interest ▼

Edit area *

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

My Congressional District 4

	Add New
	Start Over
	Download Equivalency File
	Save Boundaries

Pan   Add   Remove

My Congressional District 4

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

Nevada

NAVTEQ™

Population

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

Total Population	697,314	
Ideal	702,905	
Variance	-0.80%	
Original District	774,261	

ⓘ **Citizen Voting Age Population**

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 4	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	491,181	545,541

ⓘ **Ethnicity / Race**

	My District 4	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	12.11%	12.06%
	84,441	93,40
White alone	78.47%	78.02%
	547,156	604,09
Black or African American alone	1.31%	1.36%
	9,117	10,56
Asian	4.16%	4.38%
	29,041	33,93
Some Other Race	1.13%	1.24%
	7,871	9,60

My Areas: My Congressional District 5
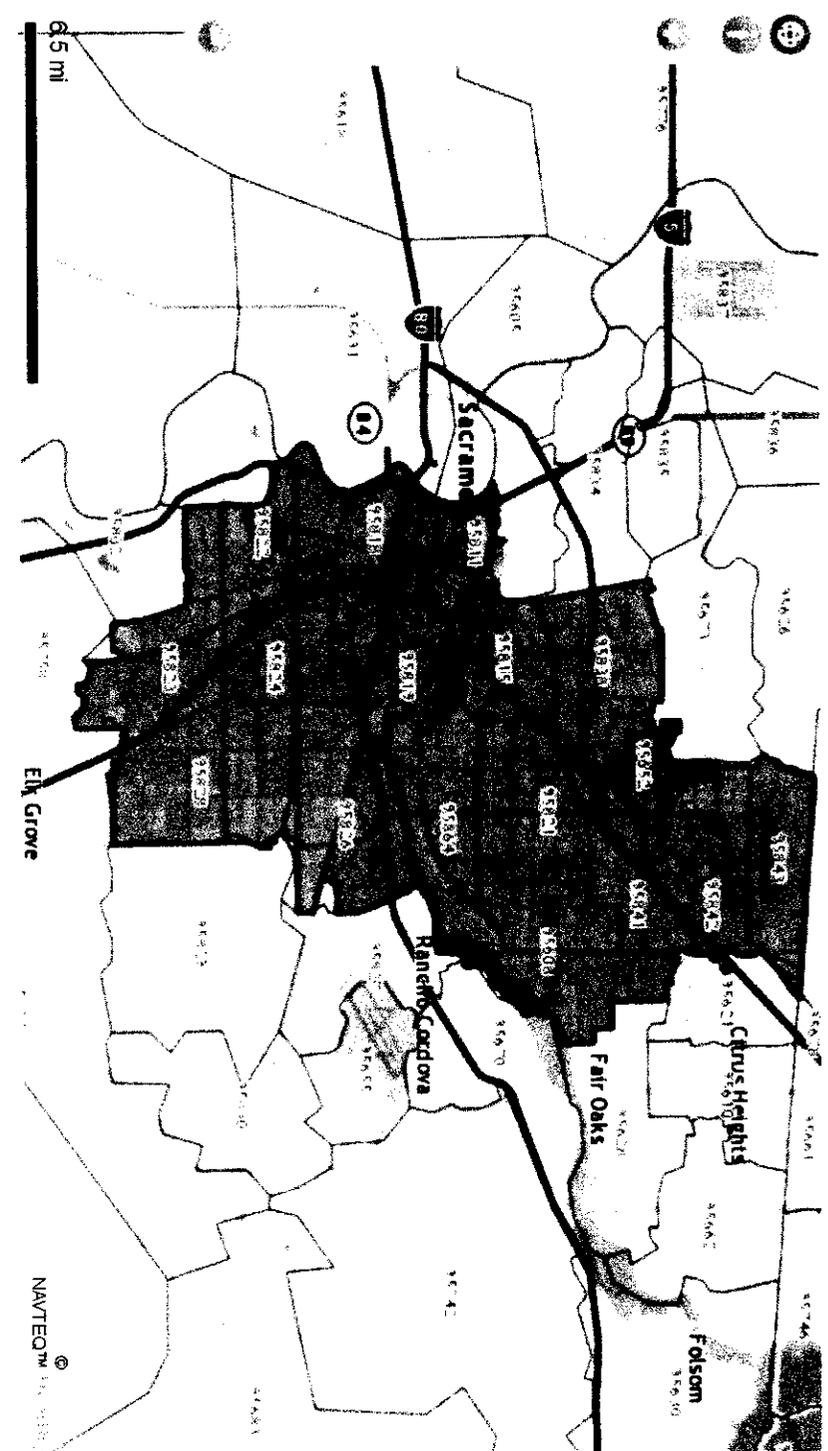
Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ▰

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

My Congressional District 5

Add New	
Start Over	
Download Equivalency File	
Save Boundaries	

Pan   **Add**   **Remove**

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio [**Go**]   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

6.5 mi

Sacram

Elk Grove

Rancho Cordova

Fair Oaks

Citrus Heights

Folsom

NAVTEQ™

My Congressional District 5

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

Population

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

(i)

	My District 5	Original District
Total Population	695,154	
Ideal	702,905	
Variance	-1.10%	
Original District	700,443	

Citizen Voting Age Population

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

(i)

	My District 5	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	439,136	425,207

Ethnicity / Race

	My District 5	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	24.59%	27.36%
	170,914	191,66
White alone	44.62%	35.84%
	310,211	251,06
Black or African American alone	11.62%	13.68%
	80,776	95,81
Asian	13.97%	17.69%
	97,145	123,69
Some Other Race	0.85%	0.82%
	5,882	5,77

My Areas: My Congressional
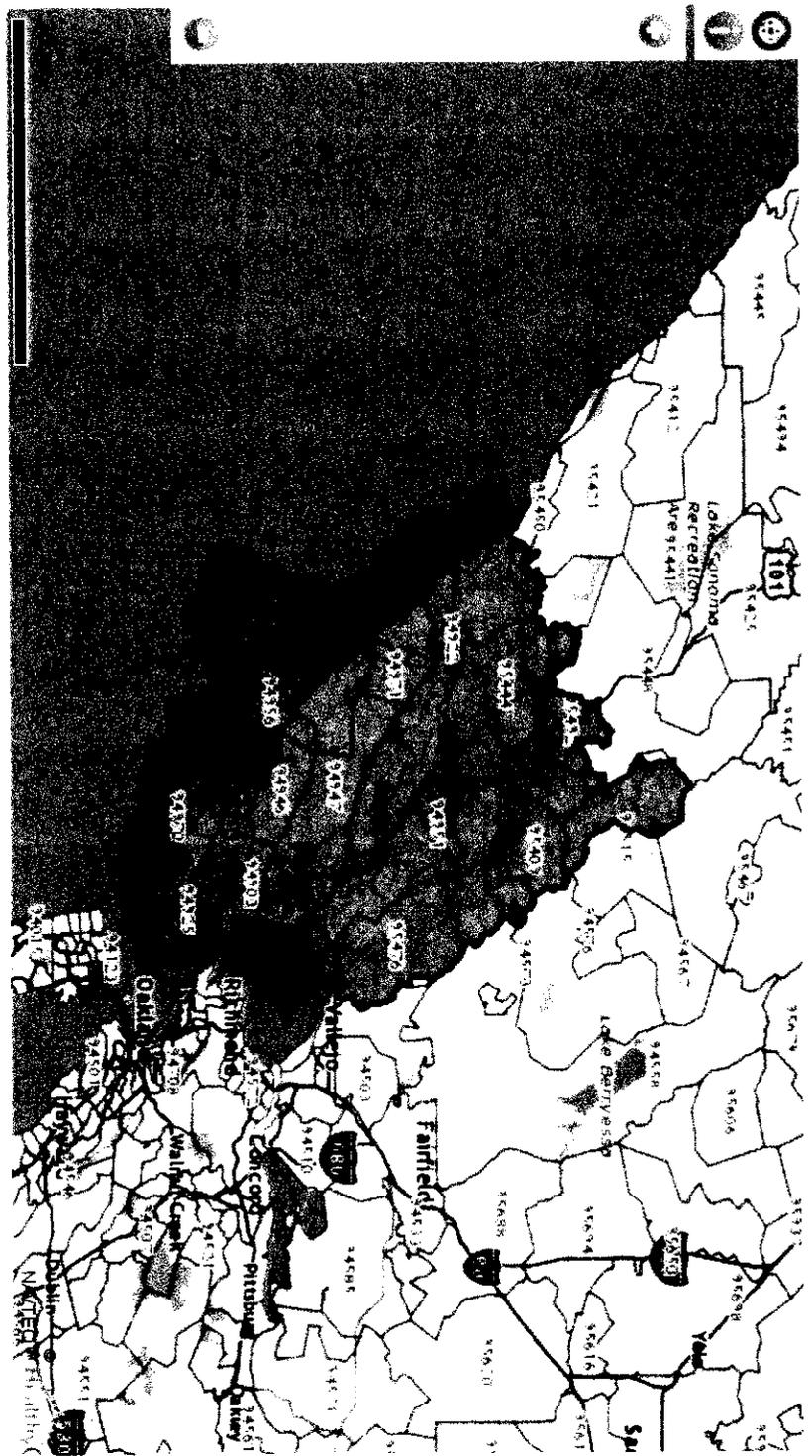
District 6

Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ✳

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

My Congressional
District 6
- Add New
- Start Over
- Download Equivalency File
- Save Boundaries

Pan   Add   Remove

My Congressional District 6

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio [Go]   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

---

Population

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

	My District 6	Original District
Total Population	697,937	
Ideal	702,905	
Variance	-0.71%	
Original District	664,468	

ⓘ Citizen Voting Age Population

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 6	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	462,471	442,078

ⓘ Ethnicity / Race

	My District 6	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	21.43%	21.09%
	149,580	140,18
White alone	68.39%	68.55%
	477,288	455,47
Black or African American alone	1.89%	1.96%
	13,197	13,00
Asian	4.69%	4.76%
	32,747	31,62
Some Other Race	0.80%	0.81%
	5,605	5,36

My Areas: My Congressional District 7

Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ✕

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

My Congressional District 7	Add New
	Start Over
	Download Equivalency File
	Save Boundaries
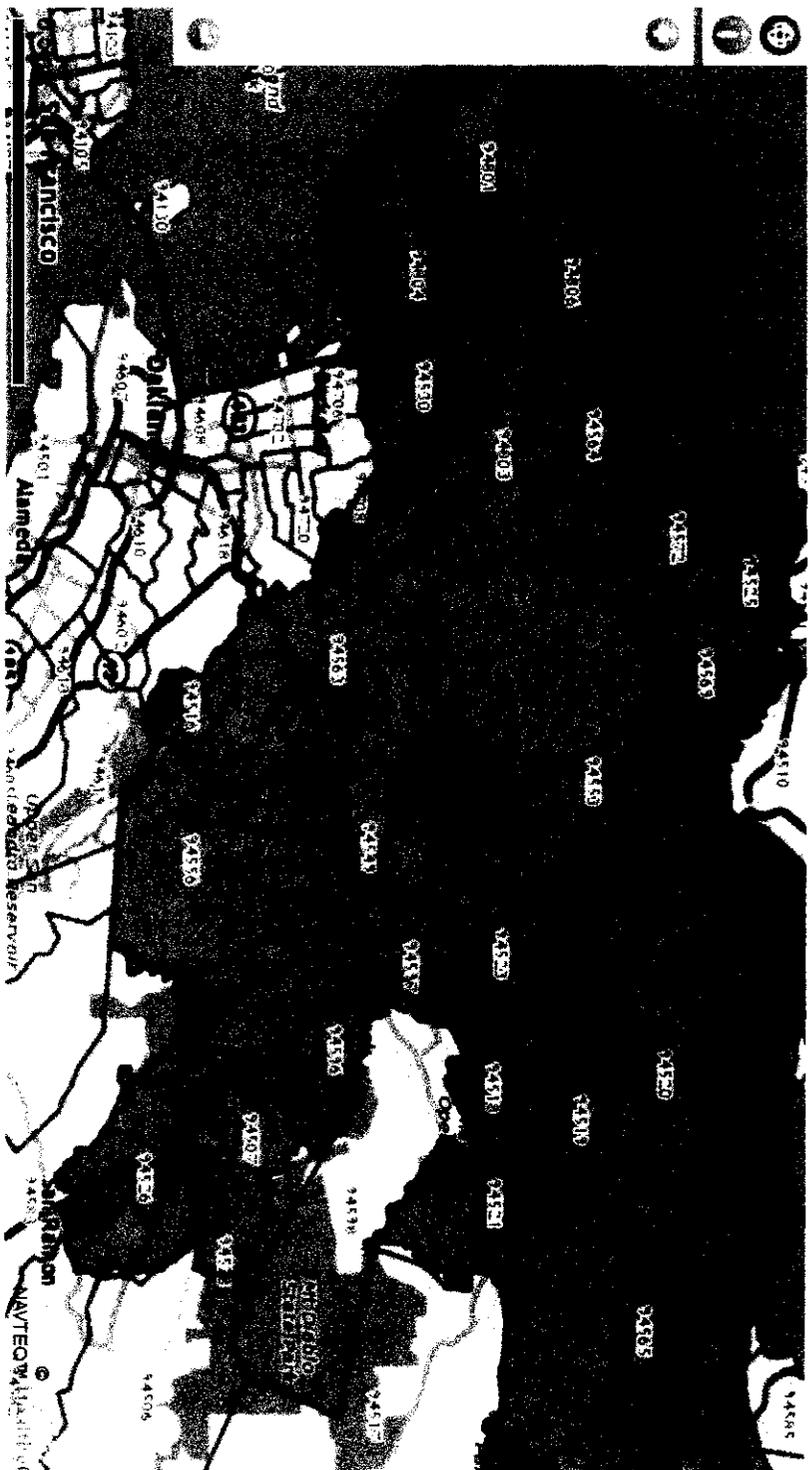
| Pan | Add | Remove |

My Congressional District 7

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:

Original District = }

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio   Go   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

Population

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

Total Population	704,022
Ideal	702,905
Variance	0.16%
Original District	655,708

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 7	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	459,148	419,057

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 7	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	25.85%	29.65%
	181,979	194.43
White alone	46.16%	35.34%
	324,960	231.74
Black or African American alone	9.59%	14.77%
	67,489	96,86
Asian	14.20%	15.49%
	99,937	101.55
Some Other Race	0.59%	0.78%
	4,175	5,09

NAVTEQ

Zoom to My A My Congressio **Go** Find your district Show other boundaries Next steps

