

Subject: redistricting

From: Shelley salzman <[REDACTED]>

Date: Thu, 21 Jul 2011 00:04:02 -0700

To: [REDACTED]

We are asking you to create common sense districts. Justice demands that districts make sense rather than prefer special interest groups with loud voices to direct them on how to design the districts. Regards, Shelley Salzman

Subject: Redistricting:

From: [REDACTED]

Date: Thu, 21 Jul 2011 11:47:40 -0400

To: [REDACTED]

Thank you for your efforts on behalf of the residents of South County.

Your hard work has not gone unnoticed or unappreciated.

Thank you & God Bless.

Mel Brodsky

Subject: Unfair redistricting

From: [REDACTED]

Date: Thu, 21 Jul 2011 18:24:21 -0700 (PDT)

To: "[REDACTED]" <[REDACTED]> "[REDACTED]"
<[REDACTED]>

Please redistrict so that the urban areas are not combined with suburban areas. Please allow each area to have their own representation.

Joan Rickard
Math Tutor, Crafter
Walnut Creek, CA 94596

[REDACTED]

GENERAL

Richard Bloom

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Mayor Richard Bloom for State Assembly 2012: Fighting for our Future



RichardBloom.com

Subject: A FAIR FIGHT IN 2012!

From: "Jesse Tinoco (Palm GBU)" <[REDACTED]>

Date: Thu, 21 Jul 2011 04:04:51 -0700

To: "[REDACTED]" <[REDACTED]>

CC: "[REDACTED]" <[REDACTED]>

I DEMAND that you give the voters a level playing field and fair districts. We the voters want a competitive and impartial measure of Government that respects our communities.

Respectfully Yours,
Jesse Tinoco
San Leandro, CA.

[REDACTED]

Subject:

From: [REDACTED]

Date: Thu, 21 Jul 2011 09:31:49 -0400 (EDT)

To: [REDACTED]

why don't all you politicians get down to REAL business and quit your own agendas! Work for the people not for the politicians! We don't need to worry about the districting, there are much worse situations you need to deal with.

Chris Linowski

Be sure to Visit

[REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Subject: Best Assembly & Senate Redistricting Plans Improved

From: [REDACTED]

Date: Thu, 21 Jul 2011 13:57:39 -0700 (GMT-07:00)

To: "Office,Communications" <[REDACTED]>

Please find attached addition clarification and support for the most balanced plan for Northern California Assembly & Senate districts.