My Areas: My Congressional District 8

Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ✕

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

My Congressional District 8

Add New
Start Over
Download Equivalency File
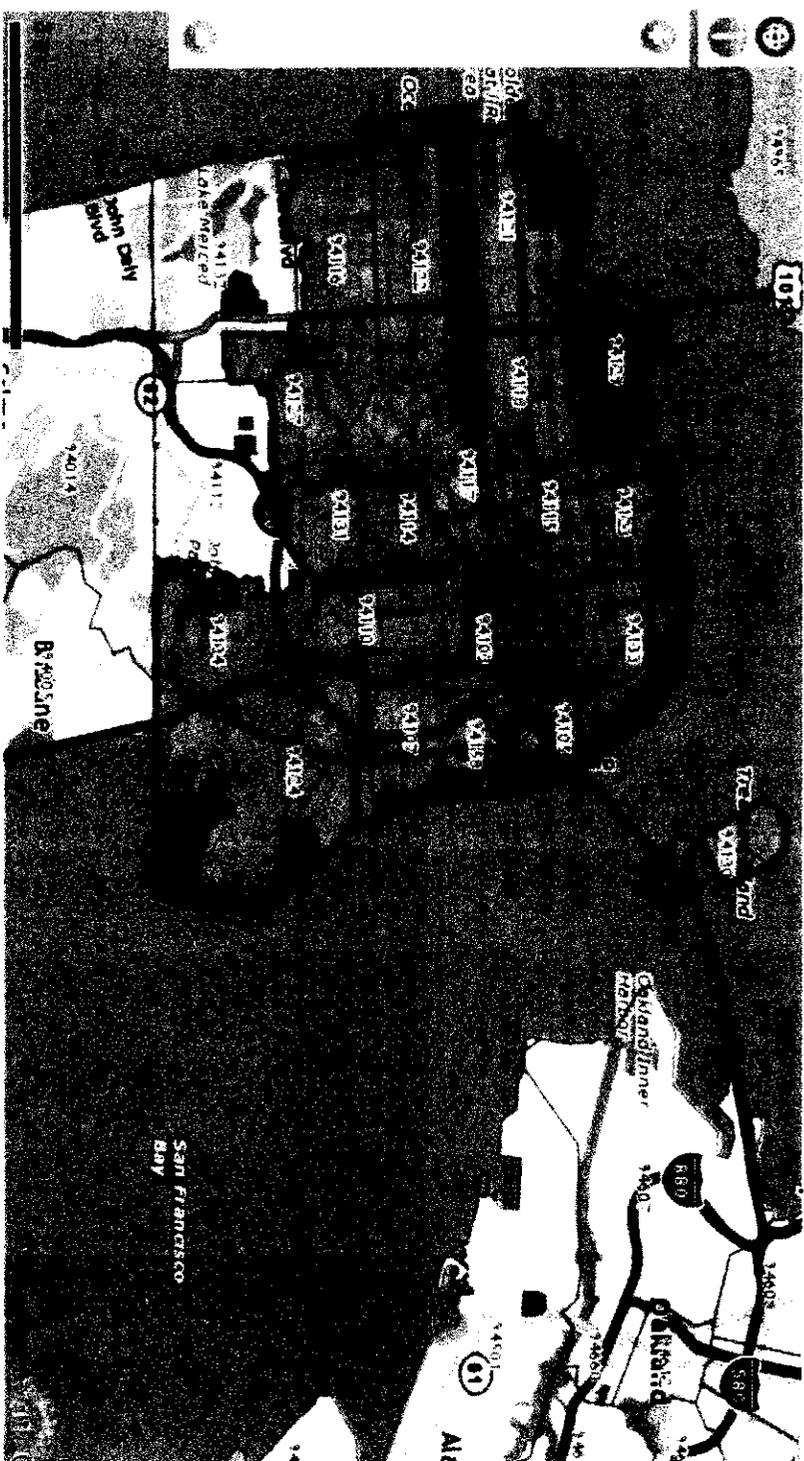Save Boundaries

Pan   Add   Remove

My Congressional District 8
Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

Population ⓘ

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

	My District 8	Original District
Total Population	696,290	
Ideal	702,905	
Variance	-0.94%	
Original District	666,827	

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 8	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	514,221	477,883

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 8	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	13.64%	16.57%
	94,958	110,51
White alone	45.28%	41.86%
	315,288	277,82
Black or African American alone	5.93%	6.48%
	41,288	43,24
Asian	31.25%	31.56%
	217,615	210,44
Some Other Race	0.55%	0.55%
	3,845	3,65

My Areas: My Congressional District 9

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio **Go**   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ☀

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

|	
My Congressional District 9	Add New
	Start Over
	Download Equivalency File
	Save Boundaries

Pan   Add   Remove

My Congressional District 9
Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

ⓘ **Population**
Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?
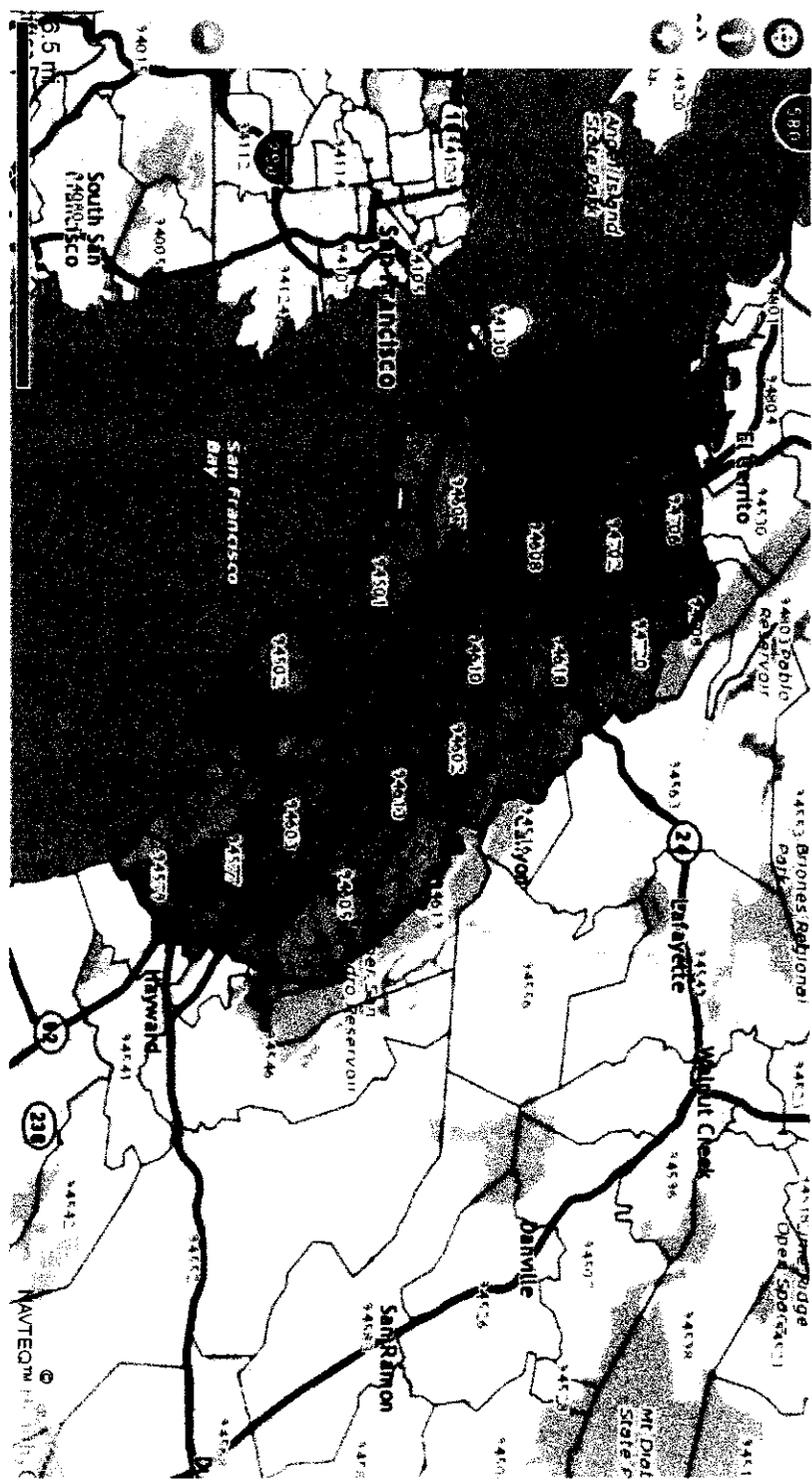
	My District 9	Original District
Total Population	701,195	702,905
Ideal	702,905	
Variance	-0.24%	
Original District	648,766	

Citizen Voting Age Population

ⓘ **Citizen Voting Age Population**
Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 9	Original District
	445,844	412,937

ⓘ **Ethnicity / Race**

	My District 9	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	20.80%	22.05%
	145,857	143.03
White alone	34.23%	34.59%
	239,996	224.38
Black or African American alone	19.19%	20.28%
	134,583	131.57
Asian	21.11%	18.50%
	148,053	120.00
Some Other Race	0.63%	0.62%
	4,397	4.03

My Areas: My Congressional District 10

Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ✎

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

Pan   Add   Remove

My Congressional District 10

Add New
Start Over
Download Equivalency File
Save Boundaries

My Congressional District 10

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio [Go]   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

Population

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?
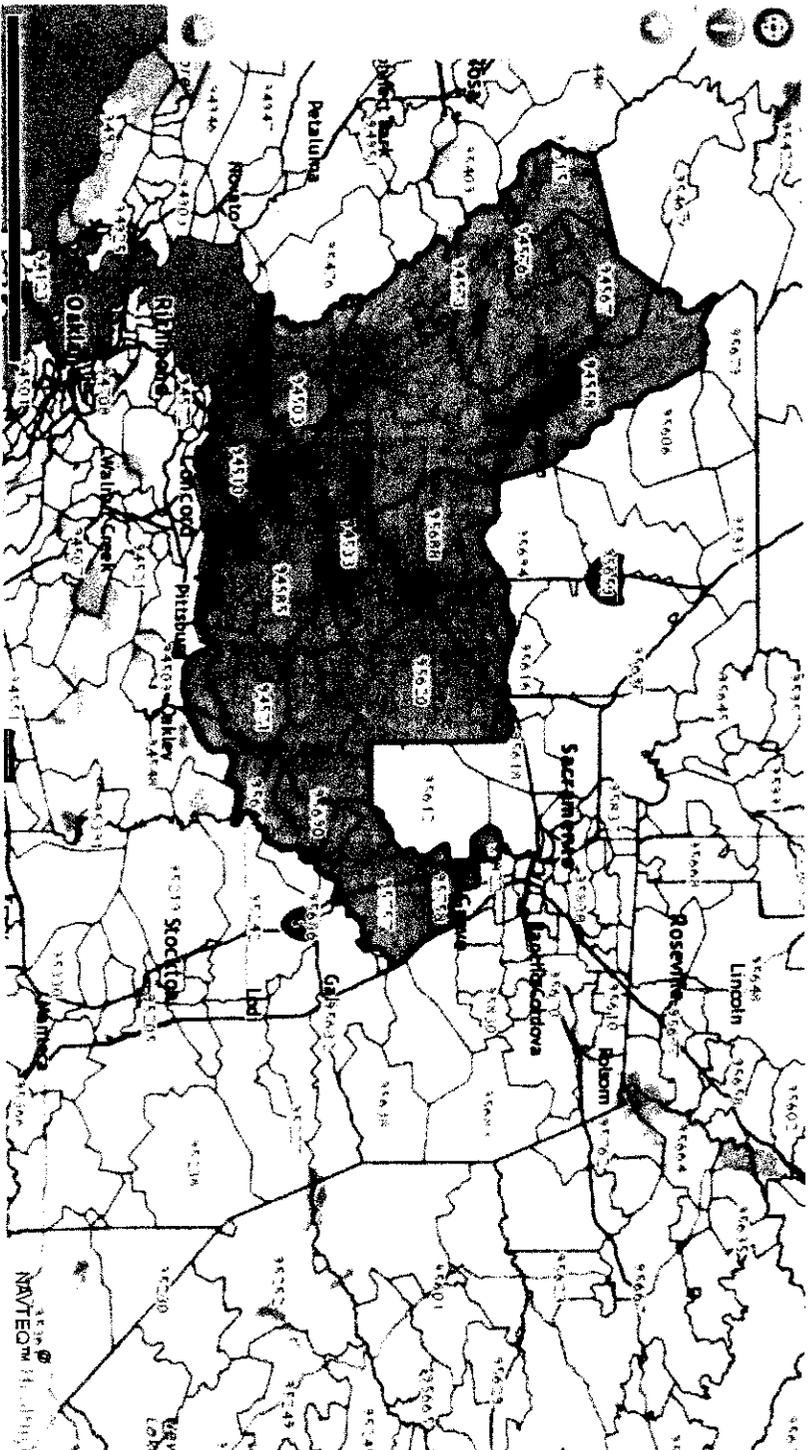
	My District 10	Original District
Total Population	708,658	702,905
ideal		
Variance	0.82%	
Original District	714,750	

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district fails under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 10	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	444,461	445,904

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 10	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	24.60% 174,335	21.27% 152,00
White alone	42.08% 298,188	52.84% 377,69
Black or African American alone	11.59% 82,115	7.22% 51,57
Asian	16.42% 116,329	13.79% 98,58
Some Other Race	0.70% 4,950	0.56% 3,98

My Areas: My Congressional District 11

**Map thematic data ▾**

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ▾

Start re-drawing by adding or removing Census Blocks from your district. Click on "**Add**" or "**Remove**" below to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

My Congressional District 11

| Add New |
| Start Over |
| Download Equivalency File |
| Save Boundaries |

Pan   **Add**   **Remove**

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio   [Go]

Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps
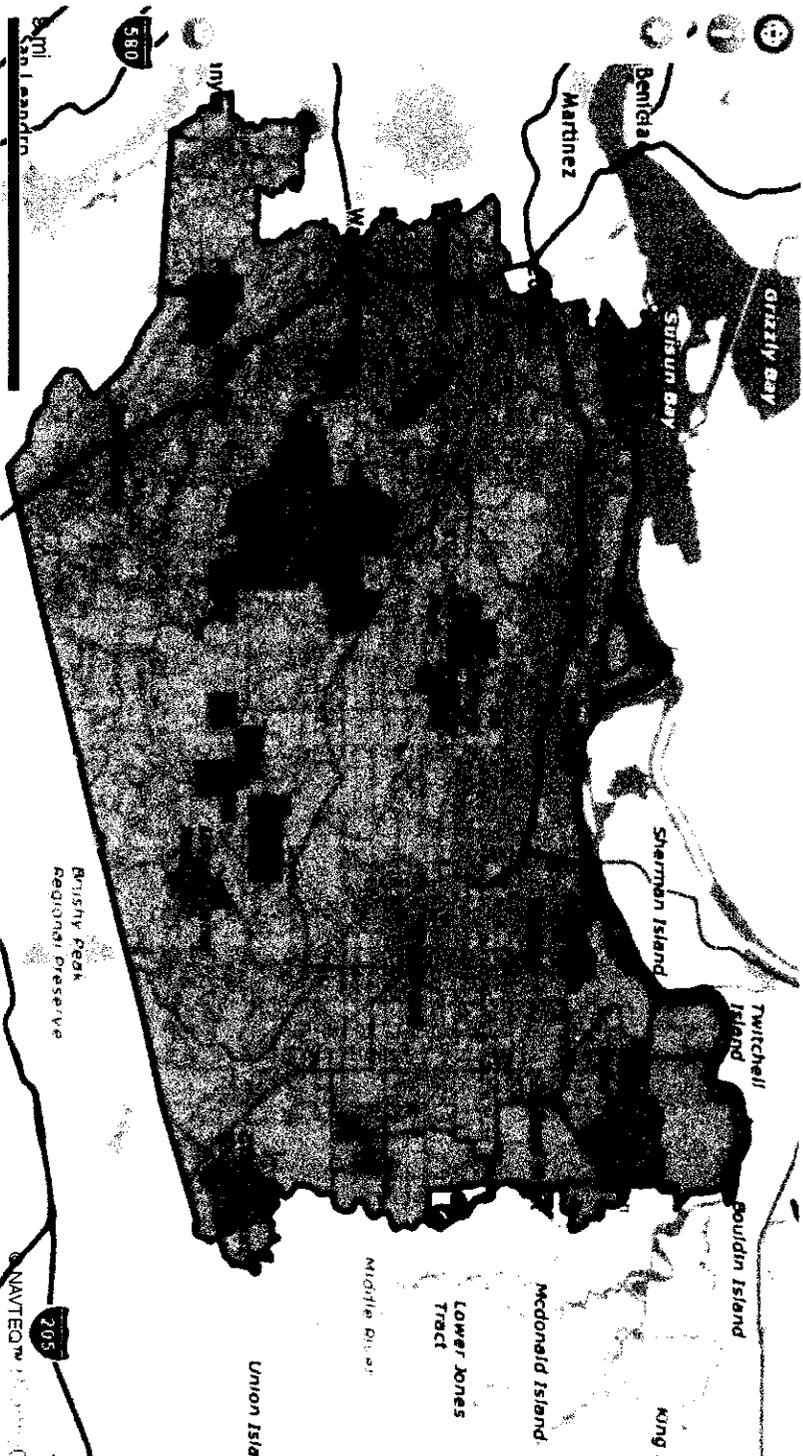
My Congressional District 11
Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

Original District	

Population
Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

Total Population	706,626
Ideal	702,905
Variance	0.53%
Original District	796,753

ⓘ **Citizen Voting Age Population**
Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 11	Original District
Hispanic or Latino Citizen Voting Age Population	13.12%	16.66%
	58,335	79,908
Asian	11.37%	12.41%
	48,828	59,548

ⓘ **Ethnicity / Race**

	My District 11	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	23.10%	26.29%
	163,244	209,45
White alone	52.35%	50.31%
	369,888	400,82
Black or African American alone	6.44%	4.57%
	45,539	36,43
Asian	13.75%	14.72%
	97,149	117,31

My Areas: My Congressional District 12

Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ✎

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

My Congressional District 12	Add New	Remove
	Start Over	
	Download Equivalency File	
	Save Boundaries	

| Pan | Add | |

My Congressional District 12

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio **Go**   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

Population

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement? ⓘ

	My District 12	Original District
Total Population	711,840	
Ideal	702,905	
Variance	1.27%	
Original District	651,322	Citizen Voting Age Population

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 12	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	444,397	435,039

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 12	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	24.67%	18.46%
	175,842	120,24
White alone	37.10%	40.87%
	264,098	266,16
Black or African American alone	2.52%	2.16%
	17,946	14,07
Asian	31.86%	34.43%
	226,763	224,22
Some Other Race	0.55%	0.55%
	3,918	3,59

My Areas: My Congressional District 13

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio [Go]   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

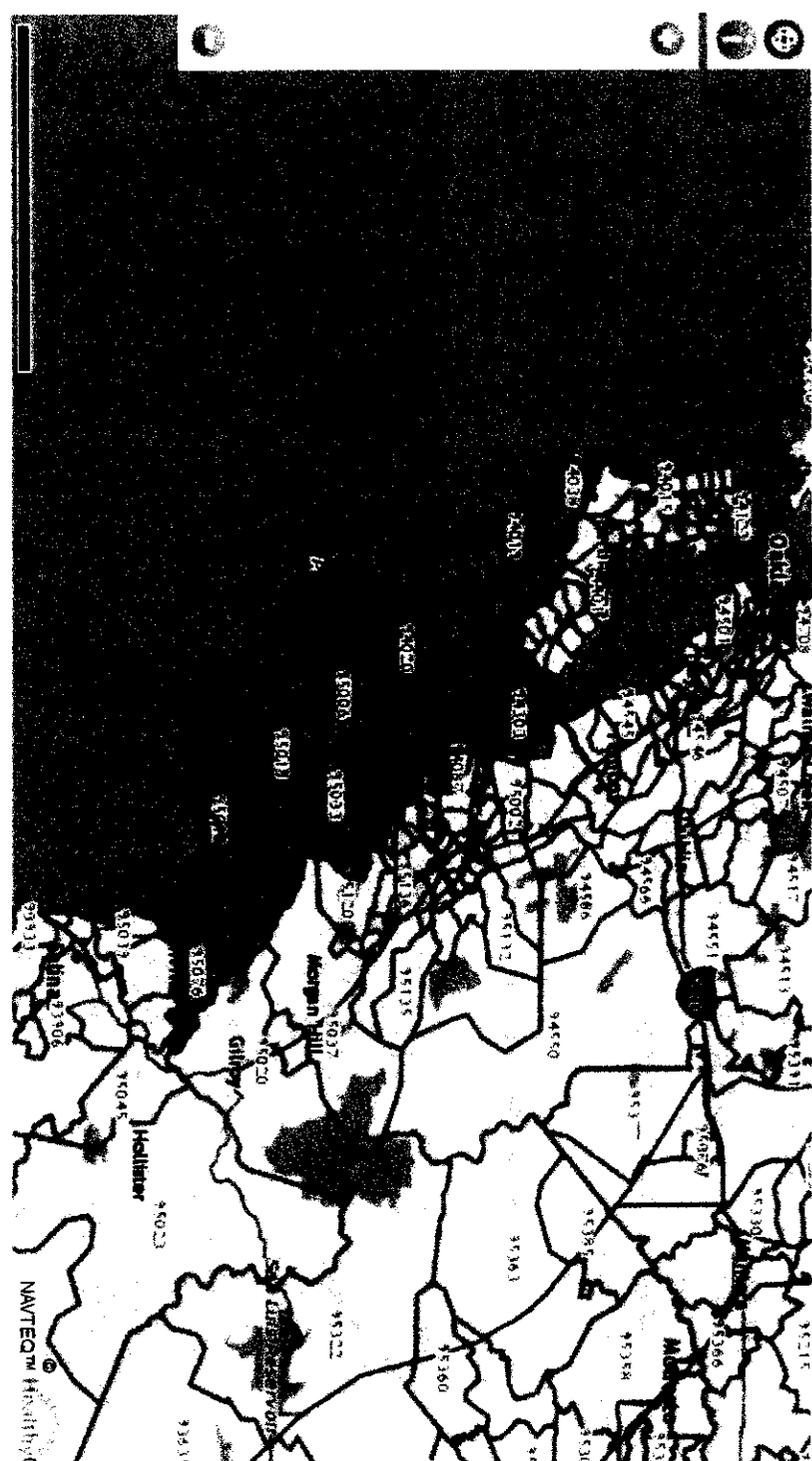Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ×

Start re-drawing by adding or removing Census Blocks from your district. Click on "**Add**" or "**Remove**" below to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

My Congressional District 13

Add New
Start Over
Download Equivalency File
Save Boundaries

Pan   Add   Remove

© NAVTEQ™
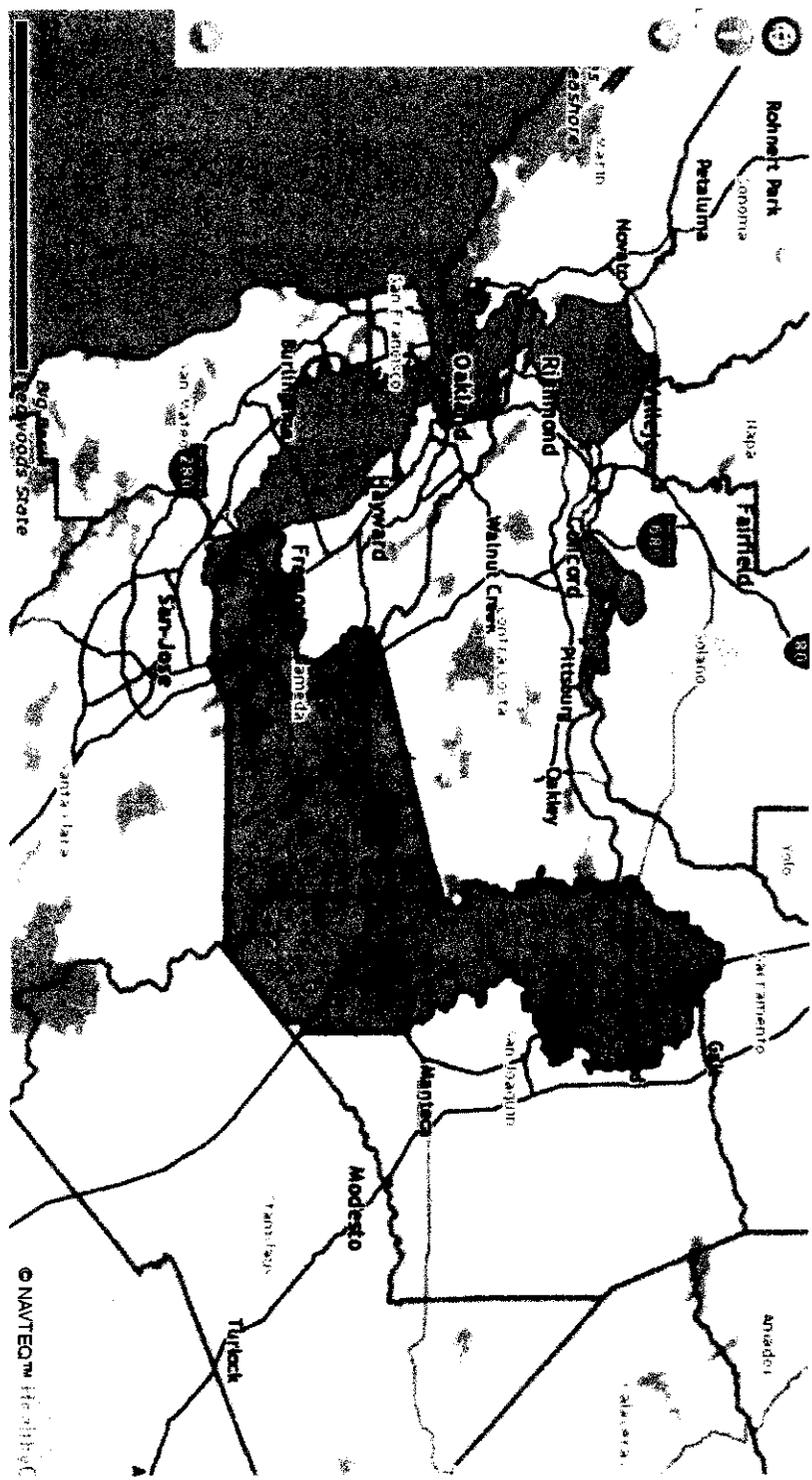
My Congressional District 13

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:

Original District = |

ⓘ **Population**

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

Total Population	706,167
Ideal	702,905
Variance	0.46%
Original District	665,318

ⓘ **Citizen Voting Age Population**

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 13	Original District
Hispanic or Latino Citizen Voting Age Population	15.01%	16.89%
	62,281	64,699
Asian	21.08%	31.29%
	87,484	119,882

ⓘ **Ethnicity / Race**

	My District 13	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	21.91%	24.94%
	154,729	165,94
White alone	40.74%	26.30%
	287,685	174,99
Black or African American alone	4.92%	6.87%
	34,724	45,70
Asian	27.92%	37.20%
	197,189	247,46

My Areas: My Congressional District 14

Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ✎

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

My Congressional District 14

Add New
Start Over
Download Equivalency File
Save Boundaries

Pan   Add   Remove

My Congressional District 14

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

Population ⓘ
Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

	My District 14	Original District
Total Population	705,552	702,805
Ideal		
Variance	0.38%	
Original District Population	653,935	

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ
Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 14	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	437,168	385,514

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 14	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	20.86%	20.79%
	147,148	135,97
White alone	55.66%	50.87%
	392,691	332,66
Black or African American alone	1.84%	2.30%
	12,978	15,03
Asian	18.03%	22.30%
	127,213	145,79
Some Other Race	0.48%	0.47%
	3,387	3,06