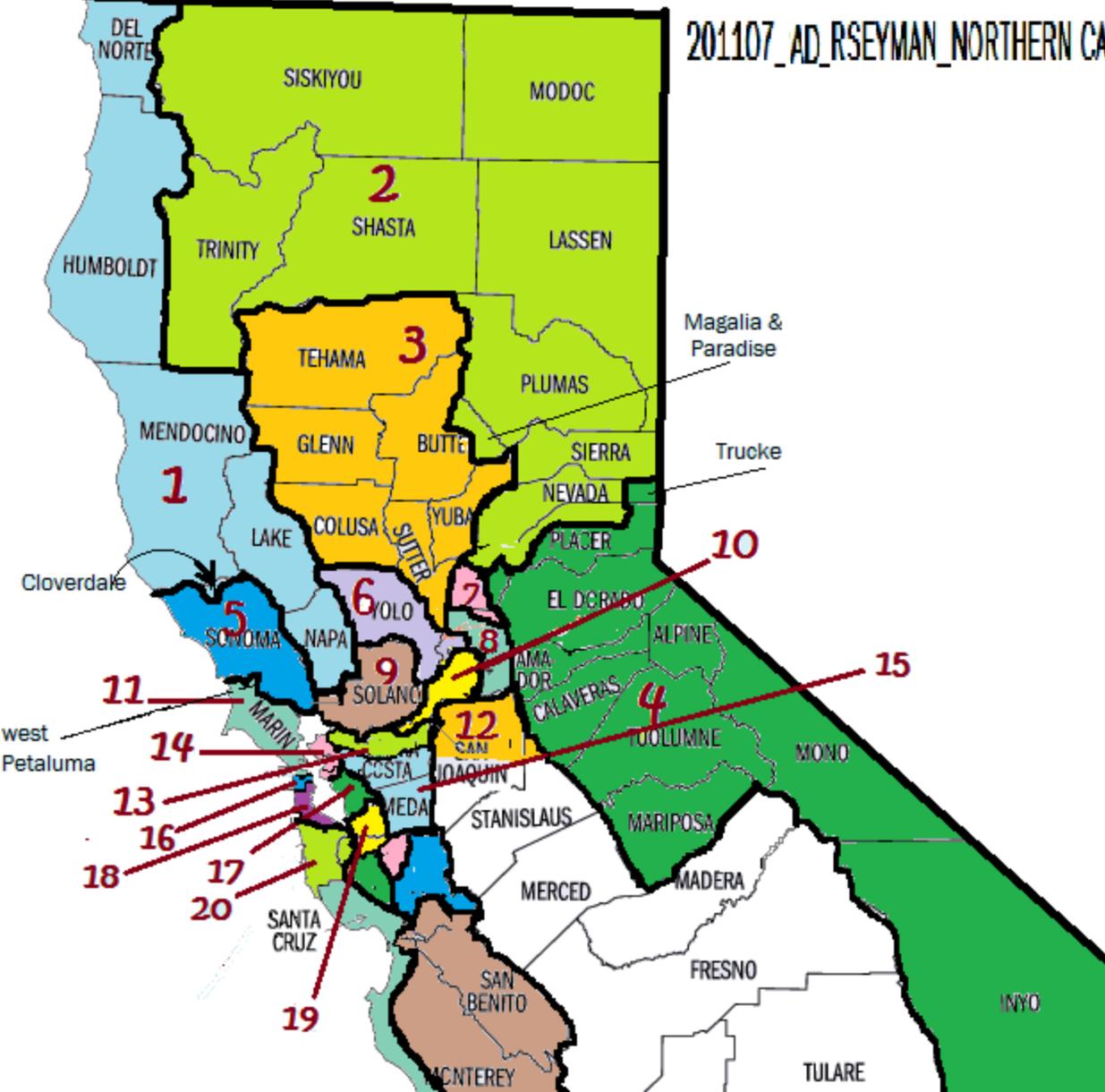
20110720_AD_RSeyman_NorthernCalifMapColorUpdate.pdf

—20110720_SD_RSeyman_NorthernCalifMapColorSenateDists.pdf

20110720_SD_RSeyman_NorthernCalifMapColorSenateDists.pdf

—20100720_SD_RSeyman_NorthCalifCountyCityPopulationsWithNewSenateDistrictsrevised.pdf

20100720_SD_RSeyman_NorthCalifCountyCityPopulationsWithNewSenateDistrictsrevised.pdf



20110720_SD_RSeyman_NorthernCalifCountyCityPopulationStats

- 1st Senate District= ADs 1 & 5
- 2nd Senate District= ADs 2 & 4
- 3rd Senate District= ADs 3 & 6
- 4th Senate District= ADs 7 & 8
- 5th Senate District= ADs 9 & 13

- 6th Senate District= ADs 10 & 12
- 7th Senate District= ADs 11 & 16
- 8th Senate District= ADs 14 & 17
- 9th Senate District= ADs 15 & 19
- 10th Senate District= ADs 18 & 20

Siskiyou-Sierra Region

Siskiyou-North Sierra District

Assembly District 2

Trinity County	13,786
Shasta County	177,223
Modoc County	9,686
Sierra County	3,240
Siskiyou County	44,900
Lassen County	34,895
Plumas County	20,007
Butte County	36,000
only Magalia & Paradise area	
Nevada County (w/o Truckee)	80,764
Placer County north -west & -central	43,000
	463,501