My Areas: My Congressional District 15

**Map thematic data ▾**

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ✳

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

My Congressional District 15	Add New
	Start Over
	Download Equivalency File
	Save Boundaries
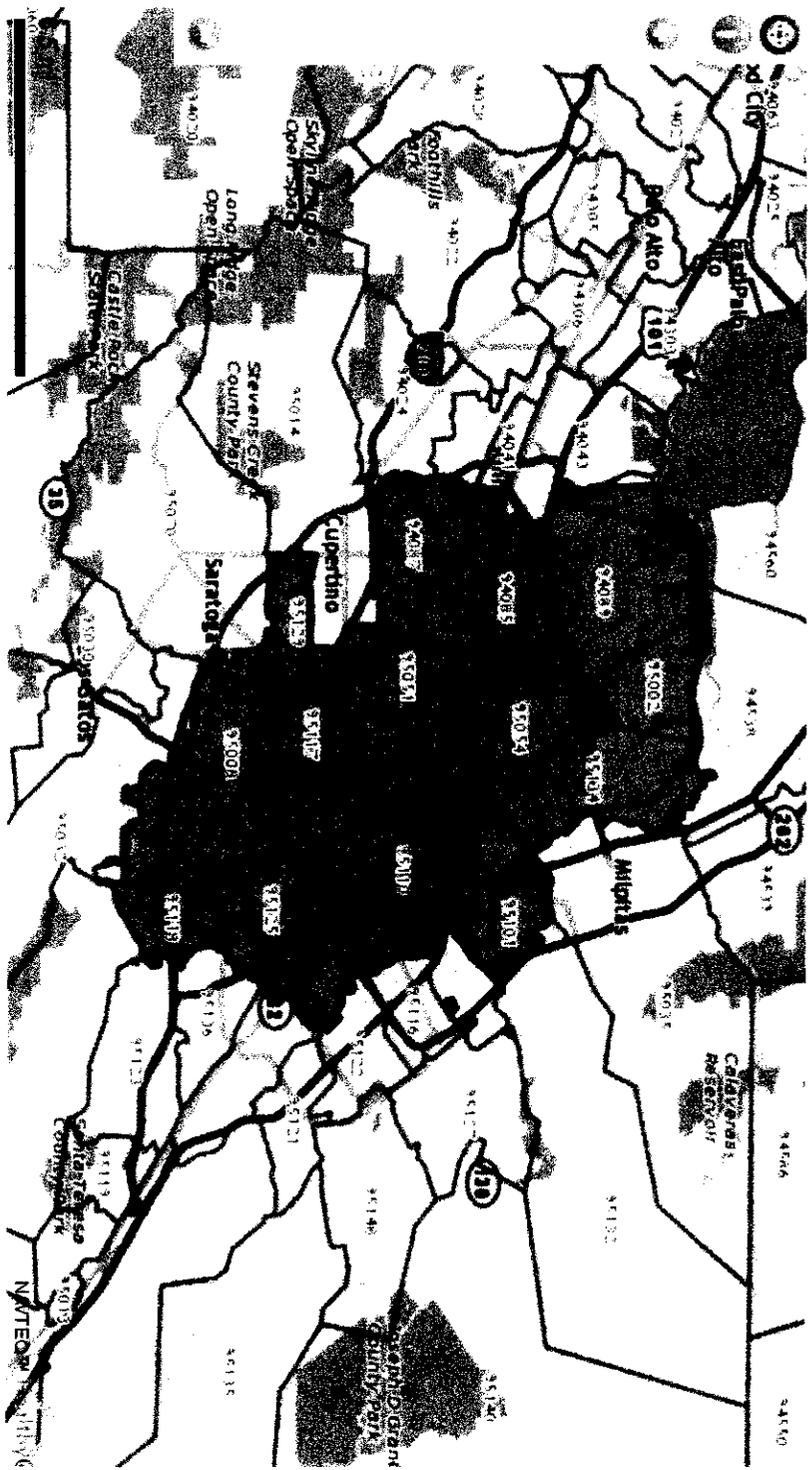
| Pan | Add | Remove |

My Congressional District 15

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio [Go]   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

Population

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

	My District 15	Original District
Total Population	698,303	
Ideal	702,905	
Variance	-0.65%	
Original District	677,605	

ⓘ **Citizen Voting Age Population**

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 15	Original District
Citizen Voting Age Population	398,054	397,818

ⓘ **Ethnicity / Race**

	My District 15	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	24.53%	20.69%
	171,319	140,21
White alone	38.96%	36.58%
	272,062	247,66
Black or African American alone	2.76%	2.31%
	19,252	15,62
Asian	30.01%	36.78%
	209,586	249,21
Some Other Race	0.48%	0.42%
	3,373	2,83

My Areas: My Congressional District 16

Edit area ▸

Map points of interest ▸

Map thematic data ▸

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio [Go]   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps
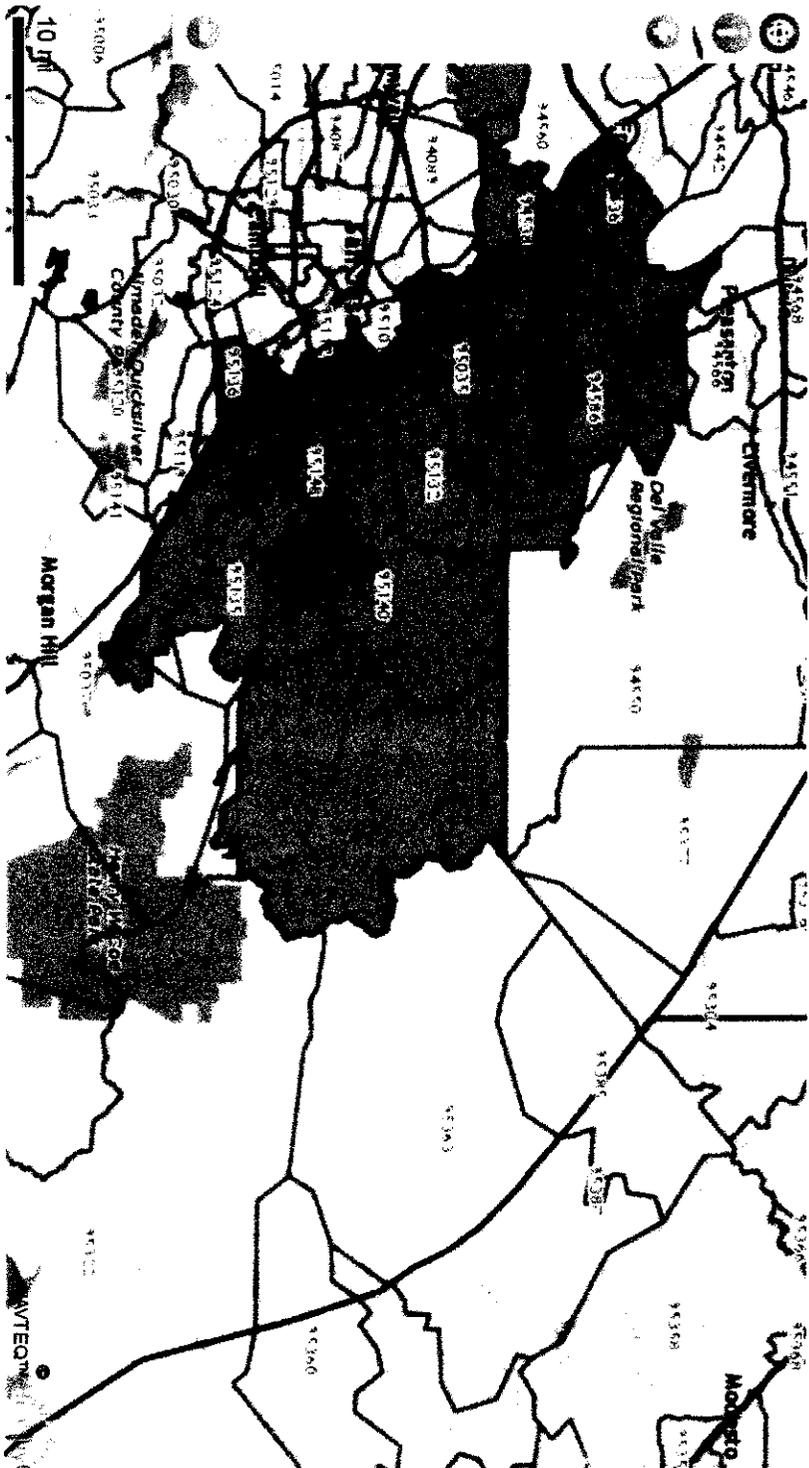
My Congressional District 16

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:
Original District = |

Original District		
Variance	1.04%	Citizen Voting Age Population
Ideal	702,905	
Total Population	710,202	

Population
Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement? ⓘ

676,880

Citizen Voting Age Population ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

	My District 16	Original District
	382,195	376,969

Ethnicity / Race ⓘ

	My District 16	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	32.45%	39.929
	230,490	270,19
White alone	18.23%	25.619
	129,503	173,37
Black or African American alone	2.75%	2.899
	19,504	19,57
Asian	43.46%	28.679
	308,665	194,03
Some Other Race	0.38%	0.459
	2,692	3,06

My Areas: My Congressional District 17

Zoom to   My A   My Congressio [Go]   Find your district   Show other boundaries   Next steps

Map thematic data ▾

Map points of interest ▾

Edit area ▾

Start re-drawing your district by adding or removing Census Blocks. Click on "Add" or "Remove" to select a method of adjusting the boundaries/blocks.

Edit additional districts on the same map by clicking on "Add New". Transfer your work to a Maptitude-enabled computer by clicking on "Download Equivalency File".

My Congressional District 17

| Add New |
| Start Over |
| Download Equivalency File |
| Save Boundaries |

Pan   Add   Remove
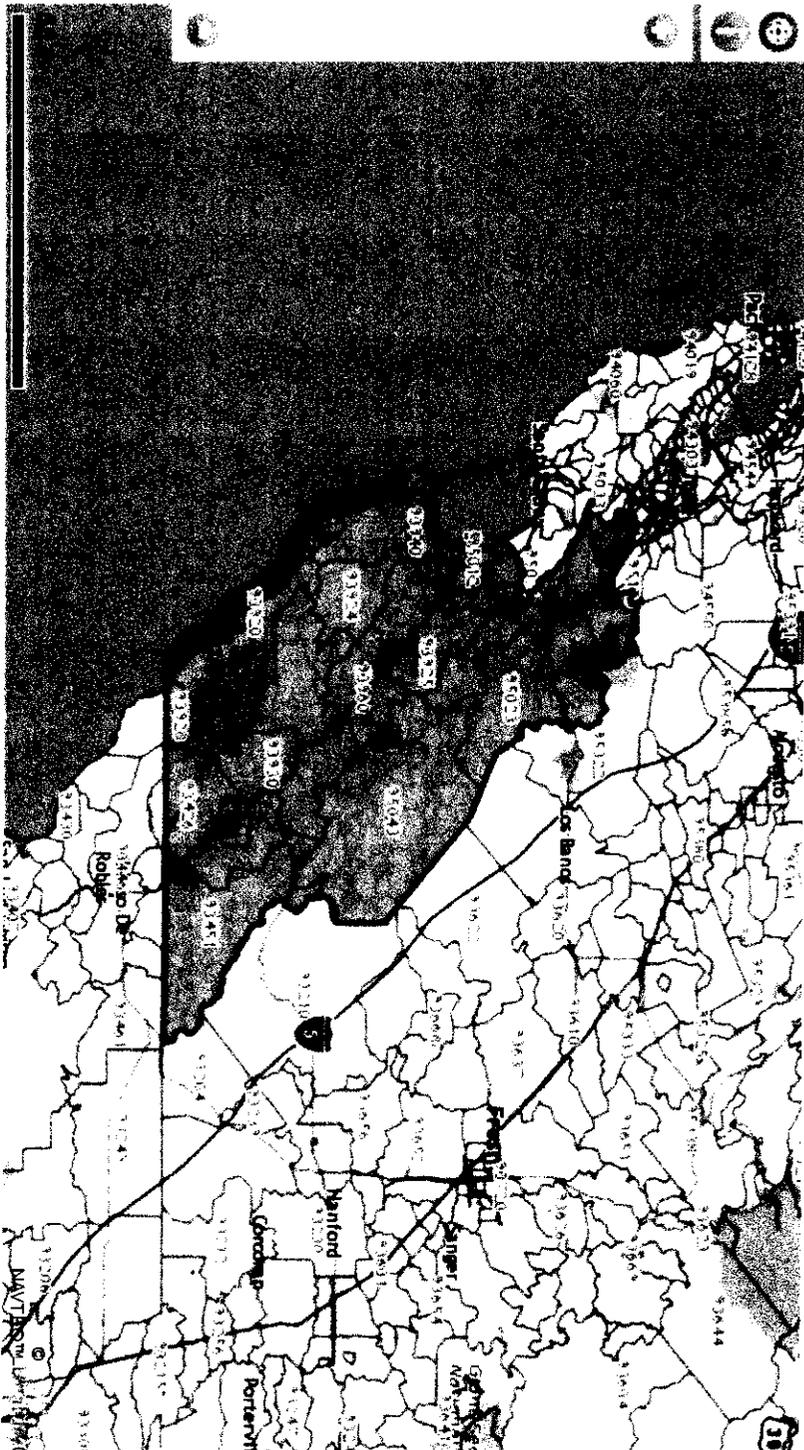
My Congressional District 17

Redistricting Data

This data panel presents key redistricting data calculated for the district or area you've selected above.

View as: Charts | Table

Compare your area to:

Original District = |

Population

ⓘ

Does your district meet the "equal population" requirement?

	My District 17	Original District
Total Population	696,589	50,439
Ideal	702,905	334,95
Variance	-0.90%	
Citizen Voting Age Population	391,185	367,458
Original District	664,240	

Citizen Voting Age Population

ⓘ

Determine if your district falls under the protection of the federal Voting Rights Act.

Ethnicity / Race

ⓘ

	My District 17	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	48.49%	50.43%
	337,789	334,95
White alone	37.27%	39.21%
	259,585	260,47
Black or African American alone	2.35%	2.04%
	16,396	13,55
Asian	8.84%	5.44%
	61,548	36,10
Some Other Race	0.51%	0.54%
	3,583	3,57

Congressional Districts – North Coast & Napa-Glenn-Yuba
John G Dickerson (Mendocino County) #19-San francisco
June 27, 2011

ONE PAGE SUMMARY

I write this as a 25-year resident of Mendocino County who has produced numerous economic analyses of our region and been very active in our wine and tourism industry and various other civic efforts. I expect most residents of the Sacramento Valley would have similar views from their perspective.

The first draft "**North Coast Congressional District**" and the "**Yuba**" District create **severe problems**:

- They **split a very strong natural, economic, cultural and historical "community of interests"** among **Napa and Lake** Counties to the east and **Mendocino and Sonoma** Counties to the west.
- It **associates Lake and Napa Counties and the City of Santa Rosa** with a region in the **Sacramento Valley** with which they **share very few regional interests**.

Most **Congressional and federal issues** of importance specific to these areas are **very different** from those in the Sacramento Valley. The **proposed Districts** would be a **significant barrier to effective Congressional representation**; they violate "natural" communities of interests thereby diluting attention and understanding.