Sacramento Metro Region

Placer-Citrus Heights-Folsom District

Assembly District 7

Lincoln, Loomis & west Placer rural	57,000
Rocklin city	56,974
Roseville city	118,788
Folsom city	72,203
Granite Bay	19,388
Orangevale	33,960
Citrus Heights city	83,301
near Citrus Heights	10,000
Fair Oaks part	10,912
	462,526

Tahoe-South Sierra District

Assembly District 4

Nevada County east	18,000
Placer County east	73,000
El Dorado County	181,058
Amador County	38,091
Alpine County	1,175
Calaveras County	45,578
Tuolumne County	55,365
Mariposa County	18,251
Mono County	14,202
Inyo County	18,546
	463,266

Sacramento Valley Region

Assembly District 3

Tehama County	63,463
Butte County (w/o Paradise, Magalia)	182,000
Colusa County	21,419
Glenn County	28,122
Sutter County	94,737
Yuba County	72,155
	461,896

Sac Core- North Sac-Yolo District

Assembly District 6

Yolo County	200,849
Sac City District 1	106,729
Sac City District 2	52,975
Sac City District 3	50,645
Sac City District 4 north of Sutterville	20,000
Curtis Park	5355
Sac City Dist 6 north of 22nd Ave	23,000

* "District" = current city council district **459,553**

Sacramento Metro Region (continued)

South Sac-Elk Grove District

Assembly District 10

Sac City District 4* south of Sutterville	25,000
Sac City District 7	52,585
Sac City District 6 south of 22nd Ave	25,000
Sac City District 5 w/o Curtis Park	41,159
Sac City District 8	61,458
Fruitridge Manor Florin area	102,000
Elk Grove	153,015
	460,217

North Coast Region

North Coast-Napa District

Assembly District 1

Del Norte County	28,610
Humboldt County	134,623
Mendocino County	87,841
Lake County	64,665
Cloverdale (Sonoma County)	10,000
Napa County	136,484
	462,223

San Francisco Core District

Assembly District 16

San Francisco District 5*	20,000
San Francisco District 3	73,182
San Francisco District 4	73,182
San Francisco District 6, 7, 8 & 9	292,728
San Francisco District 10 north end	3,000
	462,092

East Sac Rancho Cordova District

Assembly District 8

Rancho Cordova city	64,776
gold river	7,812
Fair Oaks part	20,912
Arden Arcade	92,186
Carmichael	61,762
Foothill Farms	31,121
Antelope	45,770
North Highlands	42,694
Other north Sac County	18,000
Rosemont	22,681
La Riveria	10,801
Galt	23,640
East & South County	20,000
	462,155

Sonoma District

Assembly District 5

Sonoma County (w/o west Petaluma & Cloverdale areas)	463,878
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Marin-San Francisco District

Assembly District 11

West Petaluma	10,000
Marin County	252,409
San Francisco District 2*	73,182
San Francisco District 1	73,182
San Francisco District 5	53,182
	461,955

* "District" = current supervisorial district

San Francisco-San Mateo District

Assembly District 18

San Francisco District 10	70,182
San Francisco District 11	73,182
San Mateo north	320,000
	463,364

East Bay Area Region

North Contra Costa District

Assembly District 13

Antioch city	102,372
Brentwood city	51,481
Clayton city	10,897
Concord city	122,067
Oakley city	35,432
Pittsburg city	63,264
Walnut Creek city	64,173
Discovery Bay	13,352
	463,038

West Contra Costa- Alameda District

Assembly District 14

Richmond city	103,701
northwest Contra Costa	5004
(Crockett to Kensington)	150,750
Albany city	18,539
Berkeley city	112,580
Emeryville city	10,080
Oakland city north end	66,000
	362953

West Central Alameda District

Assembly District 17

Oakland city	325,724
Piedmont city	10,667
Alameda	73,812
San Leandro city north	52,000
	462,203

South San Mateo-west Santa Clara District

Assembly District 20

San Mateo south	300,000
Mountain View city	70,708
Palo Alto city	58,598
Los Altos city	27,693
Los Altos Hills	7,902
	464,901

Assembly District 12 north part of San Joaquin County

Solano District

Assembly District 9

Solano County	413,344
American Canyon city	19,454
Martinez city (most of)	30,824
	463,622

East Contra Costa-Alameda Distri

Assembly District 15

Castro Valley	61,388
Lafayette city	23,893
Moraga town	16,016
Orinda city	17,643
Pleasant Hill city	33,152
San Ramon city	72,148
Danville town	42,039
Livermore city	80,968
Dublin city	46,036
Pleasanton city	70,285
	463,568

Southwest Alameda District

Assembly District 19

Union City city	69,516
Newark city	42,573
Fremont city	214,089
Hayward city	104,186
San Leandro city	32,950
	463,314

ct

Subject: District numbering

From: "Kathay Feng" <[REDACTED]>

Date: Fri, 22 Jul 2011 02:15:53 -0400

To: "Miller, Kirk" <[REDACTED]> "Wilcox, Rob" <[REDACTED]>

<[REDACTED]>

CC: "Steven J. Reyes" <[REDACTED]> "Trudy Schafer" <[REDACTED]>

<[REDACTED]> "Zabrae Valentine" <[REDACTED]> "Malka Kopell"

<[REDACTED]>

Dear Citizen Redistricting Commissioners,

I am writing regarding the Commission's recent deliberations about how to number the districts. At the outset, let me say that in many areas, the drafters (including myself) had hoped to give the Commission general principles or direction, while leaving the Commission sufficient discretion to make pragmatic decisions. Your decision to rotate the Chair and Vice Chair positions is certainly an example of the kind of discretion that the Commission has exercised with surprisingly positive results. Similarly, we left some discretion to the Commission to number districts.

The language in the Constitution (as adopted in Prop. 11) on numbering was not substantively changed from the language prior to Prop. 11's passage.

The language prior to Prop 11's passage was:

Article XXI, Section 1, subsection (d): Districts of each type shall be numbered consecutively commencing at the northern boundary of the State and ending at the southern boundary.

The language after Prop 11's passage was:

Article XXI, Section 2, subsection (c): Congressional districts shall be numbered consecutively commencing at the northern boundary of the State and ending at the southern boundary.

Article XXI, Section 2, subsection (f): Districts for the Senate, Assembly, and State Board of Equalization shall be numbered consecutively commencing at the northern boundary of the State and ending at the southern boundary.

The language after Prop 20's passage is:

Article XXI, Section 2, subsection (f): Districts for the Congress, Senate, Assembly, and State Board of Equalization shall be numbered consecutively commencing at the northern boundary of the State and ending at the southern boundary.

In drafting this language, we were primarily concerned with following the past practice of numbering the districts generally from north to south. There is nothing in the language or the drafters' intent that precludes the Citizens Redistricting Commission from considering methodologies that might minimize the deferral of representation of voters, so long as it is not in conflict with other general principles.

We understand that the Commission is considering approaches that try to minimize deferral of voters.

Assigning districts with a large proportion of voters who used to live in odd-numbered districts with odd numbers, and assigning even numbers in a similar manner appears to be a logical approach of ensuring the least number of voters falls into the cracks. Matching odd to odd and even to even does not necessitate trying to match the numbers exactly. That is, if a majority of people in a new district had been in a district numbered 5, you may choose to assign an odd number to the district, but based on its geographical location relative to other districts, now number the district 7.

To the extent that the Commission can follow this general principle of matching odds with odds and evens with evens, without disrupting the general flow of numbering from north to south, we think this is a practical solution. The Commission may also want to consider the impact of deferring populations in districts drawn to comply with the Voting Rights Act.