The "Wall": A **steep mountain wall** separates two very different natural, historical, cultural and economic regions – the Sacramento Valley to the east, the North Coast ranges to the west. People living on both sides of this "Wall" know it is a **stark dividing line between two very different regions**. This wall places Napa and Lake Counties and the City of Santa Rosa in a very different region from Yolo, Colusa, Glenn, Sutter and Yuba Counties. Further, the proposed Yuba District has only one paved road that crosses this "Wall" – Hwy 20. No one uses this road to travel between Santa Rosa on the western edge of the proposed District to Marysville, the seat of Yuba County on the eastern edge. The "normal" route would take them through 3 other proposed Congressional Districts!

Wine Industry: The federally recognized ***North Coast winegrape growing region*** is Napa, Sonoma, Lake and Mendocino counties. It contains half the wineries in California. The wine and winegrape **industry brings billions of dollars into the region** each year – the most of all private sector industries. In contrast the wine industry in Yolo, Colusa, Glenn, Sutter and Yuba counties has little relative economic impact.

Wine and Winegrape Industry Comparisons (2008 – 2010 data: see supporting material)

County Name	Wineries-Vineyards	Employees	Total Wages	Tons Grapes
Sonoma - Mendo	650	10,000	$400 million	260,000
Napa - Lake	500	11,000	$500 million	170,000
North Coast	1150	21,000	$900 million	430,000
5 Counties*	20	225	$9.5 million	48,650**

* Yolo, Colusa, Glenn, Sutter and Yuba counties
**17 counties (these 5 and 12 other Sacramento Valley and far northern counties)

This data does not include hundreds of small family operations nor significant wine industry support industries.

Job Commuters: As one example of how **the two regions are not economically integrated** the number of people who commute to jobs "through the Wall" is vastly different from commuters within the Coastal mountain region.

Number of Daily Job Commuters who cross …	
The Lake/Napa border with Mendocino/Sonoma	8235
The Lake/Napa border with Glenn/Colusa/Yolo	193

John G Dickerson • [redacted] • Redwood Valley, CA 95470

1 The "Wall" - Geography & Highway System

The **"Western Wall"** of the Sacramento Valley is a **steep 200 mile ridge** separating the Valley including Yolo, Colusa, Glenn, Sutter and Yuba counties from their neighbors to the west. This Google Earth[1] picture is taken from over the Delta looking north-northwest the western Sacramento Valley up to Mount Shasta on the horizon to the right. This "Mountain Wall" runs that entire distance and is penetrated by only four roads of any significance.

This wall between two very different natural regions enforces a **stark separation of communities**. Yolo-Colusa-Glenn-Sutter and most of Yuba counties are a part of the Sacramento Valley naturally, culturally, economically, and historically. Napa-Lake along with Sonoma-Mendocino are naturally part of the Coast Range.

Five main roads and highways are used by commuters between Lake-Napa and Mendocino-Sonoma (in blue on this Google Earth image). There are two between Lake-Napa and Glenn-Colusa-Yolo (red) both of which are long-winding roads through mountain passes.
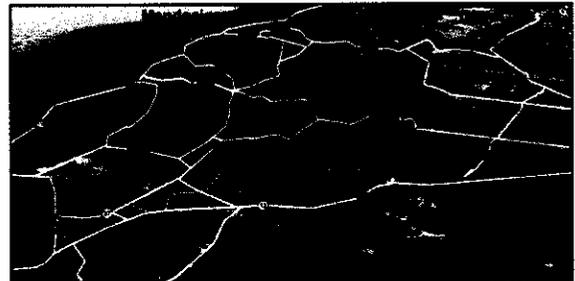
For every daily job commuter who travels through the red passes over 40 travel through the blue.

The **ONLY** East-West Road inside the proposed Yuba District is Highway 20 between Clear Lake and Williams. It's an hour mostly on twisting mountain road. In contrast the 5 roads between Napa–Lake and Sonoma–Mendocino average less than 10 miles.

No one (as a practical matter) would drive Highway 20 between Santa Rosa and the eastern part of Yuba County. In fact the "normal route" would pass through six other proposed Congressional Districts.

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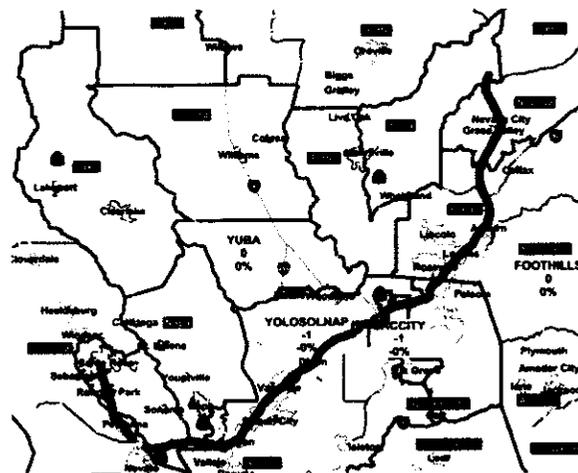
[1] All Google Earth pictures have elevation exaggeration set at 2.5 to 3.0.

John G Dickerson • ■■■■■■ • Redwood Valley, CA 95470

2 Wine Industry

Napa, Sonoma, and Mendocino Counties have been "joined at the hip" in the wine industry for **140 years. Lake** County developed its wine and grape industry in the past 50 years. The industries in these counties are highly inter-twined in numerous ways. The wine industry is the **main source of private sector income for the region** in terms of **products sold in the rest of the state, nation, and world**. Much of the commuting for jobs between these counties occurs in the wine industry. There are **numerous common federal issues of importance** to this industry in these four counties.

In contrast the wine industry is economically relatively insignificant in Yolo, Colusa, Glenn, Sutter and Yuba counties.

2.1 North Coast Viticultural Area

The Federal Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau ("TTB" - part of US Dept. of Commerce) regulates the US wine industry. TTB determines what place name may be put on a wine label to communicate where the grapes were grown that went into the wine. These are "American Viticultural Areas" (AVA – aka "appellation"). As stated by TTB – "AVAs allow vintners to better describe the origin of their wines and to allow consumers to better identify wines they may purchase". Place names not approved by TTB are illegal.

AVA's exist at several "levels" including regional AVAs that include parts of two or more counties. There are four such regional AVA's in California – Central Coast, South Coast, Sierra Foothills –and the _**North Coast**_.

The "official North Coast AVA" is identified in this map (not precise) by the pink-purple border. Note that parts of Mendocino and Marin County are not included. The smaller areas on the map within the North Coast are specific AVAs such as "Napa Valley", "Redwood Valley" or "Chalk Hill". In addition to the "County Viticultural Areas" here are 5 such "sub-appellations" in Lake County, 10 and a couple pending in Mendocino, 16 in Napa, and 13 in Sonoma.

The heavy red line is the western border of the proposed Congressional Districts in this area in the first draft issued by the Commission. A smaller red line in the southeast corner of Napa County is an area of that County that is included in a third proposed District in the first draft – Yolo – Solano – Napa. It is shown on this map because that little corner of Napa County would be severed from its far more natural community to its north and west.

The **proposed border splits the California North Coast wine region in half**.

Outside Napa and Lake the only other legal sub-appellations in the proposed Napa – Glenn – Yuba Congressional District are 2 in Yolo and 1 in Yuba.

The North Coast region produces superior grapes because of the interplay of cool moist air from the Pacific Ocean and San Pablo Bay, the rugged mountainous terrain with deep valleys creating dozens of micro-climates, and the particular soil types found in the region. This is a major reason the North Coast developed as a major wine producing region – as well as its proximity to the San Francisco and East Bay markets and transportation facilities.

Yolo, Colusa, Glenn and Sutter counties are "trapped" behind the Coast range isolated from the climatically moderating influences of the ocean and Bay and mountains. Most of the region can't produce the same quality winegrapes as the North Coast AVA. They are very significant agricultural counties but with very different products – walnuts and almonds, rice, wheat, tomatoes, etc. These are not significant crops in the North Coast.
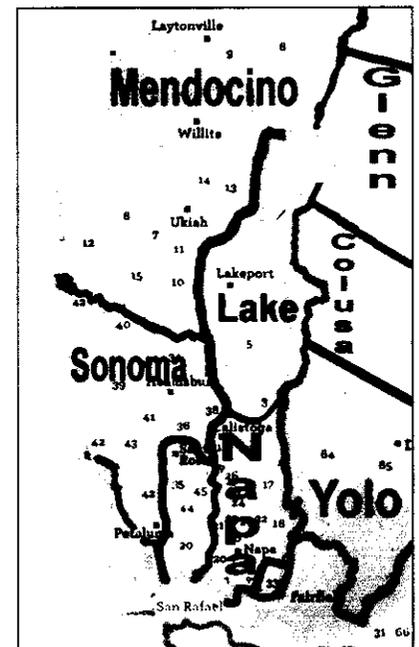
2.2 Establishments, Jobs, Wages

The wine and winegrape industries in the 4 principal North Coast counties are major contributors to their local economies – in sharp contrast to those in Yolo, Colusa, Glenn, Sutter and Yuba* counties. This summary table is produced from data in *County Business Patterns* (2008 - Census Bureau - see page 7).

Employment – Payroll in Wineries - 2008

	Paid employees for pay period including March 12 (number)	Annual payroll ($1,000)	Total Establishments
Sonoma - Mendo	6,114	308,701	260
Napa - Lake	6,988	394,507	300
North Coast	13,102	703,208	560
5 Counties*	92	3,828	7

The California Employment Development Department (EDD) produces a considerable amount of economic information for California counties. One such series of data is the *California Regional Economics Employment Series*[2]. (See tables produced from this data for these counties beginning on page 8.) These are summary tables.

Wineries - 2009

County Name	# Estab-lishments	Average Employ-ment	Total Wages
Sonoma - Mendo	278	6,803	309,744,293
Napa - Lake	291	7,692	424,466,746
North Coast	569	14,495	734,211,039
5 Counties*	7	155	6,920,375

Vineyards - 2009

County Name	# Estab-lishments	Average Employ-ment	Total Wages
Sonoma - Mendo	378	3,628	91,077,024
Napa - Lake	208	3,022	96,018,201
North Coast	586	6,650	187,095,225
5 Counties*	13	71	2,662,061

* Yolo, Colusa, Glenn, Sutter and Yuba counties

The wine & winegrape industries provide about $1 billion in yearly wages in the North Coast. They provide about 1/10th of 1% of that amount in the five Sacramento Valley counties. The wine and winegrape industries in the four-county North Coast AVA are probably the main economic foundation for their region. They are relatively insignificant in Yolo, Colusa, Glenn, Sutter and Yuba counties.


John G Dickerson • ██████████ Redwood Valley, CA 95470

2.3 Grape Crop Report

The California Department of Food and Agriculture in cooperation with the USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service produces an annual ***Grape Crush Report***.[3] They divide the State into 17 Grape Growing Regions, five of which are involved in the First Congressional District and the new Napa-Glenn-Yuba District.
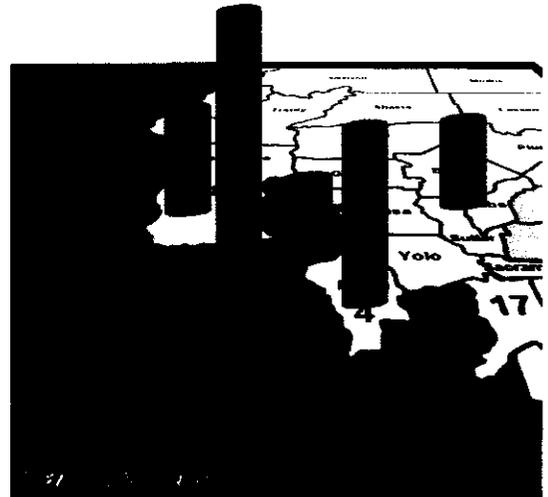
District	County-Counties
1	Mendocino
2	Lake
3	Sonoma & Marin
4	Napa
9	17 N. Cal. Counties including Yolo, Colusa, Glenn, Sutter and Yuba

Although Marin is included with Sonoma County it produces a very modest amount of wine grapes.
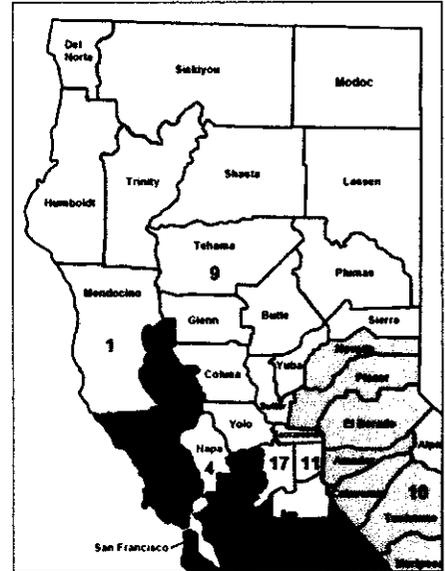
Tons of Grapes Grown - 2010

Grape District	Winegrapes
1 – Mendocino	65,844
2 – Lake	32,138
3 – Sonoma (w/Marin)	191,981
4 – Napa	138,631
Total North Coast	428,595
9 – 17 Counties in N Sac Valley and far Northern California	48,659

The four North Coast Counties produce 9 times more wine grapes than do the 17 counties in District 9 which includes Yolo, Colusa, Glenn, Sutter and Yuba counties.

There is a brisk trade between vineyards – mostly in Mendocino and Lake – who sell grapes to the larger wineries in Sonoma and Napa. This dynamic within the North Coast wine industry has existed since around the 1880's.

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[3] ***California Grape Crush Report - 2010***, CA. Dept. Food/Agriculture & USDA National Ag Statistics Service, 3/10/11 – available at http://www.nass.usda.gov/Statistics_by_State/California/Publications/Grape_Crush/Final/

3 Job Commuters to Neighboring Counties

This map shows the effects both of the "Wall" and of the far greater regional connections within the Napa-Sonoma-Mendocino-Lake area in stark contrast with the lack of such connections between that area and the Sacramento Valley counties to their east.

Number of Daily Job Commuters who cross ...
The Lake/Napa border with Mendocino/Sonoma   8235
The Lake/Napa border with Glenn/Colusa/Yolo   193

This map shows the draft boundary (heavy black line) between Mendocino and Sonoma in the proposed First Congressional District and Napa and Lake in the District proposed to stretch from Napa County to Glenn and Yuba Counties.

The numbers and arrows are data obtained from "County Commuting Patterns" on the website of the Bureau of Economic Analysis.[4] It shows the number of people who live and work in these counties, and the number who live in a county but commute to a neighboring county to work.

The **blue** numbers and arrows are the number of commuters who crossed the proposed boundary between these two Districts. The **red** numbers and arrows are the number who crossed the Napa-Lake border with Yolo-Colusa-Glenn which is the boundary of the current First District.