In dashing this letter off to you, I have had an opportunity to quickly check in with several of the other key drafters and proponents, including Steve Reyes, Trudy Schafer and Chris Carson of the League of Women Voters of California, and Zabrae Valentine and Malka Kopell of California Forward. I hope these thoughts are helpful in providing some guidance to the Commission.

Sincerely,

Kathay Feng
Executive Director
California Common Cause

Subject: Please post this Memo

From: david salaverry <[REDACTED]>

Date: Thu, 21 Jul 2011 18:42:41 -0700

To: "Office, Communications" <[REDACTED]>

Thank you!

--

David Salaverry

[REDACTED]

CCAG, California Conservative Action Group

www.fairthelines.org

Memo to Commission, re Litigation Counsel.pdf

California Conservative Action Group

██████████ Albany, CA 94706

MEMO

To: Citizens Redistricting Commission

From: David Salaverry, CCAG

RE: Selection of Litigation Counsel

Date: July 17, 2011

Morrison & Forstner is a poor choice of litigation attorneys. The firm has a reputation for partisanship, it is not politically balanced. If you check contributions by staff and partners, you will find a high percentage of donations to Democrats. One prominent MoFo attorney, Mr. Tony West was active as a fundraiser for Barack Obama and was earlier connected to Ron Dellums. He then moved to the Department of Justice to head 750 Civil Division lawyers, and is married to the sister of Kamela Harris according to newspaper reports.

Two attorney options is not enough, nor is a two commissioner team tasked to cull the firms and make a strong recommendation that twelve of you rely upon. In the course of the public hearings and line drawing process, it has become obvious that Gibson, Dunn and Mr. Brown was *not* a good choice. A letter from the AARC, African American Redistricting Coalition cited chapter and verse as to Mr. Brown's incompetence. Others have weighed in similarly.

Likewise, Morrison & Forster has little voting rights or election law experience. The firm's excitement about representing the Commission does not seem a compelling reason for the hire as it may be due in part to approval of maps which Time Magazine said recently favor Democrats, rather than idealistic support of citizen redistricting. The firm, like Gibson, is expensive, charging \$800 to \$1,000 hourly for partners.

Given your discussion of the six million dollar cost to Arizona to defend 40 maps in a state with a population of seven million, can the taxpayers of California expect a final bill in multiples of that cost? Would a \$24 million dollar fee to MoFo be appropriate given our budget crisis? And would a similar fee to Gibson, whose errors you will need to defensibly litigate be appropriate?

Regards,



David Salaverry

CCAG, California Conservative Action Group

www.fairthelines.org

Subject: PUBLIC COMMENT -- Meetings past 8/15/2011

From: James Wright <[REDACTED]>

Date: Thu, 21 Jul 2011 17:33:23 -0700 (PDT)

To: [REDACTED]

Commissioners,

I feel that it is essential that your future meetings be both video recorded AND live-streamed over the internet.

You cannot afford to close out the public after handling matters in the truley open and above-board manner you have to-date.

Transcription might be handled with a voice to print computer program.

Jim Wright

a voter from San Jose

Subject: Public Comment: General Comment

From: Amy Wall <[REDACTED]>

Date: Thu, 21 Jul 2011 16:42:10 +0000

To: [REDACTED]

From: Amy Wall <[REDACTED]>
Subject: Timeline for new Districts

Message Body:

Hello,

I am helping organize our association's Legislative Action Day in March 2012. We generally give participants district-specific association data sheets and need to know when the new districts go into effect.

Do the new districts start when there is an election, if so, how does that work when 80 Assembly seats will be up in 2012, plus half of the 40 Senate seats, with the remainder on the ballot in 2014? Or is there a calendar year date where they go into effect? I can't seem to find the answer online anywhere.

Thank you for your help,

Amy

--

This mail is sent via contact form on Citizens Redistricting Commission

Subject: Public Comment: General Comment

From: Graham Crowe <[REDACTED]>

Date: Thu, 21 Jul 2011 20:01:55 +0000

To: [REDACTED]

From: Graham Crowe <[REDACTED]>

Subject: City Splits

Message Body:

Dear Redistricting Commission,

It is understandable that some cities will need to be split in a particular map for population reasons. However, to split smaller cities in multiple maps should be avoided when possible. Following is a partial list of cities under 150,000 in population that are or may be split in multiple maps:

Torrance (145,438 pop.)

Orange (136,416)

Simi Valley (124,237)

Santa Clara (116,468)

El Monte (113,475)

San Leandro (84,950)

Menlo Park (32,026)

South El Monte (20,116)

Tiny South El Monte was apparently split in order to obtain 1 or 2 CVAP points.

During the street level line drawing process, it would be good if the commission would do its best to ensure no smaller city is split in more than one map. To facilitate this, it would be helpful for Q2 to provide a file documenting which cities are currently split in the latest visualizations.

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This mail is sent via contact form on Citizens Redistricting Commission

Subject: Public Comment: General Comment

From: Steven <[REDACTED]>

Date: Thu, 21 Jul 2011 23:52:05 +0000

To: [REDACTED]

From: Steven <[REDACTED]>

Subject: Latino Representation

Message Body:

Why is loretta sanchez being hurt by this process. it looks like there is a strong republican commissioner who wants to weaken chicano voting rights?

s

--

This mail is sent via contact form on Citizens Redistricting Commission



Dear Friends:

Today, I have introduced a proposed state Constitutional Amendment to allow a majority of the Legislature to place a tax measure on the ballot for passage by a majority of the voters.

The measure, SCA 15, which I have named, "The Taxpayer Right to Vote Act," would *not* replace the existing two-thirds requirement to pass taxes. Instead, it would create an *alternative* to it. It would allow a "double majority" to adopt taxes: a majority vote of the Legislature and a majority vote of the people.

This is a common-sense proposal to help break the gridlock that is still gripping Sacramento. We spent the past six months in fruitless negotiations with Republicans that went nowhere. Now, many of the public institutions that once made our state great and provided opportunities for our citizens are in grave jeopardy. Voters should have the right to decide if they want to pay for teachers in the classroom and police on the streets.

The need to provide the revenue for vital services that are important to the well-being of Californians should not be held hostage – as it has repeatedly been in past years – by a small minority of legislators unwilling to compromise and who are blinded by narrow ideological agendas.

This Constitutional Amendment is another attempt to reform state government and make it more responsive to the people. It does *not* make it easier to raise taxes by removing the two-thirds vote requirement. It simply creates a viable alternative to legislative gridlock.

Last year, I proposed a Constitutional Amendment to create a majority-vote budget. That bill was the precursor and the model for the successful Proposition 25, which was approved by a wide margin in the November 2010 General Election. My new Constitutional Amendment is a natural follow-up to the success of Proposition 25, which created a majority-vote budget process.

It is critically important that we continue to move forward in creating ways to improve our governmental processes and ensure that we have the resources available to rebuild our state. My proposed legislation will do that by placing more crucial decisions about California's future in the hands of the people who matter most – you, the voter. I ask for your assistance in making this possible as we find more ways to ensure a bright future for not only ourselves, but for generations to follow.