For example – 15,570 people lived and worked in Lake County. About 1004 people commuted west to Mendocino County to work and 1420 drove to Sonoma County – a total of about 2424 people equal to 15% of the residents of Lake County who stayed in Lake to work. In return a total of about 586 Mendocino and Sonoma residents drove to Lake County for work.

In contrast, no one drove east from Lake to either Glenn or Colusa counties and only 55 drove to Yolo. No one drove from Glenn or Colusa Counties to work in Lake; 29 drove from Yolo.

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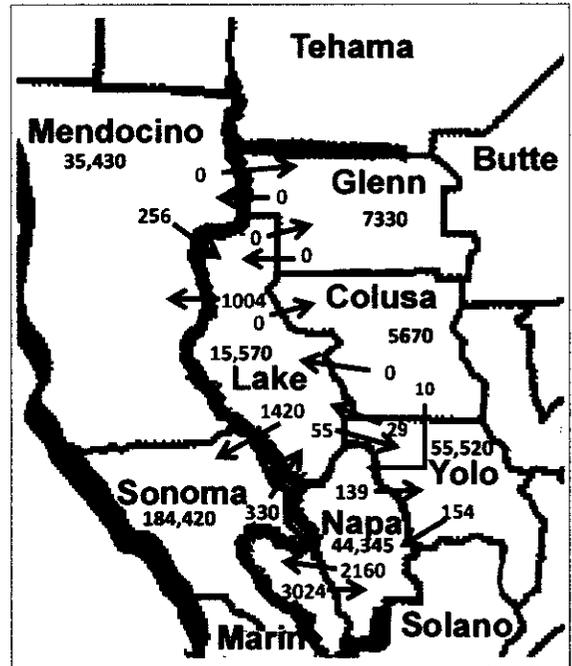
[4] http://www.bea.gov/regional/reis/jtw/default.cfm - Local Area Income/"Total Number of Workers Commuting between Counties of Residence and Counties of Work – 2000", Regional Economic Information System, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce. The data is from 2000 – the 2010 data is not yet available from this source.

4 Attachments

4.1 Wine Industry Economic Data

The wine and winegrape industries have a large number of very small businesses that often don't get "captured" by "normal" governmental information gathering systems. For example, in a recent analysis I produced for the Mendocino County Winegrape and Wine Commission there were about 40 more small non-employee-reporting wineries above the 40 or so that showed up in these "official" data sources. However, the "formal" sources do report data obtained from the kinds of wineries and vineyards that produce the most jobs and wages.

4.2 County Business Patterns – US Census –

This table shows data for wineries in these counties as reported in US Census Bureau _County Business Patterns_[5]:

	Paid employees for pay period including March 12, 2008 (number)	First-quarter payroll ($1,000)	Annual payroll ($1,000)	Total Establishments
Mendocino	826	7,938	36,771	26
Sonoma	5,288	65,663	271,930	234
	6,114	73,601	308,701	260
Lake	118	1,478	7,166	10
Napa	6,870	89,842	387,341	290
	6,988	91,320	394,507	300
North Coast	13,102	164,921	703,208	560
Yolo	92	852	3,828	6
Colusa	na	na	na	na
Glenn	na	na	na	na
Sutter	na	na	na	na
Yuba	na	na	na	1
	92	852	3,828	7

Yolo County is divided in half in the first draft Congressional Districts – but most of the numbers reported above are in the proposed Napa – Glenn – Yuba District. Even so clearly the five counties other than Napa and Lake have extremely small wine industries – in sharp contrast to Napa and the other North Coast counties.

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[5] _County Business Patterns – 2008_ (most recent available), US Census Bureau, available at http://www.census.gov/econ/cbp/index.html, (County Business Patterns "catches" the more formal "larger" wineries.

4.3   Winery and Vineyard Employment – California Employment Development Dept.

The California Employment Development Department (EDD) produces this series for private sector employers based on the _Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages_ produced by the Federal Bureau of Labor Statistics. As is true with _County Business Patterns_ (above) data for many small family or individual operations don't' get "captured" by this system. However, the main economic activity of an industry is present in this data.

This table shows the number of employing vineyards, average number of employees over a year, and total wages paid. Again – this does not "capture" data for non-employing vineyard operators; there are hundreds of small vineyards operated by family members and occasional (non-reported) labor.

Employment Data for Winegrape Vineyards - 2009

County Name	# Estab-lishments	Average Employ-ment	Total Wages
Mendocino	107	792	15,086,443
Sonoma	271	2,836	75,990,581
	378	3,628	91,077,024
Lake	29	352	8,458,691
Napa	179	2,670	87,559,510
	208	3,022	96,018,201
North Coast	586	6,650	187,095,225
Yolo	13	71	2,662,061
Colusa	5	S	S
Glenn	0	0	0
Sutter	S	S	S
Yuba	S	S	S
	13	71	2,662,061

Employment Data for Wineries - 2009

County Name	# Estab-lishments	Average Employ-ment	Total Wages
Mendocino	40	773	28,942,816
Sonoma	238	6,030	280,801,477
Sonoma - Mendo	278	6,803	309,744,293
Lake	S	S	S
Napa	291	7,692	424,466,746
Napa - Lake	291	7,692	424,466,746
North Coast	569	14,495	734,211,039
Yolo	7	155	6,920,375
Colusa	S	S	S
Glenn	0	0	0
Sutter	0	0	0
Yuba	S	S	S
	7	155	6,920,375

Member, Board of Supervisors
District 8

City and County of San Francisco

SCOTT WIENER
威善高

June 27, 2011

California Citizens Redistricting Commission
901 P Street, Suite 154-A
Sacramento, CA 95814

Dear Commissioners:

I am a member of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors. I represent District 8, which is comprised of the Castro, Noe Valley, Glen Park, Diamond Heights, Twin Peaks, Buena Vista, Duboce Triangle, Mission Dolores, and part of the Lower Haight. My district – the bulk of which was represented by Supervisor Harvey Milk before his death – has the largest concentration of LGBT voters in San Francisco.

I am writing about several redistricting issues that impact San Francisco generally and, more specifically, my constituents and the LGBT community:

The San Francisco Senate District should receive an odd number so that eastern San Francisco, including a significant portion of the LGBT community, does not lose Senate representation from 2012 through 2014. Most of my Supervisorial District is contained in the Third Senate District, which includes eastern San Francisco. My constituents, and particularly my LGBT constituents, rely on vigorous Senate representation to advance equal and fair treatment for our community and economic fairness for LGBT families. In addition, two-thirds of my constituents are renters and rely on our Senator to advocate for renter protections under state law.

If the proposed Senate District, which contains all of San Francisco, does not receive an odd number, then as of December 2012, most of my constituents – and all of eastern San Francisco (e.g., Chinatown, the Mission, Bayview, Tenderloin) – will go through a two-year period during which no Senator will have been elected by them. This will undermine the representation of my constituents and eastern San Francisco generally.

The Eastern San Francisco Assembly District should be modified to include several LGBT-heavy neighborhoods (Diamond Heights, Twin Peaks, Cole Valley, and Haight-Ashbury) that the draft map removes from the Eastern San Francisco district (currently the 13th Assembly District). These neighborhoods have large LGBT populations and form a community of interest with the Castro, Noe Valley, South of Market, Mission, and other neighborhoods with large LGBT populations. Removal of these neighborhoods would dilute and divide the LGBT community's voting strength. The western boundary of this area should be restored to its traditional boundary – Stanyan Street, Twin Peaks Boulevard, and O'Shaugnessy.

Page 1

SCOTT WIENER
威善高

Since the Eastern San Francisco Assembly District was created in 1991, the LGBT community has had electoral success in that district, precisely because its community of interest has been intact. Before 1991, by contrast, the LGBT community had never been able to elect a state representative from San Francisco. Removal of these LGBT-heavy neighborhoods would dilute the voting strength of the LGBT community and would decrease LGBT representation. I urge you to restore these neighborhoods to the eastern San Francisco district.

The northern section of San Francisco – Pacific Heights and the Marina – should be retained in the Eastern district, and Laurel Heights should be added (west to Arguello). Northern San Francisco has many commonalities with central and eastern San Francisco, including a high percentage of renters, reliance on public transportation, and strong support for LGBT equality. It makes sense for these neighborhoods, with so many common priorities, to be represented by a single Assembly Member. Laurel Heights, as indicated by Equality California, is part of the LGBT community of interest and should be included with other neighborhoods with large LGBT populations. (See: http://www.eqca.org/atf/cf/%7B34f258b3-8482-4943-91cb-08c4b0246a88%7D/CITYOFSANFRANCISCO.PDF)

There are very few Assembly Districts in California with a significant concentration of LGBT people. The Eastern San Francisco District is one of them. I request that you allow the LGBT community to continue to be united in this unique and important district and that the district not be changed in such a way as to undermine this community's voting strength.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

Scott Wiener
Supervisor, District 8

PUBLIC COMMENT OF LGBT LEADERSHIP ORGANIZATIONS REGARDING EASTERN SAN FRANCISCO ASSEMBLY DISTRICT AND DILUTION OF LGBT VOTING STRENGTH

06.27.11.P

June 27, 2011

Submitted by:

Equality California (eqca.org)

National Center for Lesbian Rights (nclrights.org)

San Francisco LGBT Community Center (sfcenter.org)

Alice B. Toklas LGBT Democratic Club (alicebtoklas.org)

Log Cabin Republicans of San Francisco (logcabin.org)

The above organizations, all committed to lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender (LGBT) civil rights and political representation, jointly submit this statement regarding the proposed boundaries of the Eastern San Francisco Assembly District. The Eastern San Francisco Assembly District, currently the 13th Assembly District, is one of the most critical districts in California for the LGBT community.

The current tentative map greatly dilutes and divides the LGBT community of interest in San Francisco by removing several heavily LGBT neighborhoods from the Eastern San Francisco district and placing them in the Western San Francisco district. By doing so, the tentative map undermines the ability of the LGBT community to be fully represented. **We request that the committee modify the map to add the following neighborhoods: Diamond Heights, Glen Park, Twin Peaks, Cole Valley, Haight-Ashbury, Laurel Heights.** Each of these neighborhoods has a significant LGBT population. See the Equality California LGBT community of interest map for San Francisco attached to the end of this comment.

We believe this map offers a number of advantages. It moves the fewest number of voters, creating consistency for thousands of San Franciscans. Furthermore, it preserves the basic framework for a district that made a breakthrough by electing an LGBT representative after the Special Masters' maps in 1991. This district allowed our community to unify and elect a series of LGBT leaders. Eastern San Francisco has been a critical seat for the LGBT community, and we hope it remains so.

As leaders in the LGBT community, our organizations work to advance our community's civil rights, which is why we have come together to submit this comment. Equality California is a non-partisan statewide organization committed to electing pro-LGBT elected officials of all parties and advancing pro-LGBT legislation and policy. The National Center for Lesbian

Rights advocates for the LGBT community in the courts and the public policy arena. The San Francisco LGBT Community Center provides critical services to LGBT people, provides space for the LGBT community to organize, and acts as a hub for the community. The Alice B. Toklas LGBT Democratic Club and Log Cabin Republicans of San Francisco are partisan organizations seeking to advance the LGBT community within their respective political parties and in the community. Together, these five organizations represent a broad swath of the LGBT community and span the political spectrum.

Eastern San Francisco

The map below shows the boundary of our proposed district. It essentially encompasses the previous Eastern San Francisco district (the 13th Assembly District), but also adds the Laurel Heights neighborhood, which has a high percentage of LGBT families.
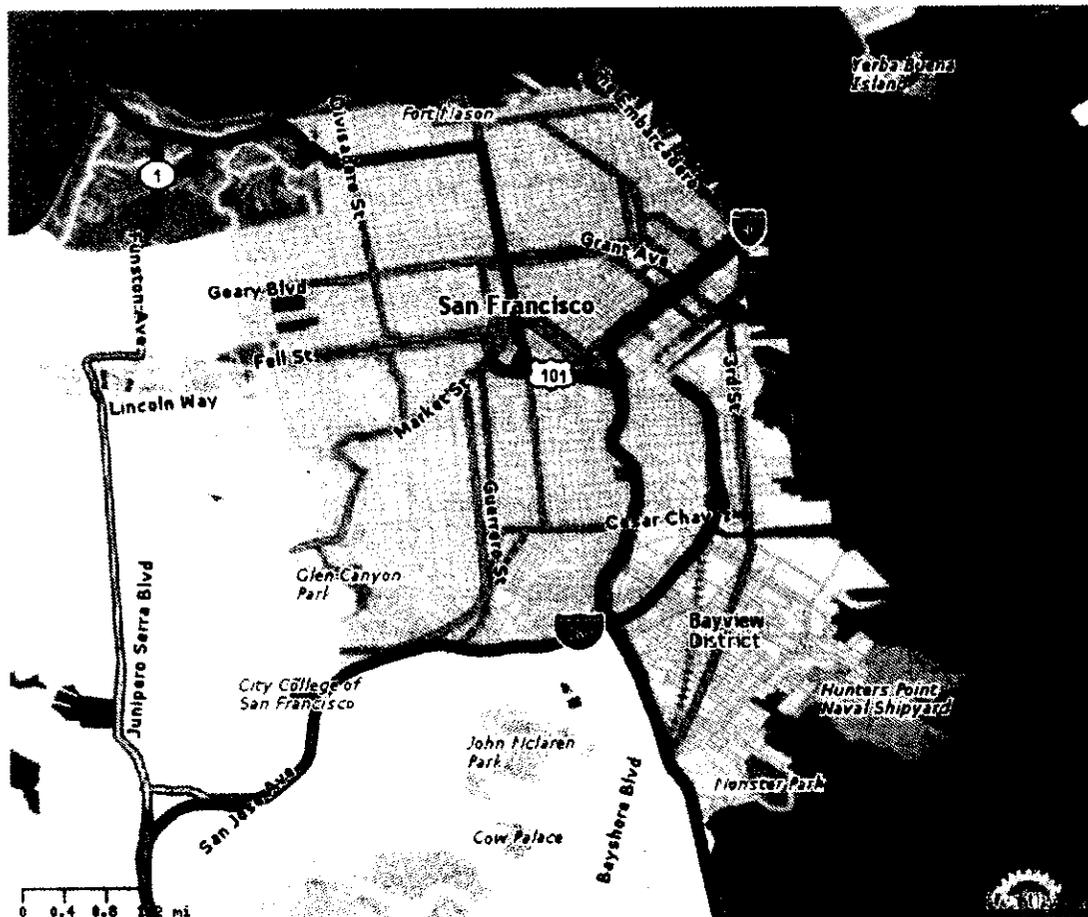
Redistricting Data: Eastern San Francisco

Below you will find demographic data for the proposed district. Furthermore, please refer to the map produced by Equality California (depicted at the end of this comment) showing the LGBT Community of Interest in San Francisco. As you can see, this map unites nearly all of the community into a geographically compact district.