*operational 127 - 8/3K
 20-30 (Cher, Cam
 careers job*

Sincerely,

Loni Hancock

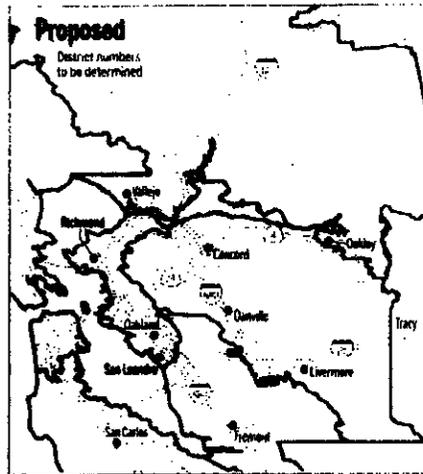
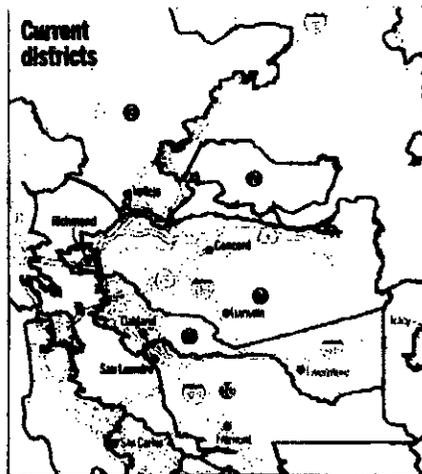
STATE SENATE DISTRICTS

Current representatives

- ① Noreen Evans ⑥ Lori Hancock
- ② Mark DeSaulnier ⑦ Ellen Corbett

All members are Democrats

The Tri-Valley would experience the biggest change in the East Bay, with the exchange of two senators based in western Alameda County for a single Contra Costa centric representative. **Oakley** would become the westernmost edge of a new San Joaquin Solano Senate district. **Pinole** and **Hercules** would move into western Contra Costa and Alameda County-centric districts.

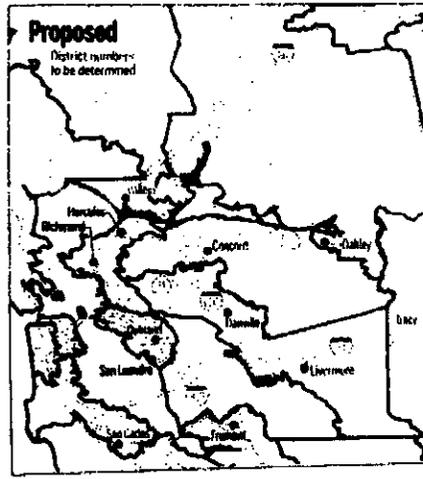
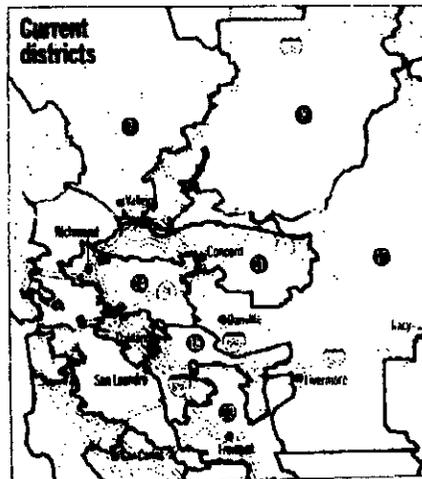


Assembly districts

Current representatives All members are Democrats:

- ① Michael Allen ④ Nancy Skinner ⑦ Mary Hayashi
- ② Mariko Yamada ⑤ J. Buchanan ⑧ B. Wieckowski
- ③ Susan Bonilla ⑥ S. Swanson

As with the Congress and state Senate districts, the **Tri-Valley** would be the most significantly altered under the draft maps. It would exchange three Assembly members for one, whose district would stretch down the **Interstate 680 corridor** through Contra Costa County and spread into eastern Alameda County. **Oakley** would split away from Contra Costa County's district and join a new San Joaquin County Assembly district.



U.S. House districts

Current representatives

- ① George Miller ⑤ John Garamendi
- ② Nancy Pelosi ⑥ Jerry McNerney
- ③ Barbara Lee ⑦ Pete Stark

All members are Democrats.

Several East Bay congressional districts would see substantial shifts under the draft maps, particularly in the **Tri-Valley**, where one representative will serve the region instead of the current three. **Lamarinda** will join the 7th District. **Richmond** becomes part of the 9th District. **Pinole** and **Hercules** would break away from a Contra Costa congressional district into a Solano-based region. And **Antioch** becomes the westernmost anchor of a new San Joaquin County district.