Population

Total Population: 466,799
0.24% variance from ideal population
———————— Ideal Population Original District
———————— 465,675   444,835

Universe: Total Population
Datasource: U.S. Census Bureau Decennial Census
Data Year: 2010
Data Level: Census Block

Total Population	466,799
Ideal	465,675
Variance	0.24%
Original District	444,835

Citizen Voting Age Population

10.35% Hispanic or Latino

18.72% Asian

0.73% American Indian/Alaska Native

8.88% Black or African American

0.38% Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander Alone

60.46% White Alone

0.48% Two or More Races

Universe: Citizen Population 18 Years of Age or Older
Datasource: Statewide Database at the University of California Berkeley
Data Year: 2010
Data Level: Census Block

	Our District 13	Original District
Hispanic or Latino Citizen Voting Age Population	10.35% 35,442	10.51% 34,224
Asian	18.72% 64,144	18.60% 60,563
American Indian/Alaska Native	0.73% 2,492	0.75% 2,457
Black or African American	8.88% 30,404	9.15% 29,776

Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander Alone, Not Hispanic or Latino, Citizen Voting Age Population	0.38% 1,298	0.38% 1,223
White Alone, Not Hispanic or Latino, Citizen Voting Age Population	60.46% 207,139	60.13% 195,738
Citizen Voting Age Population Belonging to the Remainder of Two or More Races, Not Hispanic or Latino	0.48% 1,659	0.48% 1,559

Ethnicity / Race

16.07% Hispanic or Latino

49.50% White alone

7.39% Black or African American alone

23.08% Asian

0.60% Some Other Race

3.37% Two or More Races

Universe: Total Population
Datasource: U.S. Census Bureau Decennial Census
Data Year: 2010
Data Level: Census Block

Original District = Blue line

	Our District 13	Original District
Hispanic or Latino	16.07% 75,018	16.50% 73,403
White alone	49.50% 231,052	48.83% 217,222
Black or African American alone	7.39% 34,475	7.59% 33,749
Asian	23.08% 107,740	23.13% 102,910
Some Other Race	0.60% 2,803	0.60% 2,688
Two or More Races	3.37% 15,711	3.34% 14,863

Additional Information

Beyond the interest of uniting the LGBT community, this district shares many features. The area is heavily reliant upon public transportation in ways that the more geographically spread out neighborhoods of Southern and Western San Francisco are not. Much of the Marina neighborhood consists of young renters who, while mainly heterosexual, have much in common with the LGBT community in terms of shared social and economic values.

The LGBT community is a diverse one, but we share many common values. With the growing gentrification of the inner core of San Francisco, especially in areas such as Mission Bay and South Beach, the community also shares many of its values with the northern part of the city. We face similar issues, use the same medical facilities, and are reliant on the same transportation system.

Furthermore, this district preserves the strength of the Asian-American community in the Eastern San Francisco district. This map enables both the LGBT community and the Asian-American communities to remain intact.

Conclusion

In summary, the map provided here creates the least instability in San Francisco and unites the LGBT community. The district is critical to our community. We hope that we will continue to remain a strong force by ensuring that we are consolidated into one Assembly District.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Equality California
National Center for Lesbian Rights
San Francisco LGBT Community Center
Alice B. Toklas LGBT Democratic Club
Log Cabin Republicans of San Francisco
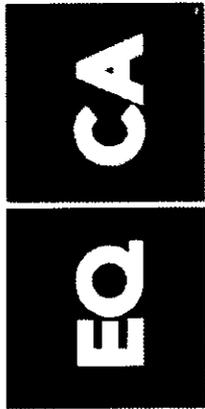
EQ | CA

Equality California | eqca.org

LGBT Community of Interest Map
CITY OF SAN FRANCISCO

LGBT COI Rank
- ■ 98th Percentile
- ■ 99th Percentile
- Other

Field	Value
Population	802,355
pdi_domesticpartner	9,886
Prop 8 No	75%
Yes on Prop 8	25%
Prop 22 No	68%
Yes on Prop 22	32%
Prop 8 Donors	9,332
Prop 22 donors	1,338
LGBT Organizations	50,220
Men_SSHH	5,326
Women_SSHH	1,892
POSSLQ_Count	18,611

❸❖ REDISTRICTING
❸❖ PARTNERS

CITY OF DANA POINT

AGENDA REPORT

Reviewed By:
DH
CM
CA

DATE: JUNE 13, 2011

TO: CITY MANAGER/ HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL

FROM   PATRICK MUNOZ, CITY ATTORNEY

SUBJECT: STATE REDISTRICTING

RECOMMENDED ACTION:

That the City Council adopt the accompanying resolution (1) opposing the current draft redistricting map, (2) setting forth the City's position that any redistricting should not split the City, and (3) setting forth the City's preference that the entire City be included in the same district as other South County cities.

BACKGROUND

Last Friday the Citizens Redistricting Commission released a draft map showing its current proposal for redistricting of State Assembly and State Senate seats. Specifically, the current proposal creates two relevant Assembly districts. One is generally the Orange County Coastal area beginning north of the Headlands and going all the way to Seal Beach, and the other being an area starting at the Headlands and comprising what one would traditionally think of as South Orange County. Additionally, it creates two relevant Senate districts. One is generally the same North Orange County Coastal area as noted above combined with much of the central and north, inland portions of the County. The other, is comprised again of what one would traditionally consider to be South Orange County, combined with portions of north San Diego County. The proposed Senate district splits the City of Dana Point at the same location as the proposed Assembly district.

This above information came to the attention of City Staff after the posting of the agenda. Upon review, City Staff is concerned by the proposed redistricting as it splits the City in two, and places a significant portion of the City within the "North County" district. As will be discussed in more detail at the Council meeting, staff feels that it is more appropriate that the entire City remain in the same district. Further, that the entire City be in the district comprised of South Orange County cities with whom the City has many common issues, and historical working relationships.

DISCUSSION:

The proposal is the subject of a series of hearings and meetings occurring over the next month, beginning as early as June 16th. Accordingly, staff believes action is required by the Council prior to its next meeting. Staff specifically recommends adoption of the attached resolution.

FISCAL IMPACT:

No fiscal impact is anticipated as a result of the recommended action.

ACTION DOCUMENT:

SUPPORTING DOCUMENT:

ACTION DOCUMENT A

RESOLUTION NO. _____

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF DANA POINT, CALIFORNIA, OPPOSING ANY PROPOSED REDISTRICTING PLAN THAT SPLITS THE CITY AND/OR PLACES THE CITY OUTSIDE OF THE DISTRICT INCLUDING OTHER SOUTH ORANGE COUNTY CITIES

The City Council of the City of Dana Point does hereby resolve as follows:

WHEREAS, on June 10, 2011 the California Citizens Redistricting Commission released maps showing a proposed new redistricting for State Assembly and Senate Seat purposes; and

WHEREAS, the proposal divides the City of Dana Point creating two districts within its geographical boundaries; and

WHEREAS, the City Council is opposed to any redistricting which divides the City; and

WHEREAS, the City Council believes the City should be included, in its entirety, in the same districts for Assembly and Senate Seat purposes as the rest of what is traditionally considered to be South Orange County based upon the similarity of issues, and historical working relationships the City has with such other South Orange County cities.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT HEREBY RESOLVED by the City Council of the City of Dana Point as follows:

SECTION 1.   The Council hereby formally opposes the redistricting proposal released on June 10, 2011 and any other proposal by which the City is split into multiple districts.

SECTION 2.   The City Council hereby formally opposes the redistricting proposal released on June 10, 2011, and any other proposal by which all, or any part of the City is not included the same Assembly and Senate districts as most, if not all, of the cities traditionally considered to comprise "South Orange County" are located.

SECTION 3.   The Mayor and City Manager, and/or their designees are hereby authorized to send letters and or appear at meetings, and participate in such other lawful activities as they deem necessary and appropriate to advocate the above noted positions on behalf of the City.

PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED at a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Dana Point, California, held on this 13th day of June, 2011, by the following vote, to wit:
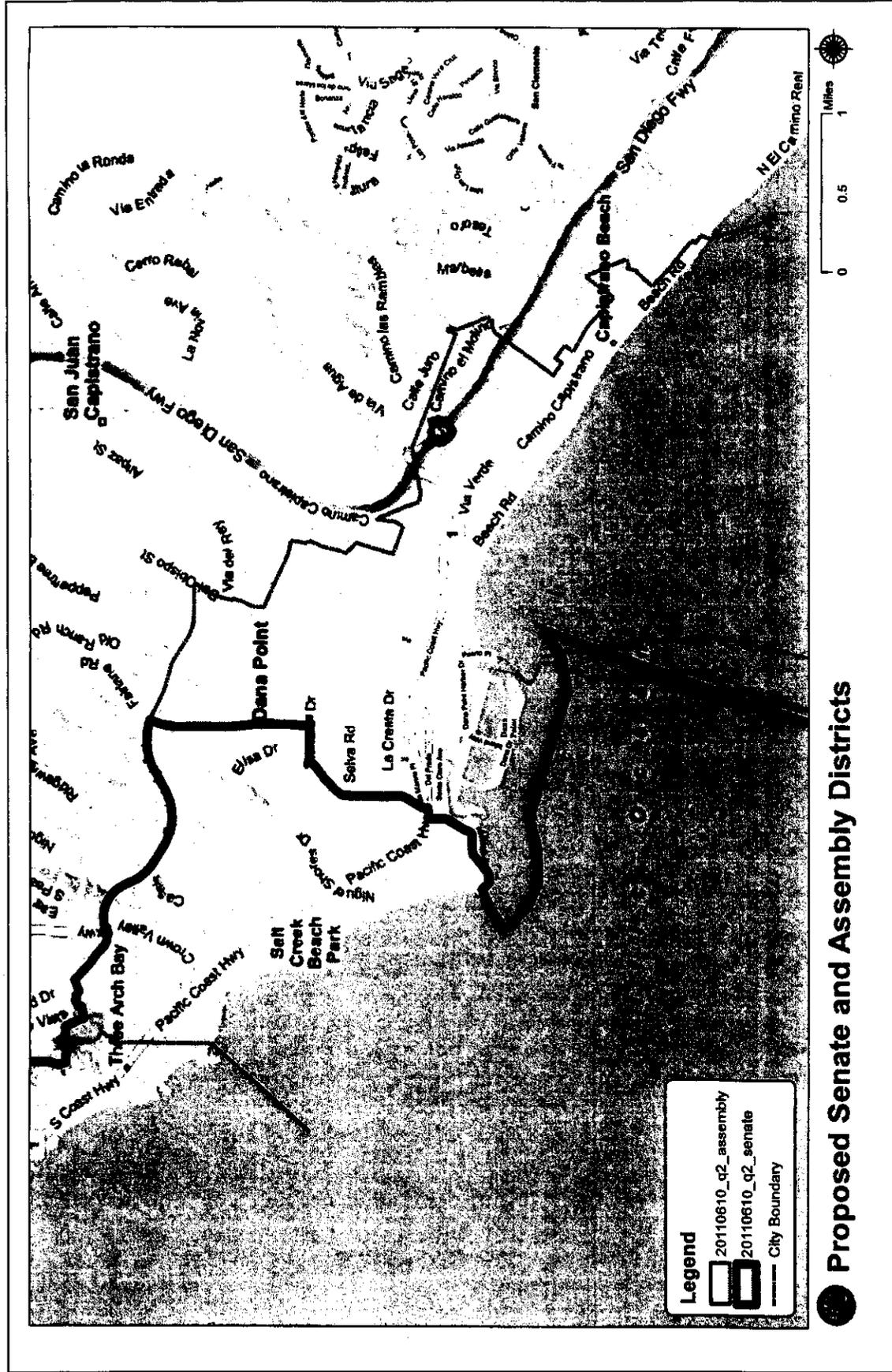
AYES:

NOES:

ABSENT:

ABSTAIN:

_____

J. Scott Schoeffel, Mayor

ATTEST:

_____

KATHY M. WARD, City Clerk

Proposed Senate and Assembly Districts

Legend

20110610_q2_assembly
20110610_q2_senate
City Boundary

June 21, 2011

At its June 13, 2011 meeting, the Dana Point City Council voted unanimously to object to the California Citizens Redistricting Commission's first round of draft maps for State Assembly and State Senate district boundaries relevant to Dana Point.. As part of that action the Dana Point City Council also unanimously approved the attached Resolution, which opposes any state Assembly or Senate redistricting plan that would (a) divide the City geographically and/ or (b) place the City outside of any state Senate or Assembly districts that do not include our neighboring south Orange County cities.

The Dana Point Chamber of Commerce concurs with the opinions and the recommendations of the Dana Point City Council to approve the attached Resolution. Under the current map draft, the City of Dana Point would be split into two different State Assembly districts. The business community of Dana Point is better served and has a stronger influence on pertinent issues with a unified representation in the State Assembly. We strongly feel that our entire city should be grouped with other south Orange County cities for state Senate and Assembly purposes because of the common issues these cities face as well as the strong working relationships and cooperative arrangements they have developed over many, many years.

SECTION 1. The Council hereby formally opposes the redistricting proposal released on June 10, 2011 and any other proposal by which the City is split into multiple districts.
SECTION 2. The City Council hereby formally opposes the redistricting proposal released on June 10, 2011, and any other proposal by which all, or any part of the City is not included the same Assembly and Senate districts as most, if not all, of the cities traditionally considered to comprise "South Orange County" are located.
SECTION 3. The Mayor and City Manager, and/or their designees are hereby authorized to send letters and or appear at meetings, and participate in such other lawful activities as they deem necessary and appropriate to advocate the above noted positions on behalf of the City.

On behalf of the Dana Point Chamber of Commerce, I would strongly and respectfully request the Commission to reconsider the state Senate and Assembly district boundaries proposed in the First Draft in view of the comments set forth above. If I, or any of the Chamber staff, can be of any further assistance or answer any questions, please do not hesitate to contact us

Sincerely,

Laura Ouimet
Executive Director
Dana Point Chamber of Commerce

xnewyorker

From: "Carol Russell" ◄
To: "xnewyorker"
Sent: Monday, June 27, 2011 10:47 AM
Subject: redistricting speech 6 26 2011

June 27, 2011

Chair Yao and Commissioners,

I'm Carol Russell and although a member of the City Council of the City of Cloverdale, I'm here as a voter and a resident of Sonoma County who was also a long-time resident of Marin.

My concerns about proposed redistricting maps mainly center on retaining Sonoma County's strong historic and cultural "communities of interest" and ensuring that the voters who hold them are all well-represented over the next 10 years.

I agree with Marin voters who argued for keeping their county intact because to do otherwise is to destroy the very thing this commission is legally obligated to protect and even enhance: the integrity and the viability of our state's true communities of interest.

I urge that you keep Sonoma in tact AND within one Coastal District!

Every city, town and county, from the Golden Gate all the way northward, belongs to what I call the "101 Family" because that single highway forms the spine that supports the great bulk of our public and commercial traffic, as well as providing our main route for public safety.

To toss the City of Santa Rosa into a gerrymandered Inland district is to remove from an historical family of local, like-minded communities one that helped create and sustains Sonoma County.

Santa Rosa is not only our largest city it is the seat of our county government. To toss it out is to dilute the strength of its efforts and those of the rest of us to work with authorities to bring in much-needed improvements in interests that are not only common but essential—like public transportation.

We of the "Highway 101 Family" share many other common interests and ties, from protection of the Russian River to our similar demographics, to our mutual economic development planning, to our education system and much, much more.

We are also directly, you could say organically, related to the North Coast and so we need to remain with our entire family!

Please, don't disinherit any of us.

Lastly, Commissioners, I know and appreciate how hard you are working...but this confusing process is too often creating the unfortunate impression that redisricting is less about the interests of common people and more about the common interests of politicians and bureaucracy.

Thank you

Carol Russell

Cloverdale, CA 95425

Been following you since march

We worked with a professional line drawer

I was speaker #6 on may 20th in SR

We submitted several map suggestions none of which were used on your 1st draft maps.

I asked you to please try and keep Sonoma county as whole as possible as we have been broken up over the years in all 3 Senate, Assembly & Congressional.

Not only did you break up Sonoma county in many ways but you also broke up our largest city Santa Rosa. Santa Rosa is our county center and is the largest city north of SF to the OR border. All the county supervisor offices are located here yet on every map you produced you cut out Santa Rosa from Sonoma county which makes no sense.

I was watching the business meeting you had a few weeks ago on reviewing the first draft maps, and you map drawer said something that was not true. I did call and email right away that minute to let you know of the mistake but wanted to also point it out here. Wikiup and Larkfield are a part of Santa Rosa. Your map drawer said they cut out the cities of Wikiup and Larkfield but they are not cities they are areas inside of Santa Rosa.

I really do find it very unfair that you keep chopping up Sonoma county and Santa Rosa but continue to keep other places whole such as Marin County.

On your district Northcoast congressional map you go from the GG bridge all the way to the OR border cutting out Santa Rosa. This seems so strange to me. Del Norte, Humboldt and Mendocino have nothing in common with Marin county whatsoever. Those in Mendocino county however do travel to Santa Rosa all the time to do their shopping.

Please I beg you to consider the people of Sonoma county and the people of Santa Rosa and not cut out the largest city center from Sonoma county.

I know you have a very hard job as when you change one line you have to change all the rest of the lines to meet the numbers and percentages. But please keep communities of interest together.

Several of us that spoke in SR on May 20th will be submitting suggested changes to your first draft maps via email today in one letter.

Thank you for all your hard work and time and good luck on the final maps.

Christopher L. Bowman

~~San Francisco, CA 94109~~

27 June 2011

SUBJECT: Request to adjust the boundaries of the EASTSF Assembly District

Hon. Connie Galambos-Malloy, Chair, and Members
California Citizens Redistricting Commission
901 P Street, Suite 154-A
Sacramento, CA 95814

Dear Chair Galambos-Malloy and Commissioners

        Based on electoral patterns of the past twenty years in San Francisco on issues related to the LGBT Community, and the latest demographic data from the United States Census Bureau, I am joining a broad-based coalition of leaders of the LGBT Community of San Francisco to request that the Commission readjust the boundaries of its EASTSF Assembly district so that the LGBT community is not divided and its voting power not be diluted.

        The first draft if Assembly districts approved by the Commission transfers approximately 33 precincts from the current 13th AD (a.k.a. district EASTSF) to the 12th AD (WESTSFDALY) from the most highly concentrated LGBT neighborhoods of the City, and adds an equivalent number of precincts into the 13th AD from the Outer Mission district (Supervisor Dan White's former Supervisorial District) .

        The net result is that the ability of LGBT candidates, who have been elected in the 13th AD for the past 15 years because of the fair redistricting of the Special Masters in 1991, will be significantly impaired once the 13th AD seat becomes vacated.

        Background:

        The LGBT community started to concentrate in the Upper Market/Castro district of San Francisco in the early 1970's. As more and more LGBT people emigrated to San Francisco, they settled to the North, East, and South of the Castro in the neighborhoods of the Haight Ashbury, Cole Valley, Corona and Buena Vista Heights, East of Twin Peaks, Dolores Heights, Noe Valley, Upper Noe Vallery, Diamond Heights, and Glen Park – and ultimately in the Inner Mission, Bernal Heights, Potrero Hill, South of Market, and Western Addition.

        In 1974, the California legislature (under the guidance of Congressman Phil Burton) redrew the district lines of 1966 (subsequent to the One Man/One Vote ruling of the Supreme Court). The LGBT Community was split in two along Market Street and Castro for both the Assembly and Congressional districts. In 1981, the dividing line was kept the same. In 1991, similar plans were passed by the legislature, but vetoed by Governor Pete Wilson. The final redistricting plan was prepared by the Special Masters appointed by the California Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court created two Assembly districts in San Francisco, the 12th AD on the west side of the City and the 13th AD on the east side of the City. The 13th AD contained roughly 90% of the LGBT community of San Francisco at the time.

The key boundary between the two districts ran down Stanyan Street from Fulton to Twin Peaks Blvd., along Twin Peaks Blvd, which is the topographic divide of the City, and O'Shaughnessy down to I-280. The boundary continued east on I-280 to Hwy 101, and then south to the Daly City border. It separated the heavily LGBT Glen Park and Bernal Heights neighborhoods from the neighborhoods of the Outer Mission (the Excelsior, Portola, Visitacion Valley, and Sunnydale neighborhoods). These neighborhoods in the Outer Mission were half of Supervisor Dan White's supervisorial district in the 1970's, and in 2000 and 2008, more than half of its voters voted in favor of Propositions 22 and 8 against same sex marriage.

Prior to the 1991 redistricting, three LGBT candidates – Harvey Milk and Roberta Achtenberg ran for the Assembly in 1976 and 1988, respectively, and Harry Britt ran for the Congress in 1987, and all three candidates failed to win the Democratic Party primary by about 3,000 votes. This is because the Community was divided due to the Burton gerrymander. After the 1991 redistricting, Carole Migden in 1996, Mark Leno in 2002, and Tom Ammiano in 2008 were elected to the 13th AD because there was a critical mass of LGBT voters in the new district.

While it is true that the concentration of LGBT voters in the Castro has dropped slightly as more LGBT people are dispersing throughout the rest of the City, that disbursement has not been uniform. It has mostly moved to the West to the politically moderate homeowner neighborhoods west of Twin Peaks Blvd. It has not gone to the Outer Mission to any significant degree.

The United States Census bureau just released last Thursday, 465 new tables of information contained in the 2010 SF1 100% Data file, which provides data down to the Census Tract level. Included in those tables is table PCT 15 – Husband-Wife and Unmarried Partners Household by Sex of Partner. A sizeable majority of LGBT people do not belong to a Same Sex Unmarried Partners Household, but are single, but the number of such households as a percentage of the total number of households in any particular census tract is a good surrogate to identify where the concentrations of LGBT people are in any City or neighborhood.

There are no national numbers currently, since the Census has released the data for only a handful of states, including California. In California, there are 64,625 male householders and male partners and 60,891 female householders and female partners for a total of 125,676 LGBT households out of a total of 12,577,498 households in the state. The percentage of LGBT households out the total households of the State is 0.998%, In San Francisco, there are 7,630 male householders and male partners and 2,754 female householders and female partners, for a total of 10,384 LGBT households out of the total households of the City or 345,811. The percentage of LGBT households of the total households of the City is 3.003%.

In Census Tract 205, which runs from 17th to 21st Streets, and Castro west to Diamond, 18.42% of the total households are unmarried partners same sex households. In the East of Twin Peaks Census Tracts, 204.01 and 204.02 (most of which are transferred from the 13th to the 12th Assembly District under the Commission's first draft, the percentage of unmarried partners same xex households are 16.72% and 11.58%, respectively. Among the census tracts that the Commission added to the 13th AD from the Outer Mission (the Excelsior, Portola, Visitacion

Valley, and Sunnydale neighborhoods), the percentage of unmarried partners same sex households ranges from 0.75% to 2.96% -- all below the Citywide average of 3.003%.

I'm certain that the Commission did not intent to dilute the LGBT Community's ability to elect a member of its Community to the Assembly, but that will be the result.

Please maintain the current boundary between the two Assembly districts in San Francisco along Stanyan Street, Twin Peaks Blvd., and O'Shaughnessy, and not add any census tracts south of I-280 into the EASTSF district, and to balance for population, move the northern boundary between the two districts from Broderick to Arguello between Pacific and Fulton.

Sincerely,

Christopher L. Bowman

p.s., I'm attaching a color coded map showing all 198 census blocks of San Francisco per the 2010 census, with those census blocks that are over 9% unmarried partners same sex households in Red, and those below 1% in black. You will note that Twin Peaks Blvd., defines the western edge of the Red census tracts.

Unmarried Partners, Same Sex Households (Table PCT 15)
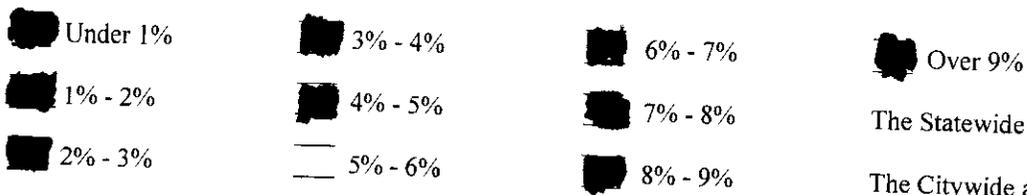## 2010 SF1 100% Data, United States Census Bureau
Color Coded Map prepared by Christopher L .Bowman

2010 Census tracts

6

179 02

601

479 01   9802

9803

2

61

227.04   227.02   226

304.0   52   814

306

6   20

215   253   9809   10

7

254.01

254.03

604

9805.01   9806

610

Fall Line
Analytics

<u>Percentage of Total Households</u>

Under 1%	3% - 4%	6% - 7%	Over 9%
1% - 2%	4% - 5%	7% - 8%	
2% - 3%	5% - 6%	8% - 9%	

The Statewide average is 1%

The Citywide average is 3%

California Conservative Action Group

███████ Albany, CA 94706

MEMO

To: Citizens Redistricting Commission
From: CCAG Chris Bowman
RE: CCAG Bowman Revised Congressional Plan
Date: June 27, 2011

#4 Hi, I'm _JERRY DEES_ and I'm a member of the California Conservative Action group from _SAN RAMON_. AND I DO HAVE SSUE ~~BEEN SENT IN TO TRY AND FIX MY~~ PROBLEMS WITH THEIR DRAFT

~~The CCAG revised plans address a number of (hot spots) created by the Commission's draft Congressional plan.~~ CONGRESSIONAL MAP

1. Again, we find Marin County in a district which stretches from the Golden Gate to the Oregon Border bypassing not only Santa Rosa, but Cotati and Rohnert Park.

AND
2. Those communities and the Valley of the Moon are included in a district which includes Yuba County and the Sierra Foothills.

3. American Canyon is orphaned linked with North Highlands near Roseville.

4. In San Francisco, the 8th Congressional District needs to expand to include 87% of the City. Rather than putting the OMI and OUTER MISSION neighborhoods south of I-280 (other than Visitation Valley and Sunnydale) into the 12th CD, the first draft divides Twin Peaks neighborhoods in half, and splits St. Francis Wood, West Portal, and Forest Hill. It also divides Diamond Heights and the Outer Mission The only thing good about the proposed district is that it unites the Sunset District into the 8th CD.

5. In the San Mateo district, Menlo Park is divided between two districts and connected to the rest of the district bypassing Atherton and Redwood City.

6. Redwood City is linked with Scotts Valley in the SANMACSC district. They are connected going up to Skyline, going east 50 miles and then south on Hwy 17 to make the connection.

7. In the CONTRACOSTA district, San Pablo and El Cerrito which have more in common with other blue collar towns of Pinole, Richmond, and Albany,are linked via the East Bay hills to the Contra Costa portion of the middle class Tri-Valley area.

8. The rest of the Tri-Valley area in Alameda County is linked with the blue collar communities of San Leandro, Union City, and part of Fremont.

9. A DIVIDED FREMONT IS COMBINED WITH A DIVIDED DOWNTOWN SANJOSE IN ANOTHER DISTRICT.

AGAIN, OUR REVISED CONGRESSIONAL PLAN ADDRESSES ALL THESE ISSUES SUCCESSFULLY

9. A divided Fremont is combined with a divided downtown San Jose in another district.

Again, our revised Congressional Plan addresses all of these issues successfully.

California Conservative Action Group
████████ Albany, CA 94706

MEMO

To: Citizens Redistricting Commission
From: CCAG Chris Bowman
RE: CCAG Bowman Revised Maps Summary
Date: June 27, 2011

#5 Hi, I'm ___Suzanne Caro___ and I'm a member of the California Conservative Action group from _OAKLAND_.

In sum, we object to many of the districts drafted by the Commission because they violate criteria 3, 4, and 5 of the 5tate Constitution, namely, contiguousness , keeping Counties and Cities and Communities of Interests whole, and drawing compact districts.

The biggest violation of both criteria 3 and 5 are the districts crafted for the San Joaquin Valley where you have two Section 5 counties. In redistricting parlance, we talk about "dumb bell" districts. We aren't referring to the people who created the districts or the people who live in them, but the **shape** of the districts, where two large population centers are connected through miles of rural countryside.The idea is to optimize the percentage of whatever group you are advocating for.

Such a tactic actually backfires when people from the same race or party end up running against each other from the different population centers. They oftenl split the vote and candidates cana be elected who don't represent the values of the majority of the district.

It is far better to create compact districts in which people can work up the political ladder from City Council, and the Board of Supervisors, to the Assembly, Senate, and Congress.